



**Kahuna Property**  
**2019 Work Plan**  
**Dunnedin Ventures Inc.**

Submitted: November 27, 2018

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# 1 Introduction

Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (Dunnedin) Kahuna Property is located between the communities of Rankin Inlet (Kangiqliniq) and Chesterfield Inlet (Igluigaarjuk) in the Kivalliq Region of Nunavut. The Kahuna Property currently hosts known gold and diamond occurrences and comprises 152 mineral claims encompassing 173,744.2 hectares (Figure 1). Of the 152 claims, Dunnedin owns 59 claims 100%, Solstice Gold Corp. (Solstice) owns 74 claims 100% and 19 claims are jointly held with ownership shared 50% Dunnedin and 50% Solstice.

The exploration program planned and proposed for 2019 will consist of activities that are currently authorized on the property including: rock, till and soil sampling, prospecting and geological mapping, ground geophysical surveying, diamond drilling, reverse circulation drilling and bulk sampling. Operations will be based out of the Kahuna Camp.

Exploration activities on the Kahuna Property are authorized by CIRNAC Land Use Permit N2015C0019, KIA Land Use Licence KVL315B01, KIA Land Use Licence KVR16F01 and NWB Water Licence 2BE-KDP1722.

CIRNAC Land Use Permit N2015C0019 expires on July 16, 2019. A permit renewal application, with no amendments in scope to those activities authorized by N2015C0019, has been submitted to CIRNAC for issuance of a new Land Use Permit to authorize continued exploration on the Property.

## 2 Corporate Structure

Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (Dunnedin) is a Vancouver-based exploration company whose main focus is the Kahuna Property in the Kivalliq Region of Nunavut. Dunnedin entered into an option agreement to fully acquire the property in January 2015. Chris Taylor is the Chief Executive Officer, Claudia Tornquist is President, Tony Ricci serves as the Chief Financial Officer. Jeff Ward is the VP Exploration and Andrew Berry serves as the VP Operations. Dunnedin is committed to the social and economic development of the north while maintaining a level of excellence in minimizing environmental impacts.

On January 31, 2018, Dunnedin announced the completion of a Plan of Arrangement (POA) involving the spinout to a new company of the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary Solstice Gold Corp (Solstice). Following the spinout, Solstice holds Dunnedin's rights to all metals including gold on the Kahuna Property, with primary rights to all metals including gold on 74 mineral claims with ownership held 100% by Solstice, and secondary rights to all metals including gold on 59 mineral claims with ownership held 100% by Dunnedin. Under the POA, Dunnedin retains diamond rights on the Kahuna Property as primary diamond rights to 59 mineral claims with ownership held 100% by Dunnedin and as secondary mineral rights on 74 mineral claims with ownership held 100% by Solstice. An additional 19 mineral claims are jointly owned 50% by Dunnedin and 50% by Solstice whereby; Solstice has primary rights to all metals, including gold, defined by an internal boundary over parts of those mineral claims as and secondary rights to all metals including gold over the remaining parts of those mineral claims and, whereby; Dunnedin has primary diamond rights defined by an internal boundary over parts of those mineral claims as and secondary diamond rights to the remaining parts of those mineral claims.

In late-March 2018, Dunnedin commenced construction of the Kahuna Camp to support exploration on the Kahuna Property. Exploration activities conducted from the Kahuna Camp were consistent with those outlined in the 2018 Work Plan submitted to CIRNAC and other regulators on November 30, 2017. With the consent, authorization and assistance of Dunnedin, Solstice's gold exploration program was run concurrent to

Dunnedin's exploration program from the Kahuna Camp. Together, Dunnedin and its spin out company Solstice Gold Corp. shared staff, contractors, suppliers and local services while undertaking exploration on the Kahuna Property in 2018.

### 3 Property Description and Location

The Kahuna Property comprises 152 mineral claims encompassing 173,744.2 hectares of land located on NTS map sheets 0550/02, 0550/03, 0550/04, 0550/05, 0550/06, 0550/07, 055J/13, 055J/14, 055N/01 and 055N08 (Table 1, Figure 2). The southern boundary of the property adjoins the north boundary of subsurface Inuit Owned Land (IOL) parcel RI-01, approximately 25 kilometres northeast of Rankin Inlet. The northeast corner of the property is located approximately 10 kilometres southeast of Chesterfield Inlet. The northwest corner of the property is located approximately 75 kilometres west of Chesterfield Inlet. A total of 82 mineral claims have surface rights covering 87,570 Ha that are within, or partially within, the boundaries of surface Inuit Owned Land parcel CI-15.

