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NIRB Application for Screening #125296

Impacts of Wastewater at Baker Lake

Application Type: New
Project Type: Scientific Research
Application Date: 3/20/2018 5:22:33 PM
Period of operation: from 0001-01-01 to 0001-01-01
Proposed Authorization: from 0001-01-01 to 0001-01-01
Project Proponent: Charles S Wong
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DETAILS

Non-technical project proposal description

English: Please see attached document.
French: N/A
Inuktitut: Please see attached document.
Inuinnaqtun: N/A

Personnel

Personnel on site: 2
Days on site: 25
Total Person days: 50
Operations Phase: from 2018-05-21 to 2020-05-21

Activities

Activities

Location	Activity Type	Land Status	Site history	Site archaeological or paleontological value	Proximity to the nearest communities and any protected areas
Upstream background site	Sampling sites	Municipal	There are two small freshwater lakes hydrologically upstream of the sewage lagoon, that we would sample as reference to characterize ambient water quality.	None known.	These lakes are just northwest of the sewage lagoon.
Wastewater lagoon	Sampling sites	Municipal	This is the sewage lagoon, with a maximum depth of approximately 1.5 m, servicing the hamlet of Baker Lake. Wastewater has been deposited here regularly by pump trucks for 30+ years. The water is frozen throughout the winter, and thaws in spring to run downstream.	None known.	The site is approximately 1 km north of the hamlet of Baker Lake.
Airplane Lake inflow	Sampling sites	Municipal	Airplane Lake receives runoff through channels that run southeast from Finger Lake for 1000 m before emptying into the northwest corner of Airplane Lake. This channel is rocky and covered in ice-free months with a thick layer of algae. Water quality at this point must comply with effluent criteria as per the hamlet's wastewater discharge license.	None known.	The inflow of Airplane Lake is approximately 1000 m downstream of the outflow of Finger Lake.
Airplane Lake outflow	Sampling sites	Municipal	The outflow of Airplane Lake is at the southeast corner, where it feeds Garbage Creek.	None known.	This site is approximately 300 m south of the inflow of water from Finger Lake to Airplane Lake.
Wastewater inflow to Baker Lake	Sampling sites	Municipal	This is the site at which lagoon wastewater enters Baker Lake. It is connected to Airplane Lake through Garbage Creek, a 1300 m rocky creek with algal growth and thick vegetation in the form of sedges upstream	None known.	This site is approximately 2 km east of the hamlet.

			and shrubs downstream near Baker Lake itself. Water flow is fast, wide, and turbulent.		
Baker Lake receiving water	Sampling sites	Municipal	Sampling at Baker Lake itself would be done to evaluate wastewater impacts. Previous consultant work in 2007 have suggested that elevated metals levels at offshore points may not necessarily be from sewage discharges, but from other sources within the hamlet.	None known.	The area within Baker Lake offshore of the hamlet.
Shoreline Baker Lake (drinking water intake)	Sampling sites	Municipal	The hamlet's drinking water intake is approximately 120 m offshore, and at 5-6 m depth. Water is treated by membrane filtration before use. Previous consulting work in 2007 suggested that wastewater discharges from the lagoon were unlikely to affect the drinking water supply, but could not rule out this possibility. Sampling work here would near this site (e.g., at least 50 m away) to avoid interference or contamination of the drinking water source.	None known.	The drinking water intake is approximately 120 m offshore from the hamlet.
Finger Lake outflow	Sampling sites	Municipal	Finger Lake covers about 7.4 ha and averages 1.4 m in depth. During spring and summer, wastewater flows from the lagoon, through a small wetland, and into Finger Lake. The hamlet's solid waste disposal facility, which accepts both municipal and hazardous waste, is upstream of this site. Runoff from the solid waste facility has been observed to discharge into Finger Lake and influence metal concentrations downstream, as noted by a consultant (Numani Jacques Whitford Ltd.) in	None known.	The outflow of Finger Lake is approximately 500 m east and downstream of the inflow.

