

APPENDIX 29-13. ROAD MANAGEMENT PLAN



AGNICO EAGLE

MELIADINE GOLD MINE

ROADS MANAGEMENT PLAN

MARCH 2025

VERSION 11

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Agnico Eagle Mines Limited (Agnico Eagle) operates the Meliadine Gold Mine (Mine), located approximately 25 kilometres (km) north of Rankin Inlet, and 80 km southwest of Chesterfield Inlet in the Kivalliq Region of Nunavut. The Mine is located within the Meliadine Lake watershed of the Wilson Water Management Area (Nunavut Water Regulations Schedule 4).

The Roads Management Plan includes access, service, and haul roads within the Mine area, and covers construction, operations, closure and post-closure phases of the Meliadine Mine. Roads outside the mine area include:

1. A 30 km All-weather Access Road (AWAR) from Rankin Inlet to the mine site. The AWAR is used to transport the building materials, construction/mining equipment, fuel, reagents, supplies, workers, and contractors to the mine site. This road is operated with controlled public access providing rules of the road are observed.
2. A 5.9 km Bypass Road around the Hamlet of Rankin Inlet from the Rankin Inlet Itivia land-based facilities (Itivia) to the AWAR. This road is closed to public use.

A manned gate is located on the south side of the AWAR at km 12 to control public access to the mine site. The road is closed during periods of bad weather, in the event of a road accident, during periods of major road maintenance, and, during caribou migration.

This Plan presents mitigation measures and protocols to be implemented during operations to preserve wildlife, to prevent permafrost degradation, to control surface runoff and sedimentation, and to mitigate dust. Agnico Eagle has put in place operational procedures for daily operation and maintenance of the roads including dust suppression methods, snow removal, de-icing and snow drifts/banks management, and snow management at bridges and culverts.

Protocols for accidents and anticipated use of police services are presented within the Plan. Agnico Eagle has procedures in place and will keep resources close-at-hand to respond to emergencies on the roads in a timely manner. Agnico Eagle also reports all reportable incidents to the appropriate Government authorities.

Reclamation of the access, service and haul roads will follow the completion of all mining. For a third party to take over the road(s), that third party would have to complete its own arrangements with the landowner (the Kivalliq Inuit Association and/or the Hamlet) and then complete its own environmental assessment and permitting process covering future use.

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Version	Date	Section	Page	Revision	Author
1	September 2012			First draft of the Roads Management Plan	John Witteman, Env. Consultant, Agnico Eagle
2	March 2013	6.4	17	Additions made throughout the Plan Addition of Section 6.4	John Witteman, Env. Consultant, Agnico Eagle
3	April 2014	1.2.1	4	Added IQ box	Larry Connell, Corp.
		1.2.5	6-7	Details on snowmobile trails	Dir. Reg. Affairs,
			8	Added new Figure 1-2 (Itivia)	Agnico Eagle
		2.2	12-14	Update including <i>Navigation Protection Act</i>	
		4	17	Added details on consultation wrt road mgmt.	
		6.1	20	and use	
		6.5	23	Details on emergency reporting	
		6.6	24	Territorial Park	
		7.1	25-26	Periodic survey of road use	
		7.2.1	28	Section on sedimentation control	
		7.3	29	Protection of archaeological sites	
		8.2	34	Meadowbank experience wrt winter maintenance	
		App. C		Role of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police (RCMP)	John Witteman, Env. Consultant, Agnico Eagle
				New Appendix: Dust Management Plan	
4	April 2015			Complete plan update based on Feasibility Study and NIRB Conditions for the Water Licence Application	John Witteman, Env. Consultant, Agnico Eagle
5	March 2017			General review of the plan	Environment Department, Agnico Eagle Mines
6	March 2018			Update plan based on NIRB requests	Environment and E&I Departments, Agnico Eagle Mines

7	March 2019	1.2.3, 6.4 6.1 10 1.1 10.1	3 23, 24 20,21 42 1 39-40	<p>-General review/update of the plan reflecting production phase.</p> <p>-Updated Appendix A</p> <p>-Added information about trucking of treated saline water to Itivia.</p> <p>Traffic Management update</p> <p>Updated information on bypass road</p> <p>Removed mine plan from introduction as it is non-essential to the Roads Management Plan</p> <p>Updated with AWAR closure during Caribou migration</p>	Terry Ternes, Sean Arruda, Bethany Hodgins, Environment Department, Agnico Eagle Mines
8	December 2019	1.2 1.2.3 2.2 4 6.4	1 4 11-12 15 24-25	<p>Updated strategy for conveying saline water to Itivia</p> <p>Updated the estimate saline truck quantity</p> <p>References to the Amendments to the <i>Canadian Navigable Waters Act</i> that came into force August 28th 2019</p> <p>The agreement signed between Agnico Eagle and the KHTO</p> <p>Adjusted number for the increased volume of saline water discharge</p>	Environment Department, Agnico Eagle Mines
9	March 2022	6.5		Updated to address the revised Term and Condition 125, per Project Certificate Amendment 002	Permitting Department, Agnico Eagle

9_NWB	January 2024	A yellow arrow in the right-hand margin indicates where updates have been made 		Submitted to Nunavut Water Board as part of the Meliadine Mine Water Licence Amendment.	Permitting Department
10	March 2024	All		General update Revised (simplified) executive summary	Environment Department, Agnico Eagle
		1.2		Simplified section to avoid repetition.	
		4		Moved some of the information in Appendix A, removed previous sections 4.1 and 4.2	
		6.3		Updated to reflect current operational procedures	
		6.4		Removed reference to discharge to sea via trucking	
		7, 7.2.4		Added requirement to conduct assessment of fish passage prior to installing culverts	
		7.3		Updated to add the use of snow fences for snow management	
		8		Minor updates to reflect current operational status	
		8-1		Addition of non-reflective delineators for identification of the waterline in road signage	
		10		Removed repetitive information that can be found in the TEMMP.	
		11		Removed repetitive information that can be found in the ICRP Removed Appendix C	
11	March 2025	1.1 1.2.1	1,3 4	Merging V9_NWB of January 2024 and V10 of March 2024	Environment Department, Agnico Eagle

ACRONYMS

Agnico Eagle	Agnico Eagle Mines Limited
ARD/ML	Acid Rock Drainage/Metal Leaching
ATV	All-Terrain Vehicle
AWAR	All-weather Access Road
CGS	Department of Community and Government Services, Government of Nunavut
DFO	Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada
ERT	Emergency Response Team
E&I	Energy and Infrastructure department
FEIS	Final Environmental Impact Statement
GN	Government of Nunavut
HTO	Hunters and Trappers' Organization
ICRP	Interim Closure and Reclamation Plan
INAC	Indigenous and Northern Affairs Canada
IOL	Inuit Owned Lands
IQ	Inuit Qaujimajatuqangit
KivIA	Kivalliq Inuit Association
MDAG	Multidisciplinary Advisory Group
MoU	Memorandum of Understanding
NIRB	Nunavut Impact Review Board
NLCA	Nunavut Land Claims Agreement
NTI	Nunavut Tunngavik Incorporated
NU	Nunavut
NWB	Nunavut Water Board
RCMP	Royal Canadian Mounted Police
TEMMP	Terrestrial Environment Management and Monitoring Plan
TK	Traditional Knowledge

UNITS

km	kilometre
m	metre

SECTION 1 • INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Description

Agnico Eagle Mines Limited (Agnico Eagle) operates the Meliadine Gold Mine (Mine), located approximately 25 kilometres (km) north of Rankin Inlet, and 80 km southwest of Chesterfield Inlet in the Kivalliq Region of Nunavut.

Figure 1-1 provides an overview of the Mine access road network. There is presently a controlled access All-weather Access Road (AWAR) between the mine site and Rankin Inlet (constructed in 2013/2014). A Bypass Road was built around the Itivia site and links to the AWAR outside of Rankin Inlet. The remote location of the Mine necessitates that access, service, and haul roads be built to support the development of the mine.

The Meliadine Mine plan includes open pit mining and underground operation of the Tiriganiaq deposit, and open pit mining of F Zone, Wesmeg, Pump, and Discovery deposits.

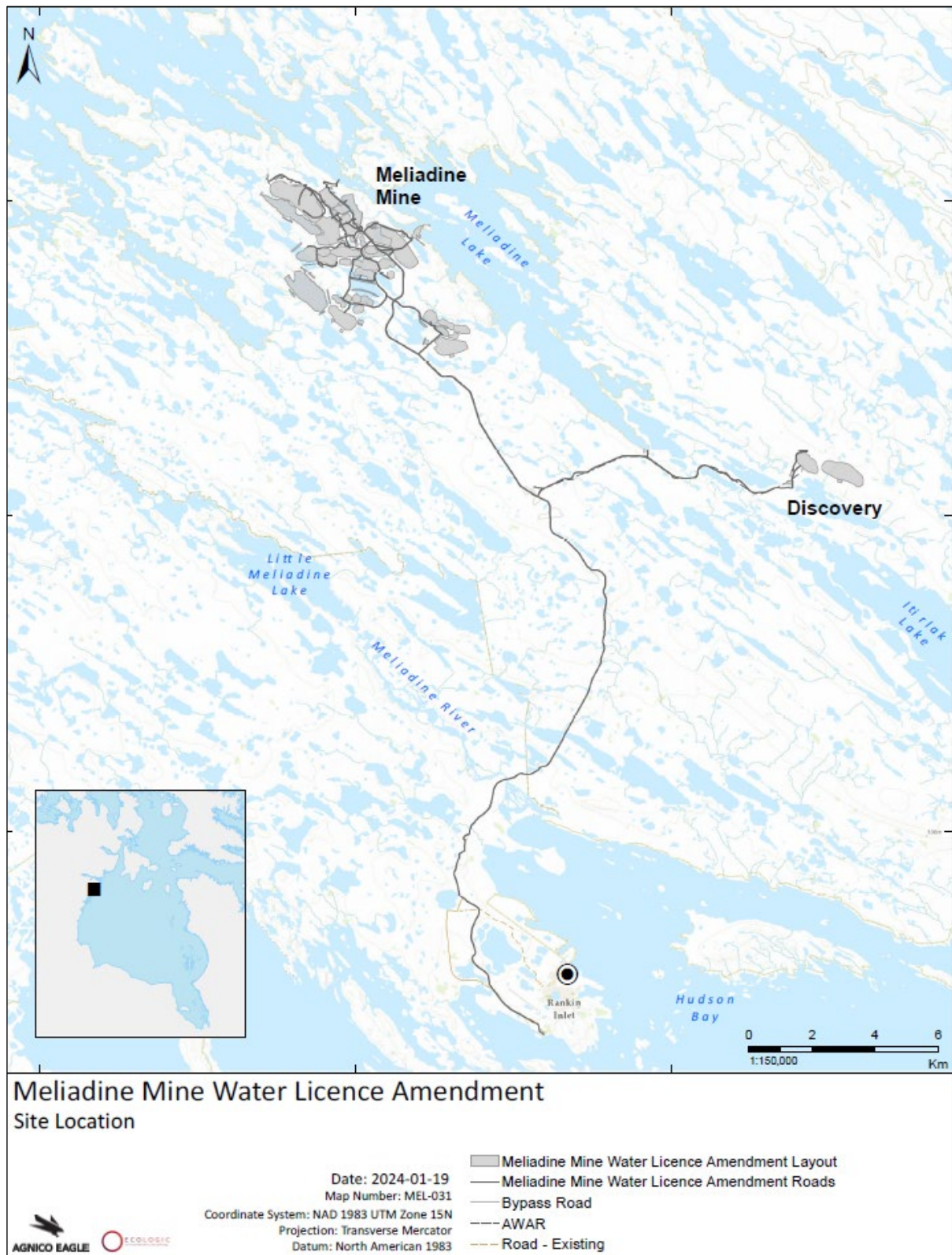
The following other structures and facilities are part of the Meliadine Mine site:

- Tailings storage facility (TSF) consisting of dry stack tailings;
- Overburden/waste rock/ore storage facilities;
- Process Plant site and ancillary facilities;
- Storage areas;
- Fuel tanks holding up to 9 million litres;
- Quarries and granular borrow pits;
- Water management facilities;
- All-weather access, Bypass, service and haul roads;
- Incinerators;
- Landfarm for petroleum hydrocarbon contaminated soils and snow/ice; and
- Industrial waste landfill.

