

DÉTAILS

Description non technique de la proposition de projet

Anglais: Ongoing environmental and anthropogenic changes in the Canadian Arctic have raised concerns regarding the capacity of marine mammal populations to adapt to these new and expanding stressors. In order to assess and mitigate potential impacts from stressors like climate change and the expansion of high Arctic marine shipping activities, a better understanding of contemporary marine mammal stocks, behaviour, and movements in the Canadian High Arctic is needed. Efforts will focus on narwhal (*Monodon monoceros*) and beluga whale (*Delphinapterus leucas*) populations in the Gulf of Boothia and Cumberland Sound, NU during summer and fall. Killer (*Orcinus orca*) and bowhead (*Balaena mysticetus*) whales are also known to inhabit these areas in summer and may be opportunistically sampled as part of this research program. This study will use remotely-piloted aircraft (drones) to collect photographs and video to assess population structure (i.e. age, sex), body condition and behaviour of individuals and groups of whales. Photos will contribute to ongoing photo-identification studies and population abundance estimates. Videos will be used to assess dive behaviour and group dynamics. Additionally, drones will be used to collect blow samples for hormone and genetic analysis. We will use remote tissue biopsy sampling methods to assess genetic relationships, hormone levels, and diet of Arctic whales. Biopsy tissue samples will be collected using custom crossbows, air rifles, and drone-deployed methods. GPS satellite tags will be applied to adult whales to monitor summer movements and provide information on dive behaviour. Location and movement data will be used to monitor behaviour, habitat use, and seasonal migrations. Dive information (time spent at the surface vs. at depth) will be used to inform correction factors to improve population estimates derived from recent aerial surveys conducted throughout the Arctic. Methods will employ least-invasive techniques and technologies to minimize stress on whales and achieve project goals. Drone operations will be led by licensed and experienced pilots and will follow approved standard operating procedures for operating drones near marine mammals. Biopsy sampling and tagging will use remote sampling methods and utilize small boats and drones to deploy biopsy darts and tags on the water or from land. Only trained and experienced operators will be responsible for tagging/biopsy efforts. No animals will be captured or handled during this study. Field studies in Cumberland Sound will be based from the community of Pangnirtung and carried out by two Nunavut Beneficiaries hired through the Pangnirtung Hunters and Trappers Association. Research in the Gulf of Boothia will be carried out by two to four Nunavut Beneficiaries hired through the Taloyoak Umarulirigut Association. Two Fisheries and Oceans (DFO) staff will accompany the Gulf of Boothia field team during the initial onset of the field work in 2025. Work will be based from a local Inuit hunting camp in Lord Mayor Bay (Lat. 69.661422 Long. -92.671292) for a period of 3-4 weeks in summer. Field crews will rent local Inuit-owned cabins for lodging and Inuit-owned small boats (<10 m length) with experienced Inuit boat operators familiar with the local environment and marine mammal behaviour. Crews will operate daily excursions from the base camp when weather permits. Project Schedule: Cumberland Sound: 01-Jun-2025 to 01-Dec-2025 Gulf of Boothia: 01-Aug-2025 to 01-Nov-2025

Français: Déplacements et génétique des baleines dans l'Arctique canadien grâce à la télémétrie par satellite, aux biopsies tissulaires et à la photogrammétrie Description du projet : Les changements environnementaux et anthropiques en cours dans l'Arctique canadien soulèvent des inquiétudes quant à la capacité des populations de mammifères marins à s'adapter à ces nouveaux facteurs de stress en pleine expansion. Afin d'évaluer et d'atténuer les impacts potentiels de facteurs de stress tels que les changements climatiques et l'expansion du transport maritime dans l'Extrême-Arctique, une meilleure compréhension des stocks, du comportement et des déplacements actuels des mammifères marins dans l'Extrême-Arctique canadien est nécessaire. Les efforts porteront sur les populations de narvals (*Monodon monoceros*) et de bélugas (*Delphinapterus leucas*) du golfe de Boothia et de la baie Cumberland, au Nunavut, en été et en automne. L'épaulard (*Orcinus orca*) et la baleine boréale (*Balaena mysticetus*) sont également présents dans ces zones en été et pourraient être échantillonnés de manière opportuniste dans le cadre de ce programme de recherche. Cette étude utilisera des drones pour prendre des photos et des vidéos afin d'évaluer la structure de la population (âge, sexe), l'état corporel et le comportement des baleines, qu'elles soient individuelles ou en groupe. Les photos contribueront aux études de photo-identification en cours et aux estimations de l'abondance de la population. Les vidéos serviront à évaluer le comportement de plongée et la dynamique de groupe. De plus, des drones serviront à prélever des échantillons de souffle pour des analyses hormonales et génétiques. Nous utiliserons des méthodes de prélèvement tissulaire par biopsie à distance pour