			2007.		
Finger Lake inflow	Sampling sites	Municipal	Finger Lake covers about 7.4 ha and averages 1.4 m in depth. During spring and summer, wastewater flows from the lagoon, through a small wetland, and into Finger Lake. The hamlet's solid waste disposal facility, which accepts both municipal and hazardous waste, is upstream of this site. Runoff from the solid waste facility has been observed to discharge into Finger Lake and influence metal concentrations downstream, as noted by a consultant (Numani Jacques Whitford Ltd.) in 2007.	None known.	The inflow point of Finger Lake is approximately 500 m downstream and east of the sewage lagoon.

Community Involvement & Regional Benefits

Community	Name	Organization	Date Contacted
Baker Lake	Sheldon Dorey, Senior Administrative Officer	Hamlet Council, Hamlet of Baker Lake	2017-09-25
Baker Lake	Leilan Baxter	Agnico Eagle Mines Limited	2017-09-18

Authorizations

Indicate the areas in which the project is located

Authorizations

Regulatory Authority	Authorization Description	Current Status	Date Issued / Applied	Expiry Date
Nunavut Research Institute	An NRI Water and Land Research Application is being prepared.	Not Yet Applied		

Project transportation types

Transportation Type	Quantity	Proposed Use	Length of Use
Air	0	Air transportation of personnel by sampling via regular charter flights to and from Baker Lake	
Water	0	A small boat would be used to access offshore sampling sites.	
Land	0	A pickup truck would be used to access onshore sampling sites.	

Project accomodation types

Community

Material Use

Equipment to be used (including drills, pumps, aircraft, vehicles, etc)

Equipment Type	Quantity	Size - Dimensions	Proposed Use
boat	1	< 20'	A small boat would be used to carry sampling equipment, including samplers, to offshore sites.
passive samplers	9	20 cm diameter x 30 cm length	Passive water samplers will be deployed at sites for up to 3 weeks each, during the sampling season. These require no power to operate, and would be deployed by cable attached to fixed points on shore (e.g., poles or existing structures) or buoys if offshore. All equipment will be removed at the end of the field season.
current meters	6	10 cm	We will be measuring stream flow downstream of the existing wastewater treatment plant using portable current meters. Water level loggers (10 cm in size) will be deployed in the stream beds in-stream for the season, to monitor water flow continuously, and removed at the end of the summer.
Hydraulic tracer testing	1	1 L	Hydraulic tracer tests may be conducted in the wastewater treatment system, using a small amount of non-reactive and non-toxic soluble dye tracer. This is to characterize water retention time in the wastewater treatment system, and ascertain flow directions.
Quadrats	1	1 m ²	Quadrats will be used to characterize vegetation and wetland presence in the vicinity of the existing wastewater treatment system and reference site. This will involve transecting the tundra on foot, placing a temporary 1 m x 1 m PVC quadrat on the ground surface, and taking photographs, and at times collecting small soil samples (<500 g).
truck	1	standard size pickup truck	A pickup truck or similar vehicle would be used to carry sampling equipment to onshore sites.
primary productivity measures	9	1 m ²	These consist of sealed bottles with known algal and nutrient compositions, and would be deployed on site to measure algal productivity. They would be removed after measurements are done.

Detail Fuel and Hazardous Material Use

Detail fuel	Fuel Type	Number of	Container	Total Amount	Units	Proposed Use
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material use:		containers	Capacity			
Diesel	fuel	1	50	50	Liters	Diesel fuel for the small boat listed above. Estimated maximum amount used for sampling work during the season.
Gasoline	fuel	1	100	100	Liters	Gasoline for the sampling truck listed above. Estimated maximum amount used for sampling work during the season.

Water Consumption

Daily amount (m3)	Proposed water retrieval methods	Proposed water retrieval location
1	We will be sampling water and wastewater at the locations indicated. Total sampling will be approximately 1 L/day per site (i.e., far less than the 1 m3 minimum value for Daily Amount).	Water sampled will be at the locations indicated on the map.