The following structures and facilities are located in Rankin Inlet:

- Spud barge located at Itivia and serving as a dock;
- Oil Handling Facility at Itivia holding up to 47 million litres of diesel;
- Laydown yard at Itivia;
- 5.9 km Bypass Road around the community;
- Two kilometres of the AWAR located on municipal land;
- Bridges over the Char and Meliadine Rivers on municipal land; and
- Reclaimed rock quarry (R19) on municipal land.

Figure 1-1 Meliadine AWAR and Bypass Road



1.2 Roads

1.2.1 All-weather Access Road

The AWAR, as shown on Figure 1-1, connects Rankin Inlet to the mine site. The route was selected following consultation with the Inuit. The AWAR is a 30 km private road built with a 6.5 m running surface between the Char River bridge turn-off and the mine site, and has passing turnouts approximately every 400 ± 50 m (9.5 m total road width at passing turnouts), to allow vehicles to pass each other when travelling in opposite directions.

There is a year-round manned gate at KM 12 to control access to the AWAR. As per the rules of the road, road users are required to stop/radio call at the gatehouse to tell the dispatch their name, number of passengers, type of vehicle being used. The road is closed during periods of bad weather, in the event of a road accident, during periods of major road maintenance and, during caribou migration. Road closures are communicated to the public via Facebook posts and on the AEM Nunavut website.

Construction of the waterline has commenced and will run adjacent the AWAR to convey treated saline water to Itivia Harbour.

The road to the Discovery deposit is approved and will be built so as to ensure that no contact can occur between haul trucks and vehicles on the access roads. The public will have access to a boat launch located at the southeast corner of Meliadine Lake. Signage will be installed along with warning signs requiring light vehicles to give way to the mine haul trucks.

1.2.2 Rankin Inlet Bypass Road

A Bypass Road was completed in 2018 and is built around the south of the airstrip to Itivia as shown on Figure 1-1. Its design and width are identical to the AWAR (6.5 m). The Bypass Road is approximately 5.9 km long and allows traffic from Itivia to bypass the Hamlet in delivering materials and fuel to the mine site. By building the Bypass Road, use of municipal roads by Agnico Eagle is kept to a minimum. The Bypass Road is closed to the public.

Material is also transported from the Mine site to Itivia for transport south by sea, including hazardous materials and other wastes that require shipment to the south.

From 2019 to 2021, Agnico Eagle transported treated saline effluent to the Itivia area for discharge to sea in Melvin Bay. This resulted in an increased amount of traffic on both the AWAR and the Bypass Road. The suspension of continuous hauling operation followed the approval of the waterline to discharge to sea under the Amendment 002 of the NIRB Project Certificate No. 006, issued on March 2nd, 2022. More information can be found in the Groundwater Management Plan.

1.2.3 Traditional ATV and Snowmobile Trails

The building of roads and the infrastructure at Itivia impacts existing ATV and snowmobile trails. Where these trails cross a road, a ramp has been constructed to ease road crossing, and signage is in place to alert road users of the crossing. Similarly, there are signs alerting ATVs and snowmobiles when approaching a road. The same measures will be put into place to alert users of the waterlines along the ditch and crossing locations over the waterlines. Maintenance of the roads would ensure the snowmobile crossings are kept clear of snow.

Rankin Inlet residents, the Rankin Inlet and Kangiqliniq Hunters' and Trappers' Organization (HTO) have identified that there is an existing snowmobile trail in the area of the Itivia laydown yard that local residents use in winter months to access the sea ice at Melvin Bay. Agnico Eagle is aware of this trail and has accommodated the trail to allow continued unfettered snowmobile access along the east side of the laydown yard to the sea ice at Melvin Bay. The location of this trail in relation to the laydown yard is shown in Figure 1-2.

1.2.4 Service and Haul Roads

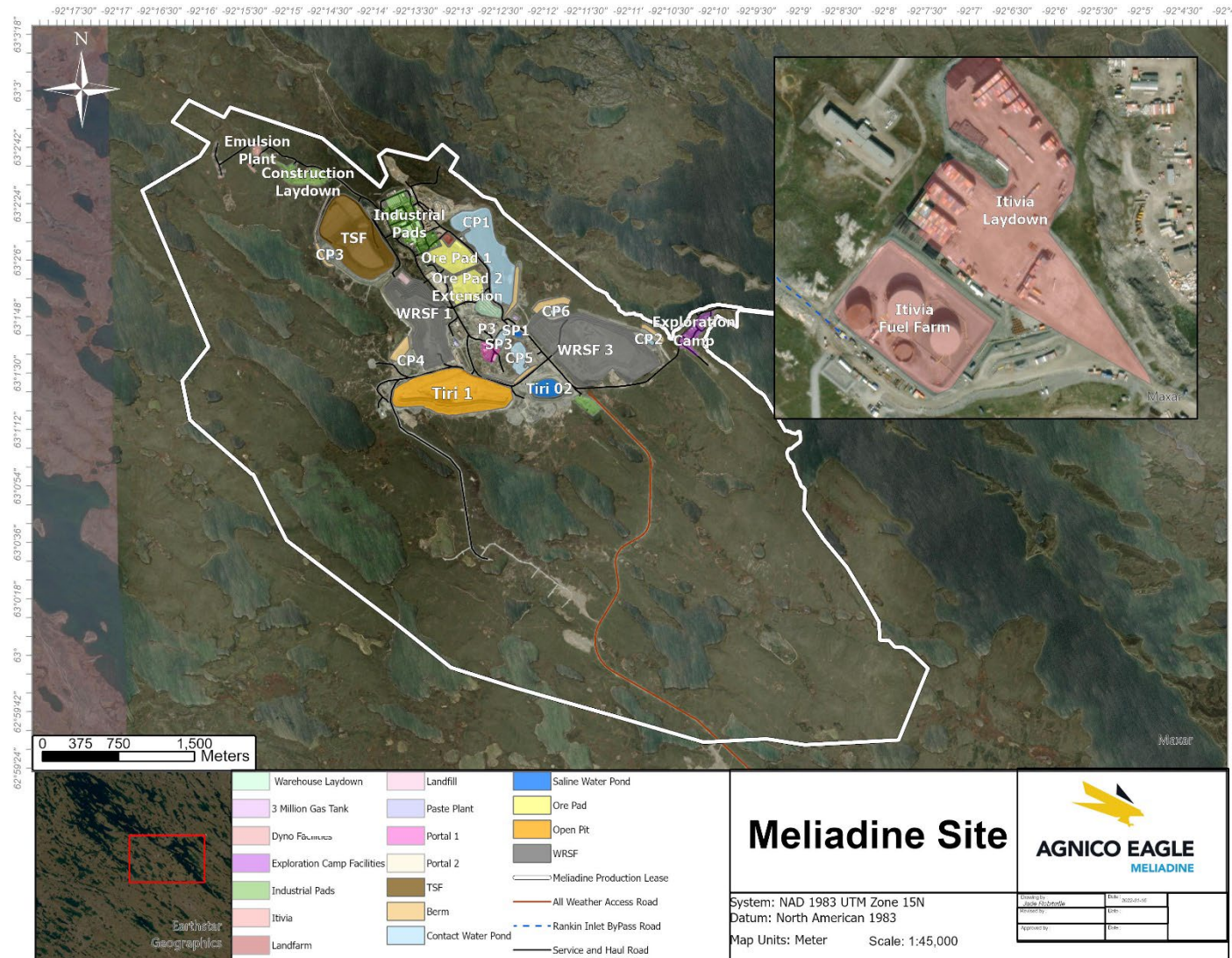
Service roads are exclusively for Agnico Eagle and its contractors use; the public does not have right of entry to these roads that service mine areas. They are found for example leading to collection ponds, around the mill site, to the landfill and Emulsion Plant, etc. Service vehicles, trucks carrying explosives, and small trucks with mine personnel use the service roads. All Agnico Eagle workers and its contractors using service roads receive training before doing so. Service roads have 2-way traffic and are 6.5 m wide.

Haul roads do not have public access and are primarily restricted to haul trucks, loaders, and other heavy machinery. Haul roads outside the open pits are 26 m wide to allow for two-way traffic, or 17 m for single lane traffic with passing zones spaced accordingly. A two-lane 17 m wide haul road designed for 70-t trucks in dual lanes is required for access to the TSF and Paste Plant. Safety berms are installed where necessary along the haul roads.

The ramps and haul roads were designed for the largest equipment (70 payload tonne class haul trucks), with an operational width not exceeding 5.7 m, in accordance with Nunavut mine regulations. For double lane traffic, the ramp width will be 21.5 m decreasing to 15.8 m for single lane traffic at the pit bottom (last three benches) to reduce waste stripping. The ramp's width will include a protection berm and a drainage ditch. The safety berm on the outside edge will be constructed of crushed rock to a height equal to 3/4 of the rolling radius of the largest tire using the ramp. To facilitate drainage, ramp gradients will be established at 10% and will increase to 12% for the last three benches at the bottom of the open pit.

The layout of the service and haul roads in the vicinity of the mine site is presented in Figure 1-2.

Figure 1-2 Meliadine site and Itivia Facilities



SECTION 2 • REGULATORY SETTING

2.1 Land Tenure

The majority of all access, service and haul roads are located on IOL administered by the Kivalliq Inuit Association (KivIA). The surface ownership of the land encompassing the roads right-of-ways was transferred to the KivIA when the Nunavut Land Claims Agreement came into effect. Land and environmental management in this area are generally governed by the provisions of the Nunavut Land Claims Agreement.

Closer to Rankin Inlet, 2.3 km of the AWAR and the complete Bypass Road are on Commissioner's land held by the Department of Community and Government Services (CGS) for the benefit of the Hamlet of Rankin Inlet. A small portion of the waterline will be on municipal lands owned by the Hamlet of Rankin Inlet but administered by the Government of Nunavut (Community and Government Services).

The AWAR was constructed under land use permits issued by CGS on municipal land, and the KivIA on IOL. Leases followed the completion of construction and a legal survey of the road right-of-way. The width of the land leases is 20 m for the length of the roads, wide enough to accommodate their 6.5 m width.

Service and haul roads will exclusively be constructed on IOL under the mine lease(s) issued by the KivIA.

2.2 Permitting Regime

Agnico Eagle is responsible for obtaining all necessary permits, licenses, approvals, notifications required prior to construction and operation of all roads. Relevant licenses and regulations applicable to the roads includes:

- to allow right-of-way for AWAR across Inuit lands
 - Licence Number KVRW11F02 (Permanent Road Right-of-Way) issued by the KivIA
- to allow right-of-way for AWAR and bypass road located on municipal lands
 - Licence L-51809T (Right-of-Way permit AWAR on Municipal land) issued by GN-CGS
 - Licence L-51808T (Right-of-Way permit Bypass Road km 2-7) issued by GN-CGS
 - Licence 102893 (Right-of-Way permit Bypass Road km 1-2) issued by GN-NAD
- Conformity determination with Keewatin Regional Land Use Plan
- NIRB Project Certificate; allows to build and operate roads
- Type A Water Licence; for construction of the mine and related roads
- *Navigation Protection Act* evaluation
- Inuit Impact and Benefits Agreement

SECTION 3 • RELATED DOCUMENTS

The following documents provide input to the Roads Management Plan:

- Terrestrial Environment Management and Monitoring Plan (TEMMP);
- Spill Contingency Plan;
- Interim Closure and Reclamation Plan (ICRP);
- Sediment and Erosion Management Plan;
- Borrow Pits and Quarries Management Plan;
- Dust Management Plan; and
- Cyanide Management Plan

The Plan is part of the Environmental Management and Protection Plan for the Meliadine Mine and will be in effect during the operation and closure phases.