Activités

| Emplacement | Type d'activité | Statut des terres | Historique du site | Site à valeur archéologique ou paléontologique | Proximité des collectivités les plus proches et de toute zone protégée |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Cumberland Sound Marine Study Area | Marine Based Activities | Marine | n/a | n/a | Work will be marine-based only. Day trips from Pangnirtung by boat. |
| Gulf of Boothia Marine Study Area | Marine Based Activities | Marine | n/a | n/a | ~50 km northeast of Taloyoak, NU. Marine-based research using small boats. |
| Lord Mayor Bay Hunting Camp | Camp | Crown | Established hunting camp for Taloyoak community members. | n/a | ~50 km northeast of Taloyoak. |

Engagement de la collectivité et avantages pour la région

| Collectivité | Nom | Organisme | Date de la prise de contact |
|--------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Taloyoak | Jimmy Ullikatalik | Taloyoak Umarulirigut Assoc. | 2024-11-01 |
| Pangnirtung | Mark Kilabuk | Pangnirtung HTA | 2025-02-01 |

Autorisations

Indiquez les zones dans lesquelles le projet est situé:

Transboundary
Kitikmeot
South Baffin

Autorisations

| Organisme de régulation | Description des autorisations | État actuel | Date de l'émission/de la demande | Date d'échéance |
|----------------------------|--|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Pêches et Océans Canada | License to Fish for Scientific Purposes # S-25/26-1015-NU | Active | 2025-05-28 | 2025-12-31 |
| Office des eaux du Nunavut | Water Use/Disposal without a license. Application submitted 2025-04-17. | Applied, Decision Pending | | |
| Pêches et Océans Canada | Canadian Marine Mammals Regulations: Sec. 38 Authorization to Disturb a Marine Mammal. Application submitted 2025-04-22. | Applied, Decision Pending | | |
| Pêches et Océans Canada | Animal Use Protocol - Unmanned Aerial Vehicles (drones) Photogrammetry. AUP-2025-16. | Active | 2025-04-30 | 2025-12-31 |
| Pêches et Océans Canada | Animal Use Protocol - Blow Collection from Arctic Whales. AUP-2025-14. | Active | 2025-04-30 | 2025-12-31 |
| Pêches et Océans Canada | Animal Use Protocol - Tagging and Biopsy Methods. AUP-2025-12. | Active | 2025-04-30 | 2025-12-31 |

Project transportation types

| Transportation Type | Utilisation proposée | Length of Use |
|---------------------|--|---------------|
| Water | Use of small boats to transport gear and personnel to site and to conduct marine-based research. | |

Project accomodation types

Temporary Camp
Autre,

Utilisation de matériel

Équipement à utiliser (y compris les perceuses, les pompes, les aéronefs, les véhicules, etc.)

| Type d'équipement | Quantité | Taille – Dimensions | Utilisation proposée |
|--------------------|----------|---------------------|--|
| Boat | 1 | <30' | Cumberland Sound: Used to search for whales and conduct drone-based photogrammetry and tagging and biopsy sampling activities. |
| Boat | 2-3 | <30' | Gulf of Boothia: Used to transport field gear and personnel from Middle Lake (Taloyoak) to Lord Mayor Bay. Boats will be use in Lord Mayor Bay to search for whales and conduct drone-based photogrammetry and tagging and biopsy sampling activities. |
| Drone | 1 | n/a | Gulf of Boothia and Cumberland Sound: Small drones will be used to record imagery and videography of whales, biopsy whales, and to monitor whales post tagging/biopsy collection. Various models of DJI drones will be used including: Mini SE, Mini 3, Mini 4 Pro, Mavic 3, Mavic 2, Inspire, Phantom 4 Pro, and Matrice 300. |
| Crossbow/Air Rifle | 2 | n/a | Gulf of Boothia and Cumberland Sound: Custom designed crossbows and air rifles will be used for projecting tag and biopsy bolts/darts. |
| ATV | 1 | n/a | Gulf of Boothia: ATV will be used to transport gear and haul boats over designated portages along the chain of lakes from Middle Lake to Lord Mayor Bay during camp setup and demobilization. |