Waste

Waste Management

Project Activity	Type of Waste	Projected Amount Generated	Method of Disposal	Additional treatment procedures
Sampling sites	Non-Combustible wastes	< 10 L total	landfill	None necessary. These would be small amounts of waste products associated with consumable supplies for sampling (e.g., plastic wrap that seals sterile media used for collecting samples for bacterial DNA analysis), and can be disposed as regular trash.

Environmental Impacts:

There are no negative environmental impacts of the proposed work. Sampling will be of very small amounts of water (mostly wastewater) and soil. We will use a non-toxic, water-soluble dye added to the sewage lagoon to trace the path of wastewater; this is commonly done for water flow studies and is not expected to have any environmental impact. This work should provide a net positive impact on the community, as we will seek help as applicable from local residents in sampling (e.g., hiring boats for offshore work). In a more general sense, this work will provide information useful for potential future upgrades to waste treatment at Baker Lake, and thus improved human health.

Additional Information

SECTION A1: Project Info

SECTION A2: Allweather Road

SECTION A3: Winter Road

SECTION B1: Project Info

SECTION B2: Exploration Activity

SECTION B3: Geosciences

SECTION B4: Drilling

SECTION B5: Stripping

SECTION B6: Underground Activity

SECTION B7: Waste Rock

SECTION B8: Stockpiles

SECTION B9: Mine Development

SECTION B10: Geology

SECTION B11: Mine

SECTION B12: Mill

SECTION C1: Pits

SECTION D1: Facility

SECTION D2: Facility Construction

SECTION D3: Facility Operation

SECTION D4: Vessel Use

SECTION E1: Offshore Survey

SECTION E2: Nearshore Survey

SECTION E3: Vessel Use

SECTION F1: Site Cleanup

SECTION G1: Well Authorization

SECTION G2: Onland Exploration

SECTION G3: Offshore Exploration

SECTION G4: Rig

SECTION H1: Vessel Use

SECTION H2: Disposal At Sea

SECTION I1: Municipal Development

Description of Existing Environment: Physical Environment

The hamlet of Baker Lake is on the northern shore of Baker Lake, a large freshwater lake. The area is in a zone of continuous permafrost, with bedrock exposed in many areas. Surficial soils are characterized by silty sand and silty clays overlying boulder till, beach deposits, and reworked till. The Thelon River connects the Lake to upstream catchments and inlets into Baker Lake 11 km west of the hamlet.

Description of Existing Environment: Biological Environment

Vegetation in Baker Lake is characterized by low-lying mosses, sedges, lichens, shrubs, and willows. These are contained in the wetland area downstream of the sewage lagoon. The waters in the lagoon and wetland are enriched with algae from sewage nutrients.

Description of Existing Environment: Socio-economic Environment

Baker Lake has a population of approximately 2,069. Drinking water comes from the Lake, approximately 120 m from the shoreline at 5-6 m depth below the surface. This water is treated with membrane filtration before use. Municipal wastewater is stored in holding tanks of individual buildings, then collected by pump trucks for discharge into the lagoon.

Miscellaneous Project Information

Identification of Impacts and Proposed Mitigation Measures

Impacts on the existing physical and biological environment will be minimal. Small amounts of water and wastewater will be sampled. We will deploy sampling equipment onshore and offshore by attachment to fixed points to prevent them from being washed away (e.g., existing fences or posts as applicable onshore, buoys offshore). Any posts and such put up for sampling would be removed at the end of the sampling season.

Cumulative Effects

None expected.

Impacts

Identification of Environmental Impacts

Construction																								
-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Operation																								
Sampling sites		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-		P	-	-	-	-
Decommissioning																								
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(P = Positive, N = Negative and non-mitigatable, M = Negative and mitigatable, U = Unknown)