SECTION 4 • CONSULTATION

Consultations on the road route with the community of Rankin Inlet, Inuit Elders, Kangiqliniq HTO and KIA were ongoing from as early as 2004. Information on these consultations is provided in Appendix A.

Agnico Eagle and the KHTO signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU), which outlines the KHTO assistance with providing wildlife monitoring services for Agnico Eagle along the AWAR.

4.1 Use of Inuit Qaujimajatuqangit in the Planning of the Roads Management Plan

Inuit Qaujimajatuqangit (IQ) is the most successful and oldest monitoring practice in Nunavut, where the resource users do the observing or monitoring. Information collected through IQ can contribute to mine design and planning, as well as monitoring activities. Agnico Eagle is committed to including IQ and public concerns raised through IQ, where practical, in the design of management and monitoring plans for the Mine. Agnico Eagle continues active engagement with communities and Inuit organizations as the Mine proceeds through permitting, operations, and closure. Additional IQ collected through consultation and engagement will be included in updates to the design and implementation of environmental programs.

The Roads Management Plan considered IQ (including TEK, TLU) and concerns regarding Mine effects on traditional resources and traditional land use sites through the following design and mitigation measures:

- In allowing public access on the AWAR, Agnico Eagle took into consideration that the area in the vicinity of the Mine will continue to be used for traditional purposes during the construction, operation, and closure phases.
- Access to traditional use sites are being mitigated by constructing ramps and installing signage along Mine roads to facilitate road crossings for existing ATV and snowmobile trails. Snow clearing takes into consideration the location of snowmobile trails such that they are not blocked, and snowmobile crossings are identified with signs identifying the location of the trail prior to snow removal.
- The Itivia laydown yard was designed to avoid impacting the existing snowmobile trail so that local residents can continue to access the sea ice at Melvin Bay.
- Elders expressed the greatest concern regarding potential effects of the Mine on caribou including road construction and motorized vehicles potentially limiting or altering their movement patterns, and the potential for overhunting to occur as a result of increased access to caribou migration routes and calving grounds. Agnico Eagle consulted with the Government of Nunavut, the KivlA, the Kivalliq Wildlife Board, local HTOs, and the public in developing appropriate monitoring and mitigation measures related to the ease of harvesting of caribou

- afforded by the AWAR. The result of these consultations was a Road Access Management Agreement (see Section 10.2).
- IQ indicated that land mammals including Arctic fox, wolverine, and wolf are important traditional resources for harvesting, and community concerns were raised regarding the potential effects of snowmobiles, and the potential of road construction creating barriers to wildlife movement. The routing and design of the AWAR and service roads were selected to minimize potential Mine effects on the environment, including wildlife movement. Potential adverse effects to wildlife abundance or movement were considered in setting the rules of the road, including setting maximum speed limits and ensuring wildlife has right-of-way on the roads, wildlife will not be harassed and hunting is prohibited within 1 km of the AWAR. Furthermore, locations of large aggregations of animals is reported and all incidents between vehicles and wildlife will be reported and investigated. Finally, a wildlife monitoring program is implemented with input from the local stakeholders to record the species, numbers and location of wildlife observed along the roads, with particular focus on caribou, muskoxen, bears, wolves, migratory birds and raptors.
 - Community concerns were also raised regarding the potential for the Mine to change the land and water, subsequently impacting the diet of land animals. There was also concern that road construction could affect environmental stability and contaminate water. IQ also indicated that berry harvesting is an important activity in the area, and community members expressed concerns over dust that could impact the health of both water and vegetation. These concerns were considered in proposing the following mitigation measures and protocols to be implemented during construction and operations to preserve wildlife, prevent permafrost degradation, control surface runoff and sedimentation, and mitigate dust:
 - Sedimentation and erosion control measures were implemented prior to the start of work and maintained until after all disturbed areas have been stabilized; and
 - Regular inspection of the roads are conducted to identify areas of ponding, erosion or sedimentation.
 - IQ indicated that the rivers and Meliadine Lake are considered important fish harvesting sites, and community concerns were raised regarding potential contamination of waterbodies in the entire Meliadine watershed, and for potential adverse effects to fish and other traditional resources. Accordingly, to protect fish spawning and nursery periods of local fish populations, no in-water work is conducted from May 1st to July 15th. In addition, areas where dust deposition could impact fish habitat and/or water quality, mitigation measures are implemented, including grading of the road surface, placement of new coarser topping, and/or watering/addition of CaCl₂ on the road surface.
 - IQ has indicated that the entire Meliadine valley, including Iqalugaarjuup Nunanga Territorial Park, has a long history of traditional use and many important cultural sites. To mitigate the

potential for disturbance to cultural sites, all employees or contractors are not allowed to construct any side roads/trails off the west side of the AWAR between Km 1 and Km 8, and regular road inspections occur to ensure that no unauthorized trails or access routes leading from the AWAR into the Park are being created. In addition, Agnico Eagle and GN-DoE Park staff will work together to discuss what other measures can be taken to prevent unauthorized access into the park, including potential signage, public education and the placement of barriers.

- To prevent potential ice buildup at the lower Meliadine River crossing bridge resulting in flooding of important cultural sites upstream from the bridge, regular inspections and monitoring occurs so that potential risks to cultural sites can be mitigated.

4.2 Consultation on Treated Groundwater Effluent Discharge Activities

Community and public engagement for the proposed changes were planned in accordance with community relations best practices, NIRB's Guide 6b: A Proponent's Guide to Conducting Public Consultation for the NIRB Environmental Assessment Process (NIRB 2006). In January 2020 preliminary consultation meetings were held with key stakeholders to collect general feedback on the Project. Public meetings were held at Hamlet Rankin on March 11, 2020, at the Rankin Inlet Community Hall to discuss the proposed Project changes and are summarized below.

The consultation meetings provided the community with an understanding of the proposed Project changes and potential effects. Public concerns revolve around spill contingency and emergency measures for the waterline, safety of hunters and caribou, crossings along the waterline particularly around Apache Pass (around km 5), water quality and monitoring, and caribou.

Related to roads, the participants at the open house asked questions on potential effects to caribou and their ability to cross the waterlines. Agnico Eagle commented that the diameter of the waterline was designed to allow caribou passage. As such, the waterline will be composed of two lines of smaller diameter. The diameter selected is smaller than what literature has identified as preventing caribou passage. Community members were supportive of dust reduction but concerned about spills and mitigations to stop spills. These concerns were discussed at the meeting. Agnico Eagle commented that requirements to report spills will continue to be followed. In addition, the Spill Contingency Plan will be followed in case of a spill of saline water along the AWAR and bypass road. Agnico Eagle also described that monitoring programs are ongoing and would be extended for the proposed changes.

On the socio-economic environment, the participants at the open houses expressed concerns regarding the use AWAR and crossings along the road for ATVs and snowmobiles, as well as impacts to berry picking. Agnico Eagle commented that sessions will be organized with the local population and Elders to identify potential crossings to be constructed along the AWAR and bypass road to allow safe crossing of the waterline. As for impacts on berry picking, by installing a waterline instead of

trucking the saline water, the amount of dust generated along the AWAR and bypass road is expected to reduce.

In addition, Traditional Knowledge (TK) and IQ was included in the discussions at the March 2020 community meetings. Consideration of comments received during these meetings will be taken into account, particularly around Apache Pass. For example, construction of the waterlines in the area of Apache Pass will most likely be routed on the East side of the rock outcrop, somewhat like the routing of the 12-inch water pipe for the Hamlet.

SECTION 5 • MEASURES TO PREVENT PERMAFROST DEGRADATION

Roads have been designed with a minimum fill thickness to maintain permafrost conditions within the subgrade soils. The thermal modelling indicated a minimum road fill thickness of 1 m is required above ice poor subgrade soils to maintain the soil in a frozen condition year-round. Similarly, a minimum road fill thickness of at least 1.3 m is required above ice rich subgrade soils.

To the greatest extent possible, roads are constructed in the winter when the subgrade soils are frozen to prevent insulation of thawed subgrade soils. A rough base is advanced at the full road width so that the base of the roads is laid down in winter frozen ground conditions.

Mitigation and environmental design features to reduce the potential for permafrost degradation are as follows:

- Road alignments avoid, where possible, fine-grained, poorly drained, ice-rich, frost susceptible soil conditions as noted by geomorphologic mapping, due to their susceptibility to thaw related settlement;
- Regions of high ground relief (higher elevations) are sought to provide better drainage conditions, to minimize the potential for snow drifting on the road and to avoid organic depressions and/or other poor ground conditions, which are more abundant in the low lying areas;
- Road fill material is placed directly over the existing soil layer without cutting, stripping, or grubbing to avoid disturbing the subgrade soils;
- Thick drifted snow is removed before road fills were placed;
- The road fill thickness is a minimum of 1 m in thaw-stable soils, and 1.3 m in thaw-sensitive soils; and
- Construct access, service, and haul roads in the winter when the subgrade soils are frozen to prevent insulation of thawed subgrade soils, to the greatest extent possible.

The road and its shoulders are inspected weekly (at a minimum) during the summer period (June to August) for evidence of seasonal freeze and thaw adjacent to the toe of the road embankment. Such movements are expected and may lead to longitudinal cracking and thaw settlement especially for portions of the road founded on thaw susceptible (ice rich) soils. When such areas are discovered, the affected area is repaired using granular material and/or crushed rock. Agnico Eagle will maintain stockpiles of such material in select borrow/quarry areas along the road.

SECTION 6 • TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT ON ACCESS ROADS

6.1 Management of Agnico Eagle Traffic on the Access Roads

All of the required fuel, supplies, and equipment for the mine will be transported to the Mine via the Bypass Road and AWAR. All drivers transporting these materials and personnel will either be Agnico Eagle employees or employees of contractors directly hired by Agnico Eagle. They must possess a valid driver's license from a Canadian province or territory, for the appropriate class of vehicle, for them to be allowed to operate vehicles on access roads. Agnico Eagle educates all of its employees and all of its contractor's employees on road safety rules during the safety introduction training that occurs when first starting work at the mine site.

All Agnico Eagle vehicles that routinely travel on the access roads are equipped with a radio set to the requisite road frequency. Similarly, contractor's vehicles that routinely travel on the access roads are also equipped with a radio set to the requisite road frequency. Consequently, Agnico Eagle and contractor traffic on the road always have radio contact with the gatehouse, security, Agnico Eagle and contractor traffic. This system is used to report any unusual conditions along the roads such as: location of other vehicles, presence of wildlife on or near the roadway, presence of non-Agnico Eagle traffic such as ATVs, snowmobiles or other vehicles on the access roads, special road conditions, and special weather conditions. All Agnico Eagle drivers and contractors using the road are required to monitor and report to the gatehouse by radio any observed unauthorized or unsafe use of the road.

The AWAR is open to restricted public access and as such when there is a scheduled shut down of the road due to weather or special shipments of restricted products Agnico Eagle will notify the Hamlet. The following measures are presently being used to notify the public of the rules of the road and/or road closures:

- Signage at the Rankin Inlet end of the road and at the mid-point Emergency Spill Response station provide the public with the Agnico Eagle rules of the road and encourages vehicles to stop and report at the gatehouse.
- Periodic public information sessions on the rules of the road and road safety procedures delivered in Rankin Inlet.
- Periodic community radio and TV announcements.
- Information is provided on Agnico Eagle's Nunavut web page/on the Agnico Eagle Meliadine Facebook page.
- The gatehouse at KM 12 will be closed and the gatehouse attendant can discuss the closure with interested parties.