The property increased from 29 mineral claims covering 33,810.8 Ha in to 109 mineral claims covering 124,138.6 Ha in 2016. 36 mineral claims covering 42,324 Ha were added in September 2017. An additional 7 mineral claims covering 8,420 Ha were staked in May 2018 (Recorded on June 22, 2018).

Of the total 152 claims, Dunnedin owns 59 claims 100%, Solstice owns 74 claims 100% and 19 claims are jointly held with ownership shared 50% Dunnedin and 50% Solstice.

The Property extends north, south, east and west between Latitudes 62°58' and 63°19' North and Longitudes 90°44' and 92°13' West (UTM coordinates: 6,983,000mN to 7,023,000mN and 539,000mE to 614,000mE, NAD83, Zone 15).

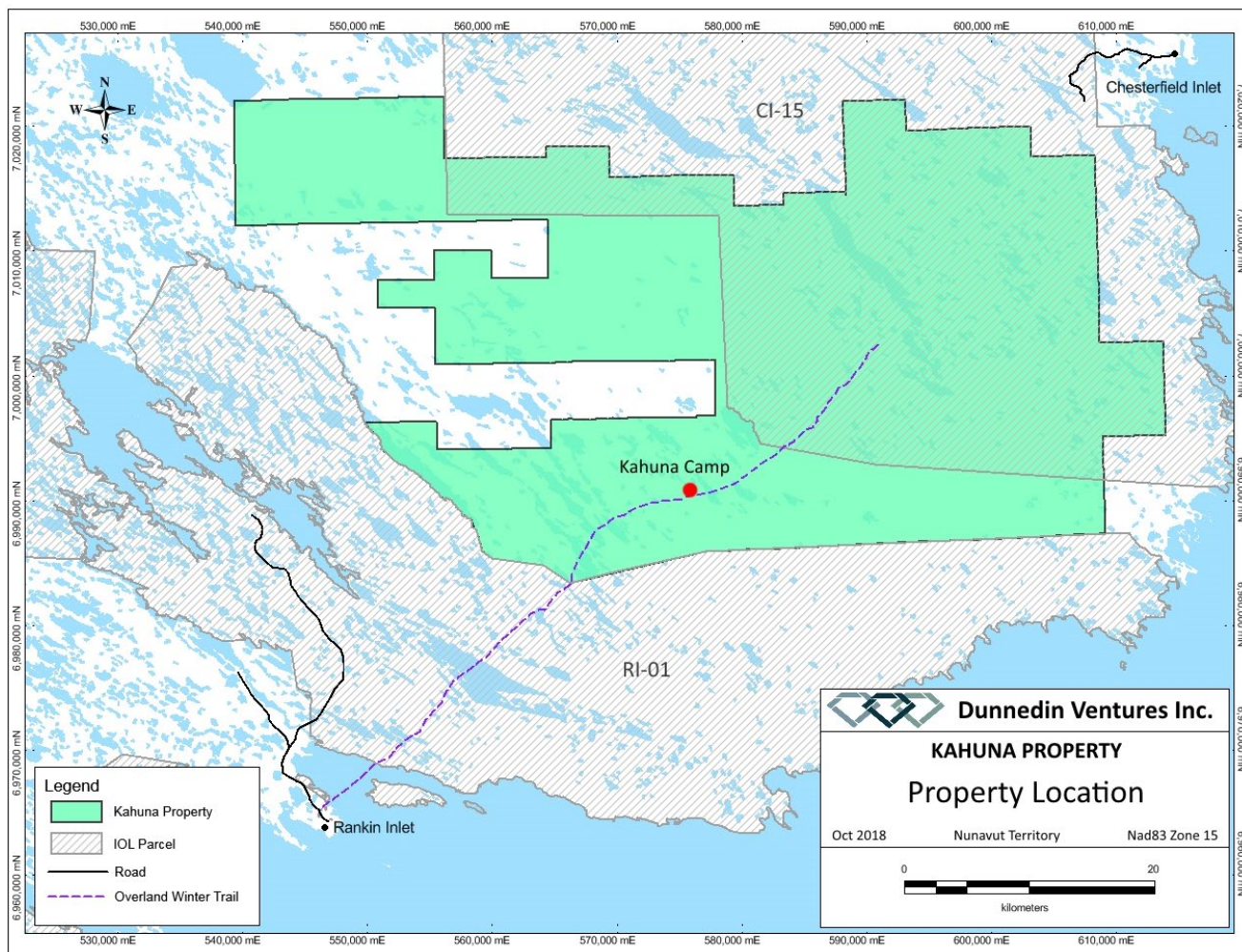
**TABLE 1: KAHUNA PROPERTY LAND TENURE**