Décrivez l'utilisation du carburant et des marchandises dangereuses

| Décrivez l'utilisation de carburant : | Type de carburant | Nombre de conteneurs | Capacité du conteneur | Quantité totale | Unités | Utilisation proposée |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------|---|
| Gasoline | fuel | 10 | 205 | 2050 | Liters | Gulf of Boothia: fuel used for boat operation |

| | | | | | | |
|----------|------|----|-----|------|--------|---|
| | | | | | | and general camp use (generator). |
| Gasoline | fuel | 10 | 205 | 2050 | Liters | Cumberland Sound: Gasoline will be used in small boats to locate and sample whales. No fuel will be stored or used on land. |
| Other | fuel | 4 | 4 | 16 | Liters | Gulf of Boothia: Naphtha used for cooking/heat source in camp |

Consommation d'eau

| Quantité quotidienne (m3) | Méthodes de récupération de l'eau proposées | Emplacement de récupération de l'eau proposé |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| 0 | We will hand fill portable water jugs. | local surface waters <100m from camp. |

Déchets

Gestion des déchets

| Activités du projet | Type des déchets | Quantité prévue | Méthode d'élimination | Procédures de traitement supplémentaires |
|---------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|---|---|
| Camp | Eaux grises | ~100 L | shallow pit >50 m from local surface waters | pit will be filled in following project completion |
| Camp | Eaux usées (matières de vidange) | ~20L | composting toilets on-site in Lord Mayor Bay camp | Toilets are maintained >100 m from local surface waters |

Répercussions environnementales :

Research in Cumberland Sound will be conducted by daily boat excursions from Pangnirtung when weather permits and whales are reported in the sound. Environmental impacts will be limited to typical operation of a small vessel in a marine environment and are considered negligible. Similarly, research in the Gulf of Boothia will be largely marine-based requiring the operation of small, gasoline powered vessels. Environmental impacts associated with these activities are considered negligible. Environmental impacts associated with the temporary field camp in Lord Mayor Bay will be mitigated by setting up within the footprint of an existing Inuit hunting camp. All garbage/waste produced during the program will be removed at the end of the program and returned to Taloyoak for proper disposal.

Additional Information

SECTION A1: Project Info

SECTION A2: Allweather Road

SECTION A3: Winter Road

SECTION B1: Project Info

SECTION B2: Exploration Activity

SECTION B3: Geosciences

SECTION B4: Drilling

SECTION B5: Stripping

SECTION B6: Underground Activity

SECTION B7: Waste Rock

SECTION B8: Stockpiles

SECTION B9: Mine Development

SECTION B10: Geology

SECTION B11: Mine

SECTION B12: Mill

SECTION C1: Pits

SECTION D1: Facility

SECTION D2: Facility Construction

SECTION D3: Facility Operation

SECTION D4: Vessel Use

SECTION E1: Offshore Survey

SECTION E2: Nearshore Survey

SECTION E3: Vessel Use

SECTION F1: Site Cleanup

SECTION G1: Well Authorization

SECTION G2: Onland Exploration

SECTION G3: Offshore Exploration

SECTION G4: Rig

SECTION H1: Vessel Use

Small (<25 ft) vessels operated by experienced local hunters will be used for transportation and for searching for and sampling whales. Crews (2-4 members per crew) will conduct daily excursions from a base location when weather permits.