6.2 Management of Non-Agnico Eagle Traffic on the All-weather Access Road

The rules of the road (refer to Section 8 for more detail) developed for the roads apply to all users of the road, including Agnico Eagle employees, Agnico Eagle contractor employees, and the public. Agnico Eagle holds public information sessions in Rankin Inlet for AWAR users, on a regular basis (minimum of twice per year). The Government of Nunavut will also be consulted prior to opening the AWAR to unrestricted traffic. A copy of the rules of the road, which will have a strong emphasis on road safety, will be presented at these sessions.

Agnico Eagle will also hold public information sessions in Chesterfield Inlet for AWAR users on a regular basis (minimum of once per year). A copy of the rules of the road will be presented at these sessions. This is required because Chesterfield Inlet has now built approximately 17 km of trail/road south from their community towards Rankin Inlet and occasionally drive their ATVs/snowmobiles to Rankin Inlet.

Agnico Eagle will also use other communication tools to get the road access procedures and road safety rules out to the public in Rankin Inlet. These will include community radio, community TV, Facebook page, postings around town, through the Agnico Eagle office in Rankin Inlet, and via an Agnico Eagle Nunavut website. The communication will be in both English and Inuktitut. All non-Agnico Eagle road users will also be encouraged to monitor and report any observed unsafe use of the roads to Agnico Eagle.

6.3 Other Access Control Procedures

There are occasions when access to the AWAR will be restricted for short time periods for special reasons. This includes bad weather, unsafe road conditions, maintenance activity on the roads, heavy project related truck traffic, movement of oversized loads, and/or presence of large numbers of caribou on or adjacent to the road. The AWAR could also be temporarily closed in the event of an incident, accident or other event requiring mitigation or response. These short-term closures will be required to ensure safety.

In communicating such short-term closures, Agnico Eagle will take the following actions:

- Agnico Eagle will communicate roads closures to the public through the Agnico Eagle Nunavut website and on the Meliadine Facebook page, and at times through community radio for special events (such as cyanide transportation). Road closures are communicated to Agnico Eagle personnel and contractors through email updates. The local HTO is also copied on those email updates.
- Agnico Eagle will limit access and, in certain conditions, close the roads to all traffic during bad winter weather (blizzard or white out conditions). In the worst weather, the southern gate on the AWAR (KM 12) will be closed and signed accordingly;

- Agnico Eagle will limit access to the AWAR when it is not safe as a result of an accident or a road maintenance problem.
- Agnico Eagle will limit access to the AWAR when large numbers of caribou are near to or crossing the road. This will occur in consultation with the Kangiqliniq HTO and KivIA.
- Agnico Eagle will work with the GN, KivIA, and HTO to establish a one kilometre no shooting zone on both sides of the AWAR to ensure that project workers and all other road users are not inadvertently exposed to the risk of accidental shooting.
- Agnico Eagle reserves the right to refuse access to individuals who do not respect the rules of the road on safety, speed and the no shooting zone when using the AWAR.

Agnico Eagle has committed to work with the GN-DoE to reduce/prevent potential unauthorized access from the AWAR (i.e., the area northeast of the Meliadine River Bridge) to the Iqalugaarjuup Nunanga Territorial Park. In this respect, Agnico Eagle will take the following actions:

In this respect, Agnico Eagle takes the following actions:

- Agnico Eagle commits that it will not allow any of its employees or contractors to construct any side roads/trails off the west side of the AWAR between Km 1 and Km 7. Agnico Eagle has no intention of constructing any side roads and/or trails off the designated AWAR corridor at any point along its length, and if so, additional regulatory approval would be needed under the Terms of the Road Use Lease with the KivIA and/or Community & Government Services before any side road/trail could be constructed;
- Agnico Eagle will task its Road Supervisor with keeping an eye on this critical section of the AWAR as part of its regular road inspections (as outlined in Section 7 of this Roads Management Plan) with the objective of identifying any signs of unauthorized trails/access routes leading from the AWAR into this area of the Park. If any evidence of unauthorized access trails is discovered, the Road Supervisor will contact GN-DoE Park Staff in Rankin Inlet to inform the GN-DoE Park staff of the discovery and to jointly work on a plan to prevent any further use of such access points. Agnico Eagle would then take the agreed upon measures to implement the plan provided that such measures are reasonable; and
- Agnico Eagle will continue to periodically meet with GN-DoE park staff (at least annually, but more frequently if required) to discuss protection of this designated preservation zone within the Park.

6.4 Projected All-weather Access Road Traffic between Itivia and the Mine

Table 6-1 provides the projected traffic from the Final Environmental Impact Statement (FEIS) (Agnico Eagle 2014) for the Bypass Road and AWAR.

Agnico Eagle and contractor vehicles which use the road include, but are not limited to: pick-up trucks, cube vans, buses, fuel trucks, tractor-trailers, snowplows and graders. However, the amount of traffic

is highly dependent on the level of activity on site and the time of year, such as when supplies and materials arrive by sea, as well as on the weather. Also, should flights not be able to get into Rankin Inlet, passenger vans/buses would only transport local employees to the mine site, which would reduce the number of vans/buses by half.

Table 6-1 Estimated Average Daily Roundtrip Traffic on the All-weather Access Road

Type of vehicle # of vehicles	Winter		Summer	
	Week Days	Weekends	Week Days	Weekends
Mine-Related Traffic				
Pick-up trucks	10-12	4-8	12-14	6-10
Cube vans	6	2	8	2
Passenger vans/buses	4	1	4	1
Fuel trucks ^(a)	8	8	8	8
Transport trucks ^(b)	1	1	6-14	6-14
Public Road Use				
Pick-up trucks	4-6	2-4	6-8	12-16
ATVs/snowmobiles	4-8	4-10	10-16	10-20

^(a) Transport of fuel is continuous, year round. A fuel truck carries on average 45,000 litres.

^(b) Transport of dry goods from Itivia largely takes place over a 4-month period, from August to November.

^(c) Transport of treated saline water from mine to Itivia is estimated at 1600 m³/day over approximately 3-month period (July 1 to October 1)

Projected public traffic on the access roads has greater uncertainty as it will be weather dependent. Agnico Eagle estimates that 25-50% of the anticipated trips will be incremental to current access, which is by ATVs and snowmobiles. During periods of mild weather, more traffic can be expected as those living in Rankin Inlet may travel up the AWAR for a day of fishing, hunting, berry picking, or other leisure activities. During poor weather conditions, public traffic on the road can be expected to drop significantly and it is likely that no public access will occur during such conditions.

Agnico Eagle collects information on traffic volume on the AWAR on a daily basis. The survey information records the number and types of mine vehicles, and the number and types of public vehicles using the AWAR over a 24-hour period. The surveys will gauge the accuracy of the predictions contained within Table 6-1. The survey results form part of Agnico Eagle's Annual Report.

6.5 Construction of the Waterline

As a result of the construction of the waterlines, the community will need to be made aware of interruptions and disruptions to the regular flow of traffic along the AWAR, which Agnico Eagle anticipates being short durations of time (e.g., 30 to 60 minutes per event during the summer season). Note that for Emergency vehicles there would be no impediments in either direction as the construction team would provide priority clearance to such vehicles. Prior to the road disruption days

as a result of the construction of the waterline, Agnico Eagle will use the methods described in Sections 6.3 and 8 of this Plan to communicate to the community.

SECTION 7 • INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE OF ACCESS, SERVICE, AND HAUL ROADS

Agnico Eagle has the sole responsibility for the ongoing inspection and maintenance of all of the components of the access, service, and haul roads, including road beds, bridges, culverts, and borrow/quarry sites used in the construction and maintenance of the roads. Agnico Eagle applies the experience that it has gained from the ongoing operation of the Meadowbank All-Weather Road. This experience is applied in the planning of day-to-day operation, inspection, and maintenance of the Mine roads. Agnico Eagle has supervisors (from the Energy and Infrastructure (E&I) department) who are responsible for the ongoing road inspection and maintenance of the access, service and haul roads. The operation and maintenance of all roads applies the same principles.

The supervisor conducts periodic inspections (minimally on a weekly basis) of the roads to ensure that the roads are maintained for safe travel of personnel, equipment, and supplies. These inspections are recorded, including deficiencies which are followed up by a corrective plan. These periodic inspections include an inspection of the bridge abutments and a visual observation of the road surfaces to assess the status of road foundation.

During the summer period (June to August), the road surface is maintained with fresh gravel being spread as required and regular grading of the road. By September, the road starts to freeze; therefore, gravel is added for safety reasons. Snow clearing and road sanding along the road are done to operate vehicles on the roads safely. The manner in which the snow accumulation is cleared/mitigated will also take into account the road configuration to avoid snow accumulation that could cause problems during the freshet or block snowmobile trails.

All roads are inspected for signs of accumulation of ponded water either on the road surface or along the sides of the road during the open water season. Where noticed, the Agnico Eagle road supervisor evaluates and monitors the accumulation to determine why water is accumulating in these areas. Based on these evaluations, the road supervisor takes remedial action where and when necessary to correct the cause of such ponding, such as grading of the road surface to remove areas of ponding or installation of additional culverts if the road is causing excessive water ponding. Installation of additional culverts will be done following completion of assessment of potential fish passage and reception of required approvals.

7.1 Sedimentation Control

The Sediment and Erosion Management Plan addresses in detail the actions that Agnico Eagle takes to monitoring and mitigating actions related to three specific periods of activity for Meliadine:

- Periods of construction near water – during construction and operation;
- Periods of freshet or significant runoff events – during construction, operation, and closure;
- Periods of potential impact to waterbodies – during operation.

7.2 Watercourse Crossings Inspections and Maintenance

The watercourse crossing inspection and maintenance program has three main components:

- A regular inspection program to identify issues relating to watercourse crossings, such as structural integrity for both the roads and the waterlines, and hydraulic function;
- An inspection program to track the impacts of large storm events on watercourse crossings, such as structural integrity and hydraulic function; and
- A culvert location inspection program to ensure that culverts have been installed in the right locations with respect to the watercourse and that culvert capacity is adequate to ensure that the culvert(s) pass the water under all hydraulic conditions. In most cases there will be multiple culverts installed at different elevations at each stream crossing to ensure that these culverts can adequately pass normal summer flows as well as spring freshet and heavy rainfall flows.

7.2.1 Regular Crossing Inspection and Maintenance

Just prior to spring freshet, all culverts and stream crossings (including the bridge crossings at the Char River, lower Meliadine River and at the M5 Bridge (see Figure 1-1) will be inspected to confirm that they are in a state that will allow them to accommodate the rapid spring thaw that is seen in the north, and ensure that the waterlines is structurally sound. During the freshet period, crossings inspections will be performed twice a week (mid-May through June) and weekly during the remainder of the ice-free period prior to fall freeze-up (July through October).

These inspection activities for each watercourse crossing will consist of:

- Visual inspection of its infrastructure to identify defects, cracks or any other risks to structural integrity. Particular attention will be paid to the inlet and outlet structures of culverts, and to bridge abutments and their foundations and to brackets and other waterline supports, as required;
- Visual inspection to identify sediment or other debris accumulation impeding the free flow of water through the crossings. Maintenance operations will consist of hand removal of accumulated debris and repairing damages as soon as possible; and
- Visual inspection of upstream and downstream channel to identify bed erosion or scour around the watercourse crossing structure. Particular attention will be paid to bridge abutments and abutment foundations as they will be vulnerable to scouring and erosion during flood events. Particular attention will also be paid to potential sources of sediment transport at the crossing.

Inspection results will be recorded by Agnico Eagle to help track changes in conditions over time. Maintenance operations will consist of undertaking remediation of any detected problems and repairing damage as soon as possible.