Claim Name	Claim Number	Area (Ha)	Issue Date	Anniversary Date	Owner	Status
KH 1	F93355	1250	12-Aug-14	12-Aug-21	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 2	F93356	1250	12-Aug-14	12-Aug-22	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 3	F93357	1250	12-Aug-14	12-Aug-19	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 4	F95587	1250	12-Aug-14	12-Aug-21	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 5	F95588	1250	12-Aug-14	12-Aug-20	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 6	F95589	1250	12-Aug-14	12-Aug-20	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 10	F95585	1153.1	12-Aug-14	12-Aug-24	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 11	F95586	750.8	12-Aug-14	12-Aug-19	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 15	F94930	1250	3-Mar-15	3-Mar-23	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 19	F95185	1250	3-Mar-15	3-Mar-23	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 20	F95186	1250	3-Mar-15	3-Mar-20	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 24	F95190	1250	3-Mar-15	3-Mar-21	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 25	F95191	1250	3-Mar-15	3-Mar-22	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 26	F95192	1250	3-Mar-15	3-Mar-20	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 27	F95193	694.9	3-Mar-15	3-Mar-25	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 28	F95194	1184.8	3-Mar-15	3-Mar-25	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 54	K90381	1045.2	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 55	K90382	1045.2	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 57	K90384	1045.2	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 58	K90385	1045.2	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 59	K90386	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE

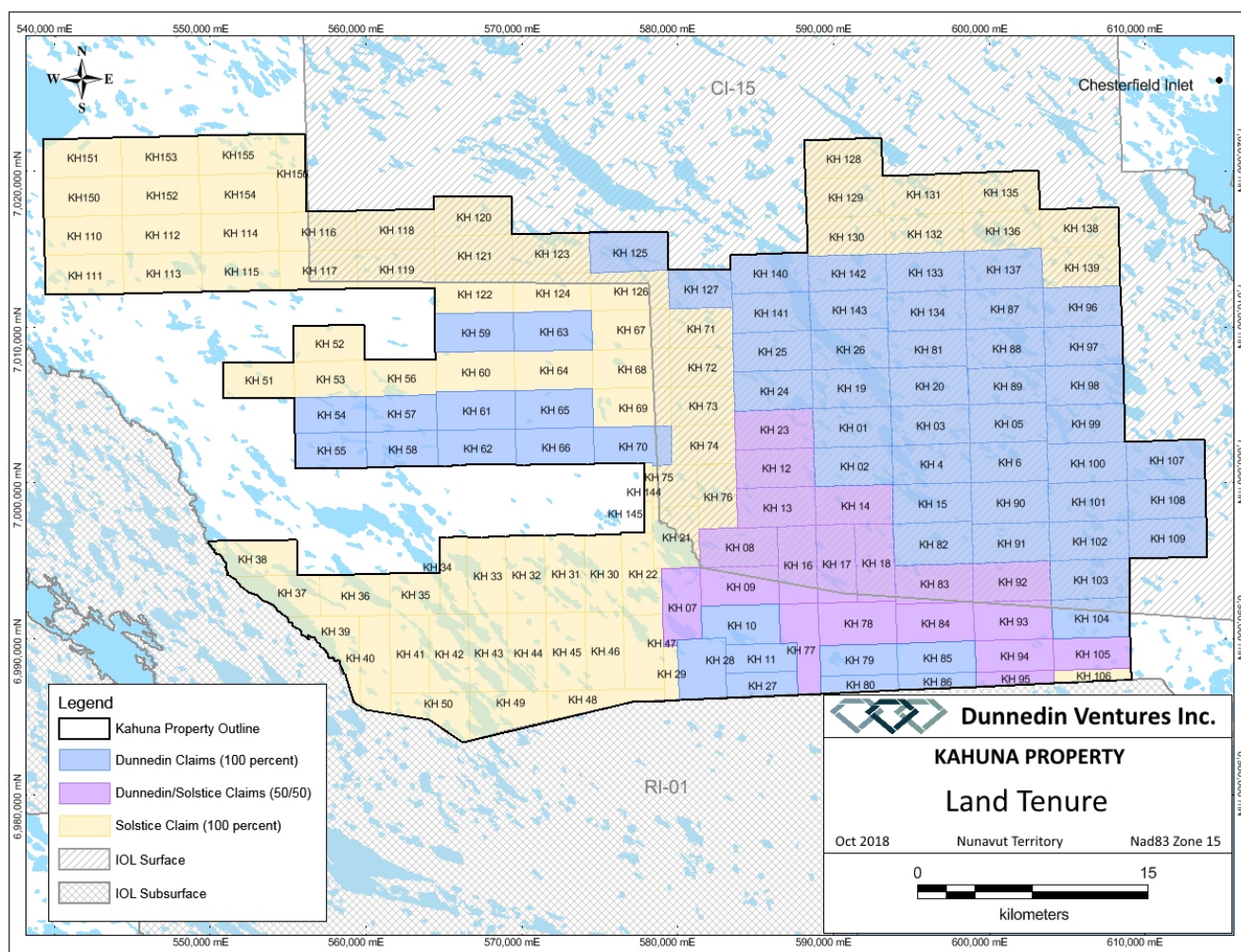
Claim Name	Claim Number	Area (Ha)	Issue Date	Anniversary Date	Owner	Status
KH 61	K90388	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 62	K90389	1156.9	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 63	K90390	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 65	K90392	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 66	K90393	1155.6	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-26	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 70	F93679	1184.7	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-26	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 79	K90347	1000	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-23	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 80	K90348	533.1	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-23	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 81	K90349	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-20	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 82	K90350	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-20	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 85	K90353	1000	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-26	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 86	K90354	490.4	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-22	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 87	K90355	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-19	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 88	K90356	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-19	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 89	K90357	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-19	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 90	K90358	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-20	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 91	K90359	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-20	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 96	K90364	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-20	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 97	K90365	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-20	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 98	K90366	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-19	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 99	K90367	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 100	K90368	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-20	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 101	K90369	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-19	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 102	K90370	1156.9	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 103	K90371	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 104	K90372	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 107	K90375	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-20	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 108	K90376	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-19	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 109	K90377	1249.8	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 125	K91825	1218.84	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 127	K91827	972.86	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 133	K91833	1219.64	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 134	K91834	1223.43	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 137	K91837	1225.26	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 140	K91840	1210.26	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 141	K91841	1212.55	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 142	K91842	1096.19	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 143	K91743	1219.67	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 7	F95582	1149.5	12-Aug-14	12-Aug-24	Dunnedin (50%) Solstice (50%)	ACTIVE
KH 8	F95583	1250	12-Aug-14	12-Aug-24	Dunnedin (50%) Solstice (50%)	ACTIVE
KH 9	F95584	1250	12-Aug-14	12-Aug-24	Dunnedin (50%) Solstice (50%)	ACTIVE
KH 12	F94927	1250	3-Mar-15	3-Mar-25	Dunnedin (50%) Solstice (50%)	ACTIVE
KH 13	F94928	1250	3-Mar-15	3-Mar-25	Dunnedin (50%) Solstice (50%)	ACTIVE
KH 14	F94929	1250	3-Mar-15	3-Mar-20	Dunnedin (50%) Solstice (50%)	ACTIVE
KH 16	F95182	1250	3-Mar-15	3-Mar-25	Dunnedin (50%) Solstice (50%)	ACTIVE
KH 17	F95183	1250	3-Mar-15	3-Mar-25	Dunnedin (50%) Solstice (50%)	ACTIVE
KH 18	F95184	1250	3-Mar-15	3-Mar-25	Dunnedin (50%) Solstice (50%)	ACTIVE
KH 23	F95189	1250	3-Mar-15	3-Mar-21	Dunnedin (50%) Solstice (50%)	ACTIVE
KH 77	K90345	1076.9	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-21	Dunnedin (50%) Solstice (50%)	ACTIVE
KH 78	K90346	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-26	Dunnedin (50%) Solstice (50%)	ACTIVE
KH 83	K90351	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-19	Dunnedin (50%) Solstice (50%)	ACTIVE