SECTION H2: Disposal At Sea

n/a

SECTION I1: Municipal Development

Description de l'environnement existant : Environnement physique

Field research activities will be marine-based. Research within Cumberland Sound will be community based with day trips from Pangnirtung by boat. No terrestrial activities are planned for this region. Narwhal, beluga, bowhead, and occasionally killer whales are known to migrate through the sound during summer. The Cumberland Sound beluga population is currently listed as "Threatened" under the federal Species at Risk Act. Areas within the northern extent of the sound, particularly within Clearwater Fiord, are known to provide important habitat for beluga whales during the open water season. More information is required to further understanding of the dynamics and health of this population to inform conservation and management decisions. Research conducted in the Gulf of Boothia will focus on the Baffin Bay narwhal population, known to access this area during the summer months. Bowhead whales also frequent this area during the summer months and will be opportunistically sampled as part of this program. Access to the Gulf of Boothia will follow existing transportation routes by boat through a series of freshwater lakes and overland portages from Taloyoak to Lord Mayor Bay. Research crews will use a temporary camp setup in an existing Inuit hunt camp on Lord Mayor Bay and will work with the local hunters to conduct research. Research activities will be marine-based with day trips from the camp to accessible areas within the bay.

Description de l'environnement existant : Environnement biologique

Cumberland Sound is a large ~300km long inlet on the southeast corner of Baffin Island in the Qikiqtaaluk Region, Nunavut. The coastline is marked by steep, rocky cliffs and characteristic deep, clear waters. The sound provides valuable seasonal habitat for whales during the summer months. Narwhal, beluga, bowhead, and occasionally killer whales migrate through this area in summer to carry out various ecological activities. These whales provide important subsistence foods for local residents of Pangnirtung, the only permanent settlement on the sound. The Gulf of Boothia is a large, uninhabited area divided by the Kitikmeot (west) and Qikiqtaaluk (east) Regions of Nunavut. This area provides rich marine diversity and provides valuable habitat for whales migrating through the area in summer. Community members from Taloyoak, located approximately 40 km southwest, traditionally use this area for subsistence harvesting marine mammals and migratory birds during the spring and summer. Studies based in Lord Mayor Bay, the easternmost extent of the gulf, will be coordinated with the assistance of local hunters and will include a temporary field camp established within an existing Inuit hunting camp.

Description de l'environnement existant : Environnement socio-économique

Both study areas support subsistence harvest of marine mammals and some sport hunting and tourism activities. Cumberland Sound also supports a growing commercial turbot fishery for residents of Pangnirtung. As previously stated, Cumberland Sound provides seasonal marine habitat for the Cumberland Sound beluga population which is currently listed as "Threatened" under the federal Species at Risk Act.

Miscellaneous Project Information

Identification des répercussions et mesures d'atténuation proposées

This research will have negligible socioeconomic or environmental impacts. Some temporary disturbance and/or discomfort may be experienced by whales that are targeted for tagging/biopsy sampling, however, no long-term effects are expected. Environmental impacts will be limited to typical operation of a small vessel in a marine environment and are considered negligible. All project related materials will be removed from site at the end of the program.

Répercussions cumulatives

This research will have positive socioeconomic and environmental benefits to Nunavut. This project will provide employment and training opportunities to Nunavut beneficiaries which will lead to future projects and community-led research initiatives. This research will also provide much needed information on Arctic whale ecology which will help support conservation efforts and management objectives. Information gathered will be shared with local Hunters and Trappers organizations, local governments, knowledge keepers, and local residents through community engagement and in-person and virtual meetings.