7.2.2 Archaeological Sites and Ice Buildup

Potential ice buildup at the site of the lower Meliadine River bridge crossing can cause water to back up and flood important archaeological sites upstream from the bridge in the Iqalugaarjuup Nunanga Territorial Park. As a result, Agnico Eagle completes inspections (twice weekly) at the lower Meliadine River Bridge in the spring/early summer freshet period in order to take appropriate action in a timely manner should ice buildup reach the point where archaeological sites are at risk of flooding. Agnico Eagle will work with the GN if additional measures are needed.

7.2.3 Event Crossing Inspection and Maintenance

Inspection frequency will increase just after heavy or prolonged rainfall storm events. Visual inspection of each watercourse crossing will be completed to identify potential risks to the crossing's structural integrity, debris accumulation, and whether erosion and scouring have occurred. Water accumulation along the road will also be monitored. Results will be recorded by Agnico Eagle to help track changes in condition over time. The remediation of any detected problem and any necessary damage repairs will be undertaken as soon as possible, under the direction of Agnico Eagle's road supervisor.

7.2.4 Culvert Location Inspection

Following their installation, the culvert crossings are visually inspected to confirm they have been properly executed and installed. The road supervisor, designate and the Environment department monitor areas of ponding water along the AWAR during the first snow melt and after rain events. Additional culverts will be installed, if necessary, should the inspection indicate that the culverts were installed in a location that does not optimally route water flows. Installation of additional culverts or change in the design of existing culverts will be done following completion of assessment of potential fish passage and reception of required approvals.

7.3 Snow Removal and Snow Management – Winter Maintenance

Sections of the Meliadine roads are expected to experience snow drifts because of strong winds over the winter period (e.g., Apache Pass). As much as possible, this snow will be cleared to the downwind side of the road to limit the wind re-depositing the same snow on the cleared road. Agnico Eagle may install snow fences in strategic locations along the AWAR, where higher snow accumulation is expected. The structures are strategically placed to interrupt wind flow, causing snow to deposit around the fence rather than in unwanted areas such as across roads. The use of snow fences is expected to significantly decrease the amount of snow that needs to be cleared, thereby minimizing the formation of snowdrift on roadways and improving visibility restrictions and vehicle traction for driver safety. Further, snow fences can help mitigate potential erosion and sedimentation consequences of snowmelt in the spring. Snow fences would be installed during the winter season

only (October to April), and every snow fence section longer than 100 m will be spaced with a gap of 5 m.

Non-reflective delineators will be placed in areas where they are required to identify the waterline location so that it is not impacted during snow removal operations, and to enhance safety of road users.

Routine spring snow management will include the removal of any snow that accumulates at bridges and culverts so that water at freshet can move freely through the culverts and under bridges. In the case of culverts, snow will be removed from both ends but not from the inside.

Where snowmobile trails cross the road, snow clearing will be mindful of not placing snow on the trails thereby making crossing the roads easy.

The design of the AWAR between the mine site and Rankin Inlet factored in snow accumulation and this is one of the reasons the road is located along the height of land as much as possible and has a northerly alignment.

Dangerous ice formation on road surfaces, including the AWAR, is expected to occur periodically leading to their temporary closure until the roads can be graded and/or sanded. . Road sanding and grading equipment is available at Meliadine to address icy road conditions.

7.4 Dust Suppression

The Dust Management Plan addresses in detail the actions that Agnico Eagle takes to suppress dust generated by road traffic.

Dust mitigation measures include the grading of the road surface, placement of new coarser topping, and/or watering of the road surface. Use of chemical dust suppressants, such as Calcium Chloride, may also be used, in accordance with the Guideline for Dust Suppression on Unpaved Roads published by the Government of Nunavut Department of Environment (GN 2014). Dust is also mitigated by maintaining posted speed limits.

SECTION 8 • ROAD SAFETY

Agnico Eagle security personnel along with Agnico Eagle's road supervisor monitor activity on all roads through radio contact with both staff at the gatehouse and drivers on the roads, and through periodic patrols of the roads. All Agnico Eagle and contractor vehicles that routinely travel on the roads are equipped with a radio set to the requisite road frequency (Section 6). This radio system is used to report any unusual conditions along the roads such as:

- Location of other Agnico Eagle vehicles;
- Presence of wildlife on the roadway;
- Presence of non-Agnico Eagle traffic such as ATVs, snowmobiles, or other vehicles;
- Non-Agnico Eagle vehicles broken down on the roads;
- Any unsafe practices noticed;
- Any special road conditions; and
- Any special weather conditions; etc.

Agnico Eagle works to develop partnerships with the residents of Rankin Inlet, community organizations, and government departments in developing rules of the road, and educating the non-Project related users on road safety, on good driving practices, and on influencing people's behaviour on the roads. Emphasis is directed to the use of helmets, seat belts, observing the posted speed limits, improving one's visibility by wearing reflective clothing when on a snowmobile or ATV, not drinking and driving, dealing with driver inexperience, etc.

These are the same safety rules that apply to all users of the roads, including Agnico Eagle employees, Agnico Eagle contractor employees, and public users of the roads. The rules of the road include but not limited to the following:

- Maximum speed limits:
 - on AWAR/Bypass Road: 50 km/h
 - 15 km/h on AWAR bridges;
- Use of seat belts by all drivers and passengers is mandatory;
- Driving under the influence of alcohol or intoxicating drugs is prohibited;
- Wildlife has right-of-way on the roads, and no harassment of wildlife is allowed;
- All hunting activity must avoid shooting across the road and should respect a safe shooting distance from the road (suggested at 1 km);
- Hunting is prohibited within 1 km of the AWAR and the Mine;
- Drivers must radio call-in/stop at the gatehouse to tell the dispatch their name, number of passengers, type of vehicle;
- Vehicles are not to park on the travelling surface of the roads but pull off the road at a safe location such as passing turnouts to prevent accidents (passing turnouts are spaced approximately every 400 ± 50 m along AWAR length); and

- No public traffic is allowed within mining areas.

Agnico Eagle holds public information sessions in Rankin Inlet for users of the roads prior to the roads opening and on a regular basis thereafter (minimum of twice per year). The rules of the road and safety considerations are presented at these sessions, and modified if necessary based on broad and frequent consultation.

Agnico Eagle also uses other communication tools to get the road access procedures and rules of the road and safety considerations out to the public in Rankin Inlet. These include community radio, community TV, Facebook/Internet, postings around town, through the Agnico Eagle office in Rankin Inlet and via the Agnico Eagle Nunavut website. The communication is in English, Inuktitut, and French.

Agnico Eagle has placed an emergency spill response sea can at km 7 and km 18 along the AWAR. The station has the necessary spill response supplies to address any spills that occur along the road in an emergency situation.

8.1 Road Signage

Agnico Eagle has posted appropriate road signs along the roads in both English and Inuktitut. Typically, signs advise drivers of the posted speed limit, of approaching bridges, of approaching curves, and/or areas of lower visibility (blind hills or obstructed curves).

English and Inuktitut signs are posted at the southern and northern ends of the AWAR, and at an appropriate mid-point to advise any public travelling by snowmobile or ATV that they are entering an area that may be potentially hazardous due to the presence of heavy vehicle traffic. This recognizes that snowmobiles and ATVs can enter and leave the road from any point along the roads. Signs are also posted to advise the public that they are approaching the site entrance at the northern end of the AWAR where public access is not allowed and heavy industrial activity and large vehicles can be expected. The waterline will also be identified to snowmobilers and ATVs with markers on the waterline to show where it is within the easement. Signage will also be posted to identify where waterline crossings will be. As mentioned above, non-reflective delineators will be placed in areas where they are required to identify the waterline location to enhance safety of road users.

Signs are also located at the Bypass Road, where it enters the AWAR, indicating that the Bypass Road is a private and restricted road for Agnico Eagle employees and contractors only. A sign also occurs at the start of the Bypass Road located at Itivia indicating that it is a private road.

Speed limit signs are posted at intervals of approximately every 5 km along the roads. Reflective flags are installed along one side of the roads to help drivers identify the road shoulder during blizzard, white-out conditions or dense fog. Typically, these are nominally set at intervals of 100 to 200 m apart. Kilometer markers are posted at intervals of at least 1 km along the roads.

A list of road signage on roads is presented in Table 8-1.

Table 8-1 Road Signage

Element	Location
Safety precautions and users advice	at the southern and northern ends of the AWAR, and at an appropriate mid-point
Stop signs	where required at road junctions
Give way	at haul and service road junctions
Blind hill	200 m ahead of the beginning of a blind hill
Speed limit	nominally at 5 km intervals
Curve	200 m ahead of a curve
Bridge announcement	200 m ahead of a bridge
Bridge side sign	On each side of the bridge
Flexible delineators (flags)	nominally at 100 to 200 m intervals
Kilometres markers	nominally at 1 km intervals
Waterline non-reflective delineators	Every 30 m, in areas where they are required
Private Road	Bypass Road at Itivia and where the Bypass Road intersects AWAR

8.2 Policing of Rules of the Road

For privately operated roads, responsibility for “policing” will not fall to the RCMP. Responsibility for all operating and maintenance activity on roads rests solely with Agnico Eagle. For the access roads, Agnico Eagle concentrates on raising public awareness and commitment to road safety, and improving communication, cooperation and collaboration among all stakeholders on the safe use of the roads. For all roads, all Agnico Eagle employees and its contractors who use the roads are required to take road safety training before being allowed to access the roads.

Agnico Eagle uses its supervisor and site security to monitor what is occurring on the roads. They monitor activity on the roads through radio contact with the staff at the gatehouse, through periodic patrols of the roads, and in conversation with drivers on the roads at the time. Agnico Eagle monitors speed limit infractions by direct observation of drivers seen driving too fast and by recording the time taken to drive between the Project and the Hamlet. Agnico Eagle also relies on radio contact with all Agnico Eagle and Agnico Eagle contractor vehicles on the roads to monitor unsafe conditions or activity. Agnico Eagle records unsafe practices, warns the person causing the infraction, and in severe or repeated cases of violation, removes all privileges for future access to the roads by an offending driver. In the case when Agnico Eagle is aware of unsafe or illegal activity on the road, the RCMP will be informed.

Regulatory inspectors can inspect the roads and any associated infrastructure at will. Agnico Eagle abides with the recommendations and directives provided by the inspectors.

However, the *Criminal Code* of Canada applies to private roads. For example, if an accident were to occur on a road and alcohol was involved, that person could be charged by the RCMP. Under their current mandate, while the RCMP is not responsible for policing of the AWAR as it is a privately operated road, the RCMP will have the right to access the AWAR at any time to investigate any accident or incident where they believe there is a need.

SECTION 9 • ACCIDENTS, SPILLS, MALFUNCTIONS, AND EMERGENCY RESPONSE

Emergency response is reactive whereas prevention lowers the frequency of incidents occurring requiring emergency response. Agnico Eagle's emphasis will be on the latter, while at the same time keeping resources nearby to respond to emergencies on the roads in a timely manner.

Three possible causes of road emergencies are the road, vehicle, and people. It is the interplay of these three elements that lead to either safe use of the roads or emergency response.

Agnico Eagle verifies its vehicles are in good working order prior to use. Agnico Eagle, however, has little influence on the condition of the non-Agnico Eagle owned vehicles that will use the AWAR. Vehicles could be poorly maintained and individuals could also make poor decisions such as using an ATV in winter when a snowmobile would be more appropriate. Nonetheless, Agnico Eagle will provide emergency assistance where the health or safety of people is at risk when travelling on the AWAR or on the land near Mine facilities. Additionally, Agnico Eagle trains its employees and contractors on road safety and emergency response (first aid, firefighting, spill response, etc.). By educating and protecting its workers, they lead by example in road safety.

While Agnico Eagle feels it can successfully manage the condition of the AWAR and influence what vehicles use it, shaping an individual's responsible driving habits and attitudes to safety could prove more difficult. As a result, Agnico Eagle, in cooperation with Inuit organizations, authorizing agencies and others, will, to the best of its ability, implement all such measures necessary to protect public and mine traffic on all roads open to unrestricted public use. Responsibility and risk comes with driving on the AWAR and Agnico Eagle will:

- Impress on AWAR users that they should always remain aware of what is happening around them as they drive and make responsible decisions about hazards and problems;
- Highlight the environmental and human costs of irresponsible driving habits, and a driver's accountability for his/her decisions; and
- Repeatedly inform AWAR users of the rules of the road.