Claim Name	Claim Number	Area (Ha)	Issue Date	Anniversary Date	Owner	Status
KH 84	K90352	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Dunnedin (50%) Solstice (50%)	ACTIVE
KH 92	K90360	1156.9	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-20	Dunnedin (50%) Solstice (50%)	ACTIVE
KH 93	K90361	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Dunnedin (50%) Solstice (50%)	ACTIVE
KH 94	K90362	1000	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Dunnedin (50%) Solstice (50%)	ACTIVE
KH 95	K90363	447.7	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-19	Dunnedin (50%) Solstice (50%)	ACTIVE
KH 105	K90373	1000	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Dunnedin (50%) Solstice (50%)	ACTIVE
KH 21	F95187	1195.9	3-Mar-15	3-Mar-25	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 22	F95188	1127.3	3-Mar-15	3-Mar-25	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 29	F95195	304.5	3-Mar-15	3-Mar-25	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 30	F80214	1230.4	30-Aug-16	30-Aug-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 31	F80219	1246.6	30-Aug-16	30-Aug-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 32	F80220	1245.5	30-Aug-16	30-Aug-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 33	K90296	1245.4	30-Aug-16	30-Aug-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 34	K90297	878.1	30-Aug-16	30-Aug-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 35	K90298	867.3	30-Aug-16	30-Aug-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 36	K90299	1201.1	30-Aug-16	30-Aug-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 37	K90300	1077.3	30-Aug-16	30-Aug-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 38	K90301	1122.9	30-Aug-16	30-Aug-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 39	K90302	1164.9	30-Aug-16	30-Aug-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 40	K90303	1232.4	30-Aug-16	30-Aug-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 41	K90304	1250	30-Aug-16	30-Aug-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 42	K90305	1250	30-Aug-16	30-Aug-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 43	K90306	1250	30-Aug-16	30-Aug-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 44	K90307	1250	30-Aug-16	30-Aug-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 45	K90308	1250	30-Aug-16	30-Aug-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 46	K90309	1240.6	30-Aug-16	30-Aug-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 47	K90310	1250	30-Aug-16	30-Aug-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 48	F92423	918.4	30-Aug-16	30-Aug-26	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 49	F92424	1249.8	30-Aug-16	30-Aug-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 50	F92425	1045.2	30-Aug-16	30-Aug-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 51	K90378	1045.2	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 52	K90379	1045.2	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 53	K90380	1045.2	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 56	K90383	1045.2	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 60	K90387	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 64	K90391	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 67	K90394	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 68	F93676	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 69	F93678	1250	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 71	F93681	1012.1	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 72	F93682	1017.7	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 73	F93683	1023.4	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 74	F93684	1029.1	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-22	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 75	F93680	823.1	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-26	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 76	F93685	1080.9	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-22	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 106	K90374	405.1	14-Dec-16	14-Dec-18	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 110	K91810	1213.2	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 111	K91811	1222.22	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 112	K91812	1220.78	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 113	K91813	1217.36	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 114	K91814	1221.19	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE

Claim Name	Claim Number	Area (Ha)	Issue Date	Anniversary Date	Owner	Status
KH 115	K91815	1189.28	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 116	K91816	1230.14	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 117	K91817	1201.22	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 118	K91818	1229.13	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 119	K91819	1198.29	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 120	K91820	1211.24	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 121	K91821	1222.5	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 122	K91822	1198.63	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 123	K91823	1218.88	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 124	K91824	1189.1	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 126	K91826	1192.13	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 128	K91828	1218.96	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 129	K91829	1224.25	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 130	K91830	1203.08	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 131	K91831	1225.07	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 132	K91832	1208.54	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 135	K91835	1221.65	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 136	K91836	1207.35	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 138	K91838	1225.26	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 139	K91839	1250	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-19	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 144	K91744	126.18	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-27	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 145	K91745	101.24	24-Oct-17	24-Oct-27	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 146	K91746	1250	22-Jun-18	22-Jun-20	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 147	K91747	1250	22-Jun-18	22-Jun-20	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 148	K91748	1250	22-Jun-18	22-Jun-20	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 149	K91749	1250	22-Jun-18	22-Jun-20	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 150	K91750	1250	22-Jun-18	22-Jun-20	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 151	K91751	1250	22-Jun-18	22-Jun-20	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
KH 152	K91752	920	22-Jun-18	22-Jun-20	Solstice Gold Corp. (100%)	ACTIVE
Total Area (Ha)		173,744.17				



**FIGURE 1: KAHUNA PROPERTY LOCATION MAP**



**FIGURE 2: KAHUNA PROPERTY LAND TENURE**

## 4 Permitting

Mineral exploration and camp activities on the Kahuna Property are authorized by Crown-Indigenous Relations and Northern Affairs Canada (CIRNAC) Land Use Permit N2015C0019, Kivalliq Inuit Association (KIA) Land Use Licence KVL315B01, KIA Land Use Licence KVR16F01 and Nunavut Water Board (NWB) Water Licence 2BE-KDP1722. CIRNAC Land Use Permit N2015C0019 expires on July 16, 2019. A permit renewal application, with no amendments in scope to those activities authorized by N2015C0019, has been submitted to CIRNAC for issuance of a new Land Use Permit to authorize continued exploration on the Property. Please refer to Section 7 for details of the proposed 2019 work program.

The details of Dunnedin's current permits and licences on the Kahuna Property are shown below in Table 2.

**TABLE 2: KAHUNA PROPERTY 2018 PERMITS & LICENCES**

Licence #	Type of Land Use	Issued By	NIRB File #	Expiry Date
N2015C0019	Class A. Mining (Exploration)	CIRNAC (INAC)	15EN028	16-Jul-19
KVL315B01	Staking & Prospecting, Exploration, Drilling, Bulk Sampling	KIA	15EN028	1-Nov-19
KVRW16F01	Right of Way (Overland Winter Trail)	KIA	15EN028	1-Apr-19
2BE-KDP1722	Type "B", mineral exploration, drilling	NWB	15EN028	30-May-22

Mineral exploration activities authorized by these permits and licences include: prospecting and staking, rock, till and soil sampling, geological mapping, ground geophysical surveying, bulk sampling, diamond drilling and RC/RAB (Reverse Circulation/Rotary Air Blast) drilling.