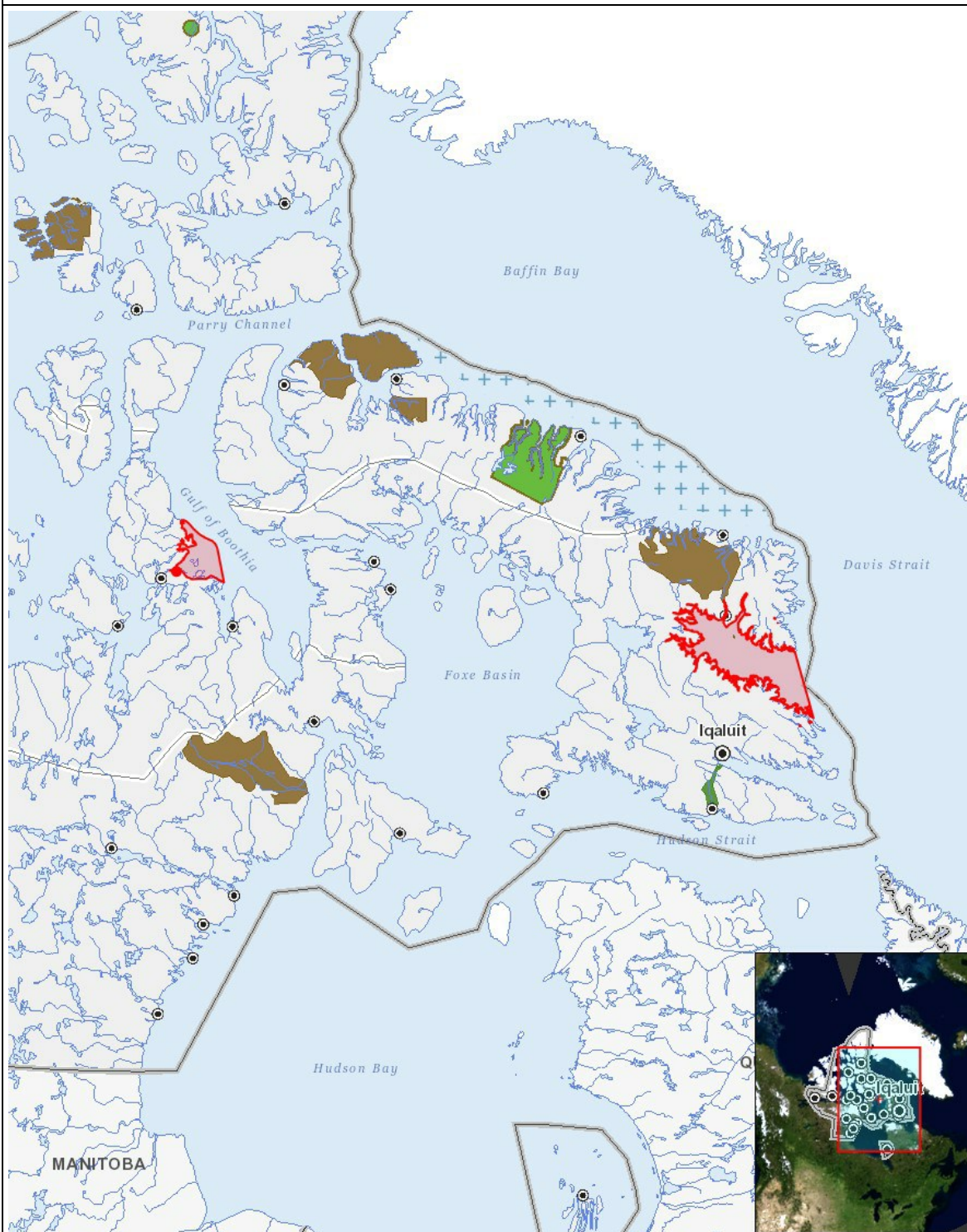
Impacts

Identification des répercussions environnementales

| | PHYSICAL | Designated environmental areas | Ground stability | Permafrost | Hydrology / Limnology | Water quality | Climate conditions | Eskers and other unique or fragile landscapes | Surface and bedrock geology | Sediment and soil quality | Tidal processes and bathymetry | Air quality | Noise levels | BIOLOGICAL | Vegetation | Wildlife, including habitat and migration patterns | Birds, including habitat and migration patterns | Aquatic species, incl. habitat and migration/spawning | Wildlife protected areas | SOCIO-ECONOMIC | Archaeological and cultural historic sites | Employment | Community wellness | Community infrastructure | Human health |
|-------------------------|----------|--------------------------------|------------------|------------|-----------------------|---------------|--------------------|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------|------------|------------|--|---|---|--------------------------|----------------|--|------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| Construction | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Exploitation | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Camp | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | - | - | - | - | - | | P | - | - | - | |
| Marine Based Activities | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | P | - | P | P | - | | P | - | - | - | |
| Désaffectation | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |

(P = Positive, N = Négative et non gérable, M = Négative et gérable, U = Inconnue)

Site du projet



Liste des géométries de projet

- | | | |
|---|----------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | polygone | Cumberland Sound Marine Study Area |
| 2 | polygone | Gulf of Boothia Marine Study Area |
| 3 | point | Lord Mayor Bay Hunting Camp |