An Agnico Eagle trained site-based Emergency Response Team (ERT) are available on site with appropriate equipment to respond to all spills and road accidents. The ERT members are trained in emergency response (firefighting, first aid, mine rescue, spill response, vehicle accidents, etc.). In addition, emergency response equipment and spill kits are carried in all Agnico Eagle vehicles using the roads to improve response in the event of an incident or accident. This equipment includes emergency first aid equipment, and initial spill response equipment. Spill response is implemented by environmental staff who advise, document, and report on initial response and clean-up actions. The Spill Contingency Plan is activated in responding to a major spill. Minor spills are handled safely without the assistance of the ERT using initial spill response equipment carried in the vehicle. Major spills require the ERT, who use spill response equipment and supplies maintained by Agnico Eagle at

the mine site or from the two emergency spill response stations on the AWAR and/or at Itivia. Similar protocols and measures are outlined in the Spill Contingency Plan with regards to leaks or spills from the waterline. In urgent circumstances, where appropriate, Agnico Eagle may request assistance from other parties in Rankin Inlet.

9.1 Accidents and Malfunctions

Agnico Eagle understands that accidents can occur, but the prevention and mitigation measures along the roads, emergency response planning, training, and preparation will substantially reduce the risk, frequency, and severity of such incidents. Agnico Eagle emergency response personnel are tasked with responding to any vehicle accident resulting in personal injury or spillage of harmful material, including potential damage and spill of treat groundwater effluent from the waterlines. Agnico Eagle will initiate response and transport to medical assistance at the mine's health centre or Rankin Inlet's medical center. Agnico Eagle staff will follow the procedures in place in the Risk Management and Emergency Response Plan.

Agnico Eagle reports all reportable incidents to the appropriate Government authority (e.g., Mines Inspector, RCMP, NWB, NU Spill Line, Environment Canada, GN Department of Environment, Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO), KivIA, and Hamlet of Rankin Inlet).

The following actions are to be taken in the event of an accident on the roads involving other vehicles (including ATVs), or in the event of an accident involving contact with wildlife such as caribou, muskox, bear, and wolf, the ERT will:

- Check the condition of people involved in the accident and provide immediate first aid if appropriate;
- Call the Meliadine road dispatch by radio and report the location and nature of the accident and indicate the type of assistance required (medical help, environmental cleanup, fire and/or mechanical help);
- Secure the accident site so that the vehicles do not continue to present a hazard to others. This may involve moving the vehicles to the nearest pull off in the event of a minor accident, or blocking off the road in both directions in the event of a more serious accident; and
- If safe to do so, secure the site to prevent continued spill or leakage of contaminants into the surrounding environment.

Upon receiving the accident call, the road dispatch will initiate the emergency response procedure passing along the information to the emergency response coordinator. The emergency response coordinator will then call out the required emergency response personnel to assist at the accident site.

Once the accident site is secured and all people requiring assistance have been removed to medical care, the ERT will initiate appropriate accident investigation.

In the event of an incident involving contact with wildlife, the road dispatch will notify the site security personnel and the Environment department. Security and the site environmental team will then initiate an appropriate accident investigation. The Environment Department will ensure that appropriate reporting of such incidents is done in a timely manner to the KivIA, the Rankin Inlet HTO, and the GN Conservation Officer in Rankin Inlet.

In the event of a serious accident, the RCMP will be contacted and advised of the incident. The RCMP will then decide on whether they will become involved or take the lead on any subsequent accident investigation.

SECTION 10 • WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT

Wildlife is occasionally expected to be observed on or near the AWAR, service, and haul roads. Caribou and other wildlife will have the right-of-way at all times. In case of problems (e.g., aggregations of caribou), the environmental personnel on-site will be in charge of managing the situation and, with the collaboration of the security department, will advise road users by patrolling the roads. The Mine personnel will be notified by dispatch radio if any wildlife is observed on the roads.

The protocol implemented on the roads for the protection of wildlife is detailed in the TEMMP.

10.1 Wildlife Monitoring Program

Agnico Eagle has implemented a monitoring program to record on a systematic basis the prevalence of wildlife seen along the roads. This program will be developed further with the input of the local HTO and the KivIA as needs change. The program will focus on caribou, muskoxen, bears, wolves, migratory birds, and raptors.

Complete details on wildlife monitoring can be found in the TEMMP.

During caribou migration daily AWAR surveys are completed. If more than 50 caribou are detected within 100 m of the AWAR the Road Utilisation Work Suspension Protocol as per the TEMMP is implemented.

10.2 Road Management Agreement

Agnico Eagle has consulted with the Government of Nunavut, the KivIA, the Kivalliq Wildlife Board (KWB), local HTOs, and the public in developing appropriate monitoring and mitigation measures related to the ease in harvesting of caribou afforded by the AWAR. The result of these consultations are known as the Road Access Management Agreement that endorses the following measures:

- During periods when herd of caribou (50 or more individuals) are detected within 100m of the AWAR, the southern gate is closed to traffic.
- In consultation with the KWB, as required under the Nunavut Wildlife Act, Agnico Eagle will seek the establishment of a no-shooting zone (1 km wide) on either side of the road. If the KWB, other agencies and the public are in agreement, AWAR use by hunters will be conditional on observing the 1 km no-shooting zone.
- Dedicated 'road monitors' patrol the road to ensure compliance relating to public safety and wildlife. Monitoring is increased during periods of road closure when large aggregations of caribou are present;
- All incidents of hunting involving shooting along or across the AWAR are reported by the Agnico Eagle to the GN.

- During periods when large aggregations of caribou are detected near the Mine, harvest monitoring intensity is increased to properly document harvesting levels of caribou.

Road closure management during caribou migration is detailed in the TEMMP.

SECTION 11 • RECLAMATION

Reclamation of the access, service, and haul roads will follow the completion of all mining. Progressive reclamation will, in some instances, lead to roads being reclaimed after they are no longer needed. As described in the Interim Closure and Reclamation Plan (ICRP), the access roads should be one of the last mining components to be reclaimed, to preserve access for monitoring.

In most circumstances, the AWAR will continue to be open to public access during any temporary closure of the mine. The status of the road during such periods would be assessed by Agnico Eagle on a case-by-case basis. For short duration temporary shutdowns (short-term temporary closure), the AWAR would remain open and be maintained in the same manner as during the operational phase. While each case would be assessed separately, temporary shutdowns of less than 6 months duration would not change the way the access road is operated or maintained. For temporary shutdowns of greater than six (6) months and less than 12 months in duration, and/or for indefinite shutdowns (period greater than one year: long-term temporary closure), Agnico Eagle would have to change the way it operates and maintains the road. In such an instance, Agnico Eagle would evaluate what level of activity was expected to continue at the site during the shutdown period and adjust its care and maintenance of the access road accordingly.

The proposed short-term and long-term temporary closure activities are detailed in the ICRP.

When further site activity is curtailed, a physical barrier would be established on the AWAR before the Meliadine River Bridge that prevents open public access by cars, trucks or other motorized vehicles larger than an ATV. This would likely be a rockfill barrier with appropriate signage. During winter months, the road would not be kept open thus curtailing travel other than by snowmobile or tracked snow vehicle. In summer months, Agnico Eagle would continue to carry out environmental monitoring both along the AWAR and at the mine site but at a reduced frequency in accordance with its license/permit requirements. During these inspections, Agnico Eagle personnel would continue to monitor for inappropriate use of the AWAR and for conditions along the AWAR that could result in risk to public safety or to the environment (e.g., wash outs, erosion, plugged culverts, etc.). This would include monitoring and addressing any unauthorized trails/access into the designated preservation zone of the Iqalugaarjuup Nunanga Territorial Park as discussed in Section 6.3 of this Plan.

For the permanent closure scenario and as outlined in the ICRP, the AWAR will remain available for use during closure as access to the mining areas is required until post-closure and reclamation activities have been completed. The road surface will at this point be rehabilitated to promote natural re-vegetation, water crossings removed, and natural drainages re-established.

Agnico Eagle would like to emphasize that it has the responsibility of decommissioning and reclaiming all roads once construction, operations, closure, and post-closure activities are complete. For a third party to take over the road(s), that third party would have to complete its own arrangements with

the landowners (the KIA and the Hamlet) and then complete its own environmental assessment and permitting process covering future use. Agnico Eagle does not own the land on which the roads are constructed and, thus, cannot transfer future ownership or use privileges to any third party. Agnico Eagle must complete its obligation to decommission and reclaim all roads unless directed otherwise by a combination of the landowners and other regulatory agencies who issued permits/authorizations for the roads.

Decommissioning of the roads will start from the Meliadine Mine site and progress south towards Rankin Inlet and will include reclamation of the bypass road. Stream crossings will be rehabilitated as they are encountered during the progression of the work. The culverts and bridges, as previously mentioned, will be removed from the crossings using a backhoe and crane, and then removed materials (i.e., culvert steel, bridge decks, abutment steel, etc.) will be transported to Rankin Inlet using a semi-tractor and a low-boy trailer, for disposal and salvage.

For the waterlines, it would be decommissioned and removed at Mine closure. Any remaining treated groundwater effluent would be returned underground and all piping and associated infrastructure along the AWAR and Bypass Road would be removed for disposal and salvage. This includes any waterline supports over stream crossings, which would be rehabilitated, as appropriate, in conjunction with road closure activities.

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- Agnico Eagle 2012. Monitoring Plan for the Phase 1 All-weather Access Road between Rankin Inlet and the Meliadine site;
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- SNC Lavalin Inc., 2022, Meliadine Interim Closure and Reclamation Plan – Update 2020, Final report.

APPENDIX A • AGNICO EAGLE CONSULTATION ON THE ALL-WEATHER ACCESS ROAD

Consultations on the road routing with the community of Rankin Inlet, Inuit Elders, Kangiqliniq HTO and KivIA were ongoing from as early as 2004. A chronological record of consultation on the AWAR is provided in the table below. Extensive details on all consultation for the Mine can be found in the Public Engagement and Consultation Baseline Report. In Agnico Eagle's June and August 2014 Kivalliq community consultations, concerns with the AWAR or the Bypass Road were not raised.

On several occasions in 2013, Agnico Eagle met with the KivIA and with the Rankin Inlet HTO to discuss how the Phase 1 AWAR should be managed and to develop a plan on how limited public access would be provided. The HTO told Agnico Eagle that they believe the AWAR should be open to unlimited public access but acknowledged that for Phase 1, the AWAR must be operated with controlled, limited public access until NIRB has the time and opportunity to assess the impact of such open public access. In the interim closure, Agnico Eagle and the HTO discussed how to control and manage limited public access on the Phase 1 AWAR beginning in the summer of 2014. It was agreed that access be limited to ATVs only unless otherwise permitted and be via a pass system where the HTO has involvement over who is granted a pass. Agnico Eagle and the HTO have also been discussing a program that would see the HTO provide wildlife monitoring services for Agnico Eagle along the Phase 1 AWAR. In 2016, 3 meetings were attended by Agnico Eagle personnel at the KHTO meetings. Agnico provided the KHTO with offers and opportunities to assist in the AWAR road surveys. An agreement on this program was signed between Agnico Eagle and the KHTO in March 2019 (MOU).

Agnico Eagle presented its proposed management procedures for the AWAR, along with options for the development of the Rankin Inlet Bypass Road at public meetings held in Rankin Inlet in 2012 (mid-October) and 2013 (mid-February).