Amendments in 2018 to CIRNAC Permit N2015C0019 and NWB Licence 2BE-KDP1722 authorized establishment of the Kahuna Camp approximately 40 kilometres northeast of Rankin Inlet and 50 kilometres southwest of Chesterfield Inlet. A fuel cache at the camp site with up to 150 jet fuel drums, 150 diesel drums, 10 gasoline drums and 20 cylinders of propane is permitted. Temporary supply caches of less than nine drums will be located at drill sites and bulk sampling sites to support drilling and bulk sampling operations. A permitted overland winter trail to these occurrences follows a pre-existing route between Rankin Inlet and Chesterfield Inlet (KVRW16F01, Figure 1).

## 5 Contact Information

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## 6 Work to Date

### 6.1 2015 Program

Dunnedin completed its first work program on the Kahuna Property in 2015. Between July 15 and August 13, 2015, a field crew conducted regional till sampling, ground truthing of kimberlite targets and mini bulk sampling. The helicopter-supported exploration program was based out of Rankin Inlet and utilized a field crew of four to six personnel. A total of 122 regional till samples were collected and the Kahuna, Notch, PST and KEM/Killiq kimberlite exposures were examined. Minibulk samples were collected by hand tools from the Notch showing (2,420.5 kg) and the PST showing (2,506.0 kg). Character samples were collected from the Kahuna kimberlite (324.2 kg) and the KEM kimberlite (100 kg). Wildlife monitors were employed from Rankin Inlet to provide wildlife movement advice and to ensure the safety of the field crews.

### 6.2 2016 Program

The 2016 exploration program was conducted over ten days in August and consisted of the collection of approximately 1100 till samples. Field crews were based out of Rankin Inlet and transported to sample sites daily via helicopter. Wildlife monitors were employed from Chesterfield Inlet to provide wildlife movement advice and to ensure the safety of field crews.

### 6.3 2017 Program

Exploration work in 2017 included soil and till sampling, rock sampling, prospecting, geological mapping and the collection of airphoto's using drones (Figure 4). Work began with the mobilization of a four-man crew to Rankin Inlet on June 15, 2017. The helicopter-supported program ran from June 15 to September 30, 2017 and was based out of Rankin Inlet. Wildlife monitors from Chesterfield Inlet collected wildlife observations and ensured the safety of field crews.

The 2017 prospecting and geological mapping program targeted areas of interest identified during the 2015 and 2016 field seasons and followed up on geophysical anomalies. The program ran for ten weeks between June 15 and September 30, 2017. A total of 602 rock samples were collected in approximately 310 line kilometres of prospecting traverses on the Kahuna Property. Airphotos, using a light weight drone, were collected concurrently with the prospecting program and covered approximately 110 square kilometres.

The 2017 property-wide till sampling program was conducted over 31 days between August 9 and September 17, 2017 and included the collection on 3456 samples. Additionally, two soil sampling grids were placed over areas with surface geochemical anomalies and geophysical conductors to test the efficacy of the sample method on the property. A two day soil sampling exercise collected 80 soil samples.

## 6.4 2018 Program

In late-March 2018, Dunnedin commenced construction of the Kahuna Camp to support exploration on the Kahuna Property. As authorized by Dunnedin's current licences and permits, exploration activities conducted from the Kahuna camp were consistent with those outlined in the 2018 Work Plan submitted to CIRNAC and other regulators on November 30, 2017. With the agreement, consent and assistance of Dunnedin, Solstice's gold exploration program was run concurrent to Dunnedin's exploration program from the Kahuna Camp. Together, Dunnedin and its spin out company Solstice shared staff, contractors, suppliers and local services while undertaking exploration on the Kahuna Property in 2018.

Dunnedin conducted a two-phase RAB drilling program in 2018 which completed 33 holes totalling 1883 metres. The first phase commenced in late-March with the mobilization of equipment to Rankin Inlet. From April 11 to April 30, 13 holes totalling 802 metres were drilled on five target areas. Solstice utilized the same RAB drill as Dunnedin, and between May 1 and May 21, 2018 completed 69 holes totaling 499 metres.