There were some elders who would have preferred the AWAR be built using a different alignment that ran west of the Iqalugaarjuup Nunanga Territorial Park and then cut north towards the Project. This would have given them better access to the Diana River and traditional hunting and fishing area to the northwest. Agnico Eagle explained that this was a much longer route as it moved away from the site (i.e. was not a straight line to the Project site) and involved more water crossings and was thus not an acceptable route from Agnico Eagle's needs and perspectives. The community spoke to its preference to the Rankin Inlet by-pass route going along the southwest side of the Rankin Inlet airport and not along the northeast side as proposed in one option by Agnico Eagle. This option placed the Bypass Road in conflict with the entry to the airport terminal and future housing development areas.

At the NIRB's technical meeting and pre-hearing conference in early December 2013, road issues were raised by various Kivalliq communities. Unrestricted road accessibility to Inuit, road interactions with caribou, peregrine nests, dust control, what happens to the roads upon closure, and fuel transport were all raised as concerns.

Date	Location	Parties involved and purpose of meeting
2004/10/21	Rankin inlet	Presentation on Project status to KIA Board of Directors with a request for a proposal of motion to support a future road from Rankin Inlet to the site.
2007/03/26	Chesterfield Inlet	Presentation to the KIA Board of Directors on the proposed underground Program and 2007 Meliadine West exploration plans. Verbal Motion of Support from the Board
2007/03/27	Rankin Inlet	Presentation of the proposed 2007 Meliadine West exploration program to the Rankin Inlet Community Lands and Resources Committee.
2007/03/28	Rankin Inlet	Presentation of the proposed 2007 Meliadine West exploration program to the Kivalliq Chamber of Commerce.
2007/03/28	Rankin Inlet	Town hall meeting - presentation of the proposed 2007 Meliadine West exploration program.
2007/07/04	Rankin Inlet	Briefing on Project status to Hamlet Council with specific discussions on road alignment and overwinter fuel storage in barge.
2007/07/04	Rankin Inlet	<p>Elders Luncheon at Nunavut Arctic College. Project overview and immediate project plans for underground exploration was presented by Mark Balog with a slide show. Issues that were raised:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — employment opportunities for young people; — all-season road location and utility for other projects; — Soapstone from Newfoundland. <p>Attendees: Hamlet Elders including Mr/Mrs Tatty, Mr/Mrs. Itinuar, Mr/Mrs Kabvitok, Mrs. Pissuk, others: Comaplex Minerals: Mark Balog, Ben Hubert. Arranged by John Hickes.</p>
2009/05/06-08	Rankin Inlet	Multidisciplinary Advisory Group (MDAG), chaired by Bernie MacIsaac, INAC: all regulatory groups in attendance. Presented the Project and All- weather Road to regulators. Met regulators who will work on Project, including Jackson Lindell and Stephen Hartman, KIA, and Keith Morrison and Jorgan Aitaok, NTL.
2009/06/17	Rankin Inlet	Meeting with Manager CED (Robert Connelly) and Nunavut Transport (Alan Johnson) regarding proposal to access federal infrastructure money for the Meliadine River bridge and Comaplex fund the road. Visit to the bridge site.

2009/06/18	Rankin Inlet	Discussion with Rankin Inlet Mayor John Hickey, the SAO, and several council members. Project update and proposed application for road and bridge funding.
2010/06/01	Chesterfield Inlet	Mark Balog and John Witteman, Comaplex sponsored a town hall meeting providing an update on the Project and the building of an All-weather Road. The road would link to the planned road to Chesterfield Inlet.
2010/06/02	Rankin Inlet	Mark Balog and John Witteman, Comaplex sponsored a town hall meeting providing an update on the Project and the building of an All-weather Road. The meeting was particularly well attended and there were no objections to the routing to the All-weather Road. There were no objections to the proposed road alignment.
2010/01/09	Meliadine site	John Witteman and Jacek Patalas (Golder Associates) met with Gary Cooper and Nicola Johnson of DFO to discuss fisheries habitat and compensation issues relating to the development of the Meliadine Gold Project. Discussions regarding compensation for road crossings were also discussed.
2011/01/06	Cambridge Bay	Eric Lamontagne, Denis Gourde and John Witteman met with Ryan Barry, Kelli Gillard and one more staff member, NIRB, to describe the status of the Project and in particular the AWAR. Agnico Eagle described what had been done in regards to gathering baseline information for the road, regulatory permits required and use of the road (having it open access).
2011/02/07-09	Rankin Inlet	Larry Connell and John Witteman met with the Lands Division of KIA to discuss the road and other matters. A meeting with the HTO was cancelled due to a blizzard.
2011/03/01	Rankin Inlet	John Witteman, Bertho Caron and Selma Eccles of Agnico Eagle attended a meeting with the HTO, Rankin Inlet. The HTO raised a number of concerns with the route of the road, bridge location over the Meliadine River, wildlife monitoring along the road, plans for the Itivia port area, fish concerns with the bridge. Agnico Eagle talked to each of the concerns raised and were subsequently informed that the HTO Board was satisfied with the responses received.
2011/03/23	Rankin Inlet	Denis Gourde, Eric Lamontagne, Larry Connell, Selma Eccles, John Witteman met with the Hamlet Council to describe the AWAR and ongoing activities at the Meliadine site. The Hamlet Council supports the All-weather Access Road and a letter of support can be expected. The underground program was explained and what is hoped to be gained from carrying out this work - getting needed information on the deep

		ore. The question of dust control was raised and lands available in town for development. The underground development was discussed.
2011/03/23	Rankin Inlet	<p>Denis Gourde, Eric Lamontagne, Larry Connell, Selma Eccles, John Witteman hosted a town hall meeting with the community to discuss the All-weather Access Road and the proposed mine. A PowerPoint presentation in English and Inuktitut was presented.</p> <p>The meeting was well attended with over 100 persons present. The road is widely supported by the community as it offers access to Meliadine Lake and also is expected to lead to more economic activity. The question of jobs and careers was frequently raised and what must be done to get jobs such as supervisors and managers. Education was emphasized by Agnico Eagle as well as on-the-job training. Support was voiced for the road and the proposed mine.</p>
2011/04/07	Iqaluit	Meeting with NIRB and NWB in Iqaluit during the Nunavut Mining Symposium. PowerPoint presentation was made on the proposed Meliadine AWAR and our application to amend our Type B water license to allow for construction of this road. Good exchange with NIRB and NWB pointing out omissions in what was presented.
2011/05/06	Geovector, consultant to KIA	AWAR – quarry locations and need to check for ground ice, geochemistry of the waste rock and potential quarries, snow drifting along road, design of culverts, lessons learned from Meadowbank.
2011/06/06	Cambridge Bay, Gjoa Haven Iqaluit	Presentation to NIRB, NWB, Regulatory Agencies in Iqaluit. Discussions on next steps in EA process, possible predevelopment activities, class A water licence, Agnico Eagle's use of municipal infrastructure, need to submit a land use permit for crown land to be crossed by the AWAR, quarries along road.
2011/06/14	KIA, Mayor of Rankin Inlet	Possible predevelopment, Hamlet motion to approve AWAR, build only 1 lane at this time.
2011/10/31	Rankin Inlet	Larry Connell and John Witteman met with the HTO. A PowerPoint presentation was made on the All-weather Access Road and developments at the Meliadine site. The HTO wanted to discuss the alignment of the AWAR to the Meliadine site and the arrangement of Agnico Eagle facilities at Itivia. A more southerly route was proposed by the HTO but Agnico Eagle indicated it was too long and had too many water crossings. The HTO want a role and contract in monitoring wildlife along the AWAR. The arrangement at Itivia was raised but Agnico Eagle did not have maps of the area. Discussion was deferred to the next meeting when Agnico Eagle would bring maps of Itivia and surrounding area. Agreement was reached on a ski-doo trail along the east side of the laydown area.

2012/02/29	Rankin Inlet	A public meeting with the community. The meeting covered the status of the Meliadine Project with emphasis on the planned construction of the Phase 1 AWAR between Rankin Inlet and the Meliadine Project site. Options for a bypass road around the Hamlet were presented with support for keeping Agnico Eagle traffic outside the community. Other topics touched on the fate of the existing Char River Bridge, the formation of a Liaison Committee for Rankin Inlet, plans for the Itivia area and employment opportunities in the building of the road.
2012/04/18	Iqaluit	Presentation made to the NIRB and the NWB on the proposed Meliadine All-weather Access Road and update on the exploration project.
2012/08/16	Rankin Inlet	Site visit of the Phase 1 AWAR by two representatives of the Hunters and Trappers' Organization. Progress on the bridges and road was viewed.
2012/09/11	Rankin Inlet	Site visit of the Phase 1 AWAR by KIA and CLARC representatives. Progress on the bridges and road was viewed.
2013/06/21	Rankin Inlet	Meeting was held with the hamlet and Government Services (GN) concerning the removal of the Char River Bridge, the Apache Pass, and the airport by-pass road.
2013/06/27	Rankin Inlet	Presentation on Agnico Eagle exploration activities, Phase 1 AWAR and road access made to town council, community, Land and Resources, Hunters and Trappers' Organization, Kivalliq Inuit Association, NTI.
2013/07/10	Rankin Inlet	Discussions were held with the Airport Manager and Government Services (GN) concerning the airport by-pass road.
2013/08/08	Rankin Inlet	Meeting with town council, community, Land and Resources, Hunters and Trappers' Organization, Kivalliq Inuit Association, NTI on the Phase 1 AWAR and Road Access Policy – minutes are available.
2013/11/06	Rankin Inlet	Meeting with HTO Board explaining the status of the Project, Phase 1 All-weather Access Road, caribou migration, sewage treatment – minutes available.
2014/05/29	Rankin Inlet	Rankin Inlet Public consultation on the road access by ATV.
2016/05/05	Rankin Inlet	Meeting with the KHTO to discuss the proposed joint Wildlife Monitoring Program to be conducted along the AWAR.

2016/06/09	Rankin Inlet	Meeting with Nunavut Airports, Government Services (GN) and the Hamlet to present the updated road route for the bypass road. The permitting process was also discussed.
2016/07/07	Rankin Inlet	Meeting with the KHTO to discuss the proposed joint Wildlife Monitoring Program to be conducted along the AWAR.
2016/08/25	Rankin Inlet	Meeting with Nunavut Airports, Government Services (GN) and the Hamlet to provide an update on the bypass road design process and hear concerns. The permitting process was also discussed.
2016/09/20	Rankin Inlet	Meeting with KHTO to discuss signage erected on AWAR.
2016/11/28	Rankin Inlet	Pre-Hamlet Council meeting with Nunavut Airports, Government Services (GN) and the Hamlet to discuss the bypass road project. Pre-Council concerns were also shared by all parties.
2016/11/28	Rankin Inlet	Hamlet Council Meeting. Bypass road project presented to request support for the project by the Hamlet.
2016/12/13	Rankin Inlet	Hamlet Council Meeting. Bypass road project receives support from the Hamlet.
2017/02/27	Rankin Inlet	Hamlet Council Meeting. Bypass road project application for lease presented for approval by Council. Outstanding concerns discussed. Vote postponed.
2017/03/13	Rankin Inlet	Hamlet Council Meeting. Bypass road project application for lease discussed. Agnico Eagle is requested to provide design for road extension.
2017/07/17	Rankin Inlet	Meeting with SAO on dust control measures.
2017/07/18	Rankin Inlet	Public meeting on Itivia, including bypass road.
2017/07/27	Rankin Inlet	Information and consultation on Itivia Boat Launch and Johnson's Cove Boat Launch, dust control, road maintenance, bypass road, snowmobile trail, shooting range relocation, caribou migration and gravel pits.
2017/11/24	Rankin Inlet	Visit of bypass road area with HTO and Elder representative. Discussed access for ski-doo's and hunters.
2018/06/05	Rankin Inlet	Meeting regarding Cyanide attended by: Rankin Inlet Emergency Services, HTO, Health Centre, RCMP and Gun Club, Nunavut Parks, Airports and Government. Topics covered included: International Cyanide Management Code, Cyanide transportation to Meliadine, Health and

		Safety regarding Cyanide storage and community sharing of the draft Emergency Response Plan. Main outcomes: Department of defence will restrict access to their site during transportation, Agnico Eagle will provide shipping window and mock drill dates and Agnico Eagle will reach out to other Stakeholders.
2018/06/13	Rankin Inlet	Public meeting on Meliadine and Itivia project update, AWAR health and safety procedures and Caribou Management on the AWAR.
2019/07/31	Rankin Inlet	Rankin Inlet Emergency Services, HTO and Government meeting regarding cyanide. Topics covered included: International Cyanide Management Code, Cyanide transportation to Meliadine, Health and Safety regarding Cyanide storage and community sharing of the draft Emergency Response Plan.
2019/08/18	Rankin Inlet	Rankin Inlet Public meeting regarding cyanide. Topics covered included: International Cyanide Management Code, Cyanide transportation to Meliadine, Health and Safety regarding Cyanide storage and community sharing of the draft Emergency Response Plan.