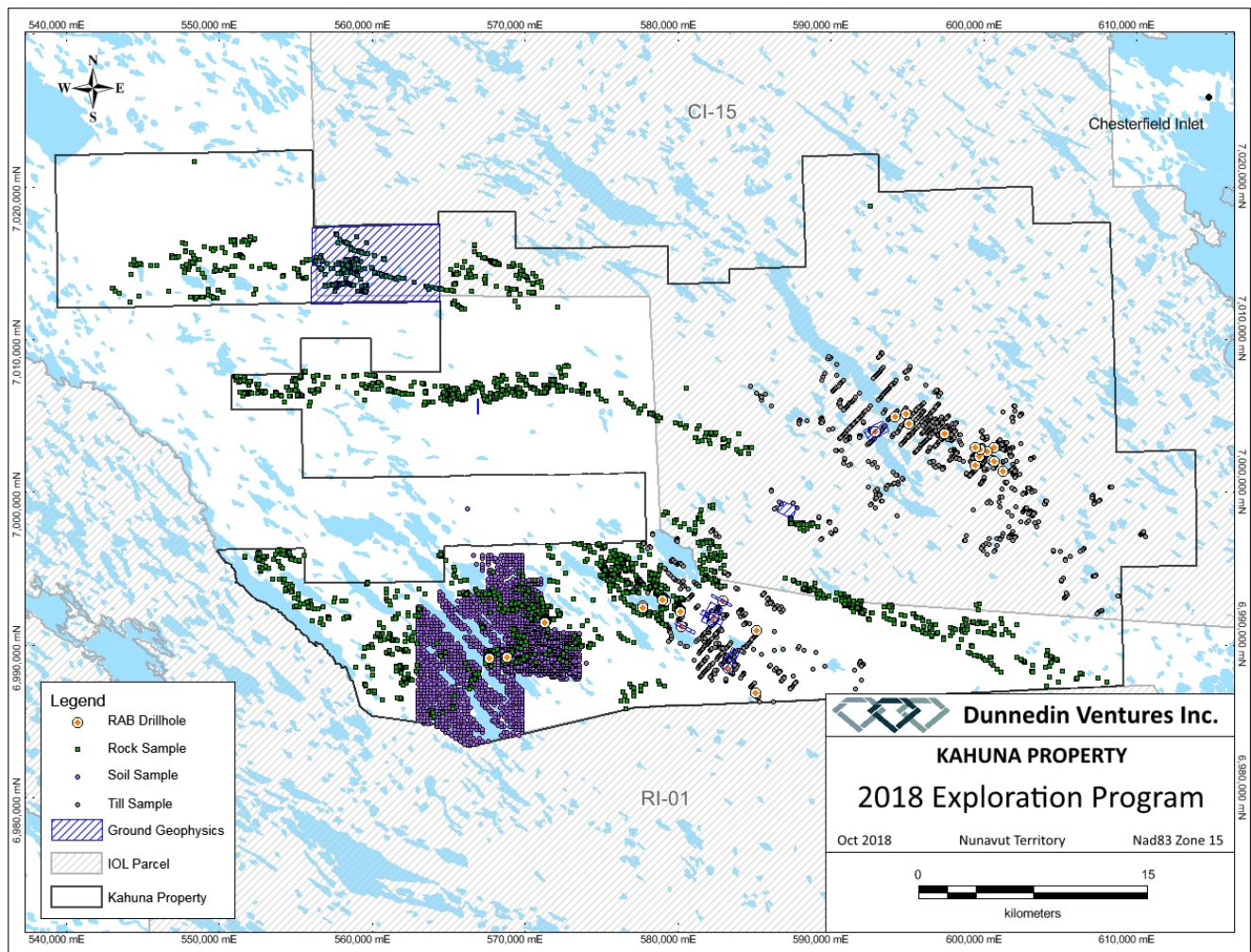
The second phase of drilling commenced on June 15 with the mobilization of crews to the Kahuna Camp. Between June 17 and July 10, 20 holes totalling 1081 metres were drilled on the Kahuna Property. Upon completion of the program the drill rig was demobilized from the property.

Various ground geophysical surveys were undertaken by a two man crew from Aurora Geosciences Ltd. in April, May and June. The work saw the collection of 92 line kilometres of Ohmmapper data, 1675 line kilometres of Magnetic data and 80 line kilometres of Mag / VLF data.

Solstice's prospecting and rock sampling program ran from June 21 to September 25, 2018. A total of 2919 rock samples and 2182 soil samples were collected in approximately 2915 line kilometres of ground traversing. The geological crew consisted of up to 3 prospectors, 9 geologists and 3 wildlife monitors.

Dunnedin's 2018 till sample program ran between September 3 and September 17, 2018 and included the collection of 1202 samples. Sample lines were designed to infill past grids and follow-up on indicator results. Samples are shipped to CF Minerals for processing and indicator mineral recovery.