**APPENDIX B • APPLICABLE ACTS, REGULATIONS, AND GUIDELINES FOR THE ACCESS,
SERVICE AND HAUL ROADS**

Applicable Acts, Regulations, and Guidelines for the Access, Service and Haul Roads

Act	Regulation	Guideline
Federal		
<i>Canadian Environmental Protection Act</i> (1999 c.33)	Storage Tank Systems for Petroleum Products and Allied Petroleum Products Regulations (SOR/2008-197) Environmental Emergency Regulations (SOR/2003-307) Interprovincial Movement of Hazardous Waste and Hazardous Recyclable Material Regulations (SOR/2002-301) Release and Environmental Emergency Notification Regulations (SOR/2011-90)	CCME - Environmental Code of Practice for Aboveground and Underground Storage Tank Systems Containing Petroleum and Allied Petroleum Products Notice with respect to substances in the National Pollutant Release Inventory (threshold for hydrochloric acid 6.8 tonnes) Canada-Wide Standards for Particulate Matter (PM) and Ozone Canada-Wide Standards for Petroleum Hydrocarbons (PHC) in Soil
<i>Canada Wildlife Act</i> (1985 w9)		
<i>Species at Risk Act</i> (2002 c.29)		Species at Risk Policies
<i>Migratory Birds Convention Act</i> (1994 c.22)	Migratory Birds Regulations (C.R.C., c. 1035)	
<i>Canada Water Act</i> (1985 c.11)		
<i>Oceans Act</i> (S.C. 1996, c. 31)		
<i>Arctic Waters Pollution Prevention Act</i> (R.S.C., 1985, c. A-12)	Arctic Waters Pollution Prevention Regulations (C.R.C., c. 354) Arctic Shipping Pollution Prevention Regulations (C.R.C., c. 353)	
<i>Canadian Transportation Accident Investigation and Safety Board Act</i> (S.C. 1989, c. 3)	Transportation Safety Board Regulations (SOR/92-446)	
<i>Canada Shipping Act, 2001</i> (S.C. 2001, c. 26)	Response Organizations and Oil Handling Facilities Regulations (SOR/95-405) Pollutant Discharge Reporting Regulations, 1995 (SOR/95-351) Environmental Response Arrangements Regulations (SOR/2008-275) Ballast Water Control and Management Regulations (SOR/2006-129) Vessel Pollution and Dangerous Chemicals Regulations (SOR/2012-69)	Oil Handling Facilities Standards – TP12402 Environmental Prevention and Response National Preparedness Plan 2008 – TP13585 Guidelines for Reporting Incidents Involving Dangerous Goods, Harmful Substances and/or Marine Pollutants – TP9834E 2009 Arctic Waters Oil Transfer Guidelines, 1997 - TP10783E Response Organizations Standards – TP 12401E 1995 Guidelines for the Control of Ballast Water Discharge from Ships in Waters under Canadian Jurisdiction (TP 13617)

Act	Regulation	Guideline
<i>Navigation Protection Act</i>		
<i>Marine Liability Act</i> (A.C. 2001, c.6)	Marine Liability Regulations (SOR/2002-307)	
Fisheries Act (1985, c. F-14)	Metal Mining Effluent Regulations (SOR/2002-2222)	The Policy for the Management of Fish Habitat
	Marine Mammal Regulations (SOR/93-56)	Guidelines for the Use of Explosives In or Near Canadian Fisheries Waters
		Freshwater Intake End-of-Pipe Fish Screen Guideline
		Standard Operating Procedure – Clear Span Bridges
<i>Safe Containers Convention Act</i> (R.C.C. 1985, c. S-1)		
<i>Transport of Dangerous Goods Act</i> (1992, c. 34)	Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations (SOR/2001-286)	
<i>Explosives Act</i> (1985 c.E-17)	Explosives Regulations (C.R.C., c. 599)	
	Ammonium Nitrate and Fuel Oil Order (C.R.C., c. 598)	
National Fire Code of Canada (2010)		
<i>Nuclear Safety and Control Act</i> (s.c. 1997, c.9)	General Nuclear Safety and Control Regulations (SOR/2000-202)	
<i>Canadian Human Rights Act</i> (R.S.C., 1985, c. H-6)	Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedom	
Canada Labour Code (R.S.C., 1985, c. L-2)	Canada Labour Standards Regulations (C.R.C., c. 986)	
	Canada Occupational Health and Safety Regulations (SOR/86 304)	
<i>Territorial Lands Act</i> (R.S. 1985, c. T-7)	Northwest Territories and Nunavut Mining Regulations (C.R.C., c. 1516)	
	Territorial Land Use Regulations (C.R.C. 1524)	
	Territorial Quarrying Regulations (C.R.C. c. 1527)	
<i>Nunavut Waters and Nunavut Surface Rights Tribunal Act</i> (2002, c.10)	Northwest Territories Waters Regulations (SOR/93/303)	
<i>Nunavut Act</i> (1993 c.28)	Nunavut Archaeological and Paleontological Sites Regulations (SOR/2001-220)	

Act	Regulation	Guideline
<i>Nunavut Land Claims Agreement Act (1993, c.29)</i>		
Territorial - Nunavut		
<i>Environmental Protection Act</i> (RSNWT (nu) 1988, c E-7)	Spill Contingency Planning and Reporting Regulations (NWT Reg (Nu) 068-93) Used Oil and Waste Fuel Management Regulations (NWT Reg 064-2003) [The removal of hazardous materials will require the registration with the Government of Nunavut, Department of Environment as a waste generator as well as carrier (if applicable) prior to transport.]	Guideline on Dust Suppression Guideline for the General Management of Hazardous Waste in Nunavut Guidelines on Mercury-Containing Products and Waste Mercury Environmental Guideline for Waste Asbestos Guideline for Industrial Waste Discharges in Nunavut Guideline for Air Quality – Sulphur Dioxide and Suspended Particulates Guideline for the Management of Waste Antifreeze Guideline for the Management of Waste Batteries Guideline for the Management of Waste Paint Guideline for the Management of Waste Solvents Guideline for Industrial Projects on Commissioner's land Environmental Guideline for Ozone Depleting Substances
<i>Scientists Act</i> (RSNWT (Nu) 1988, c S-4)	Scientists Act Administration Regulations (NWT Reg (Nu) 174-96)	
<i>Historical Resources Act</i> (RSNWT (Nu) 1988, c. H-3)		
<i>Territorial Parks Act</i> (RSNWT (Nu) 1988, c T-4)	Territorial Parks Regulations (RRNWT (Nu) 1990 c T-13)	
<i>Wildlife Act</i> (RSNWT (Nu) 1988, c W-4)	Wildlife General Regulations (NWT Reg (Nu) 026-92) Wildlife Licences And Permits Regulations (NWT Reg (Nu) 027-92) Wildlife Management Barren-Ground Caribou Areas Regulations (NWT Reg (Nu) 099-98) Wildlife Management Grizzly Bear Areas Regulations (NWT Reg (Nu) 155-96)	

Act	Regulation	Guideline
	Wildlife Management Zones Regulations (RRNWT (Nu) 1990 c W-17)	
	Wildlife Regions Regulations (NWT Reg (Nu) 108-98)	
<i>Commissioner's Land Act</i> (RSNWT 1988, c C-11)	Commissioner's Airport Lands Regulations (NWT Reg (Nu) 067-97)	
	Commissioner's Land Regulations (RRNWT 1990, c C-13)	
<i>Safety Act</i> (RSNWT 1988, c.S-1)	General Safety Regulations (RRNWT (Nu) 1990 c S-1)	
	Work Site Hazardous Materials Information System Regulations (RSNWT 1988, C 81 (Supp))	
<i>Mine Health And Safety Act</i> (SNWT (Nu) 1994, c 25)	Mine Health And Safety Regulations (NWT Reg (Nu) 125-95)	
<i>Workers' Compensation Act</i> (RSNWT, 1988, c. W-6)	Workers' Compensation General Regulations (Nu Reg 017-2010)	
<i>Apprenticeship, Trade And Occupations Certification Act</i> (RSNWT (Nu) 1988, c A-4)	Apprenticeship, Trade And Occupations Certification Regulations (RRNWT (Nu) 1990 c A-8)	
<i>Labour Standards Act</i> (RSNWT (Nu) 1988, c L-1)	Annual Vacations Regulations (RRNWT 1990, c.L-1)	
	Educational Work Experience Regulations (RRNWT 1990, c.L-2)	
	Employment of Young Persons Regulations (RRNWT 1990, c.L-3)	
	Labour Standards Meal Regulations (RRNWT 1990, c.L-4)	
	Notice of Termination Exemption Regulations (RRNWT 1990 c.L-5)	
	Pregnancy and Parental Leave Regulations (RRNWT 1990, c.8(Supp.))	
	Reciprocating Jurisdiction Order (RRNWT 1990, c.L-6)	
	Wages Regulations (RRNWT 1990, c.L-7)	
<i>Electrical Protection Act</i> (RSNWT (Nu) 1988, c E-3)	Electrical Protection Regulations (RRNWT 1990 c. E-21)	
<i>Explosives Use Act</i> (RSNWT (Nu) 1988, c E-10)	Explosives Regulations (RRNWT (Nu) 1990 c E-27)	
<i>Petroleum Products Tax Act</i> (RSNWT (Nu) 1988, c P-5)	Petroleum Products Tax Regulations (RRNWT (Nu) 1990 c P-3)	

Act	Regulation	Guideline
<i>Fire Prevention Act</i> (RSNWT (Nu) 1988, c F-6)	Fire Prevention Regulations (RRNWT (Nu) 1990 c F-12)	
<i>Hospital Insurance And Health And Social Services Administration Act</i> (RSNWT 1988, c T-3)	Territorial Hospital Insurance Services Regulations (RRNWT (Nu) 1990 c T-12)	
<i>Public Health Act</i> (RSNWT (Nu) 1988, c P-12)	Camp Sanitation Regulations (RRNWT (Nu) 1990 c P-12) General Sanitation Regulations (RRNWT (Nu) 1990 c P-16)	
<i>All-Terrain Vehicles Act</i> (RSNWT (Nu) 1988, c A-3)	All-Terrain Vehicles Regulations (RRNWT (Nu) 1990 c A-1)	
<i>Motor Vehicles Act</i> (RSNWT (Nu) 1988, c M-16)	Large Vehicle Control Regulations (RRNWT (Nu) 1990 c M-30) Motor Vehicle Registration And Licence Plate Regulations (RWT Reg (Nu) 054-94)	
<i>Public Highways Act</i> (RSNWT (Nu) 1988, c P-13)	Highway Designation And Classification Regulations (NWT Reg (Nu) 047-92)	
<i>Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act</i> (1990. RSNWT (Nu) 1988, c 81 (Supp))	Transportation Of Dangerous Goods Regulations (1991, NWT Reg (Nu) 095-91)	