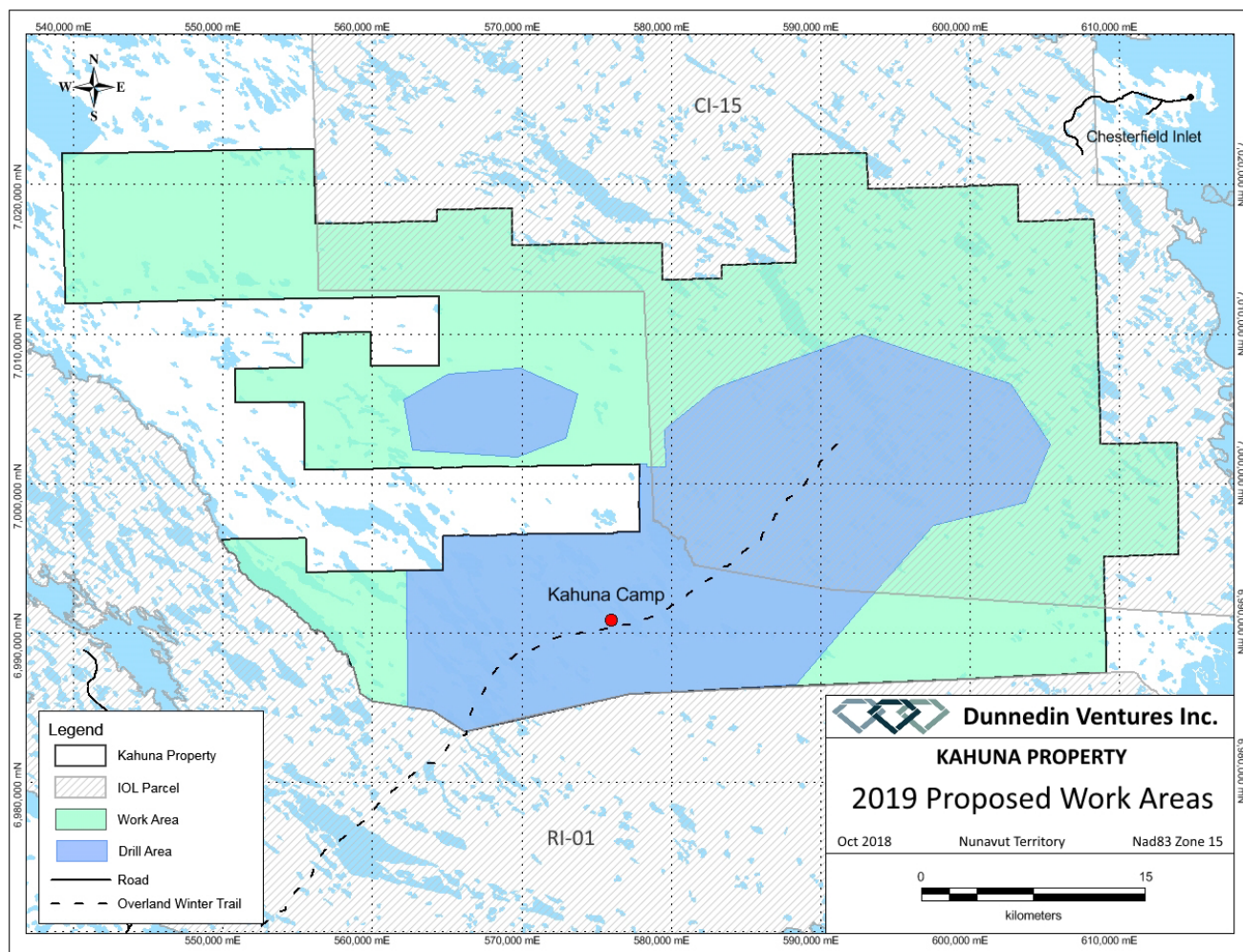
Drill sites and sample locations can be seen in Figure 3.



**FIGURE 3: 2018 EXPLORATION PROGRAM**

## 7 2019 Activities

The 2019 field program will include rock, till and soil sampling, prospecting and geological mapping, ground geophysical surveying, kimberlite test pit sampling and bulk sampling, diamond drilling and reverse circulation/RAB drilling. The program will start in early March with an overland haul of equipment and supply's on Dunnedin's permitted overland winter trail from Rankin Inlet to the property using Bombardiers and cargo sleds (Figure 4). Equipment and supplies for the 2019 diamond drilling program will be staged on Crown Lands at the Kahuna Camp approximately 40 kilometres northeast of Rankin Inlet and 50 kilometres southwest of Chesterfield Inlet. Camp re-establishment will commence in early March upon arrival of the camp supplies. The drill program will operate from mid-March to mid-May. Ground based prospecting and sampling activities will follow in mid-June once the land is free from snow and the property surface is fully accessible. As results warrant, and in compliance with Caribou Protection measures included in Dunnedin's work permits and licences, a helicopter supported summer drilling program may also be undertaken. Summer exploration activities will be helicopter supported and based out of the Kahuna Camp.



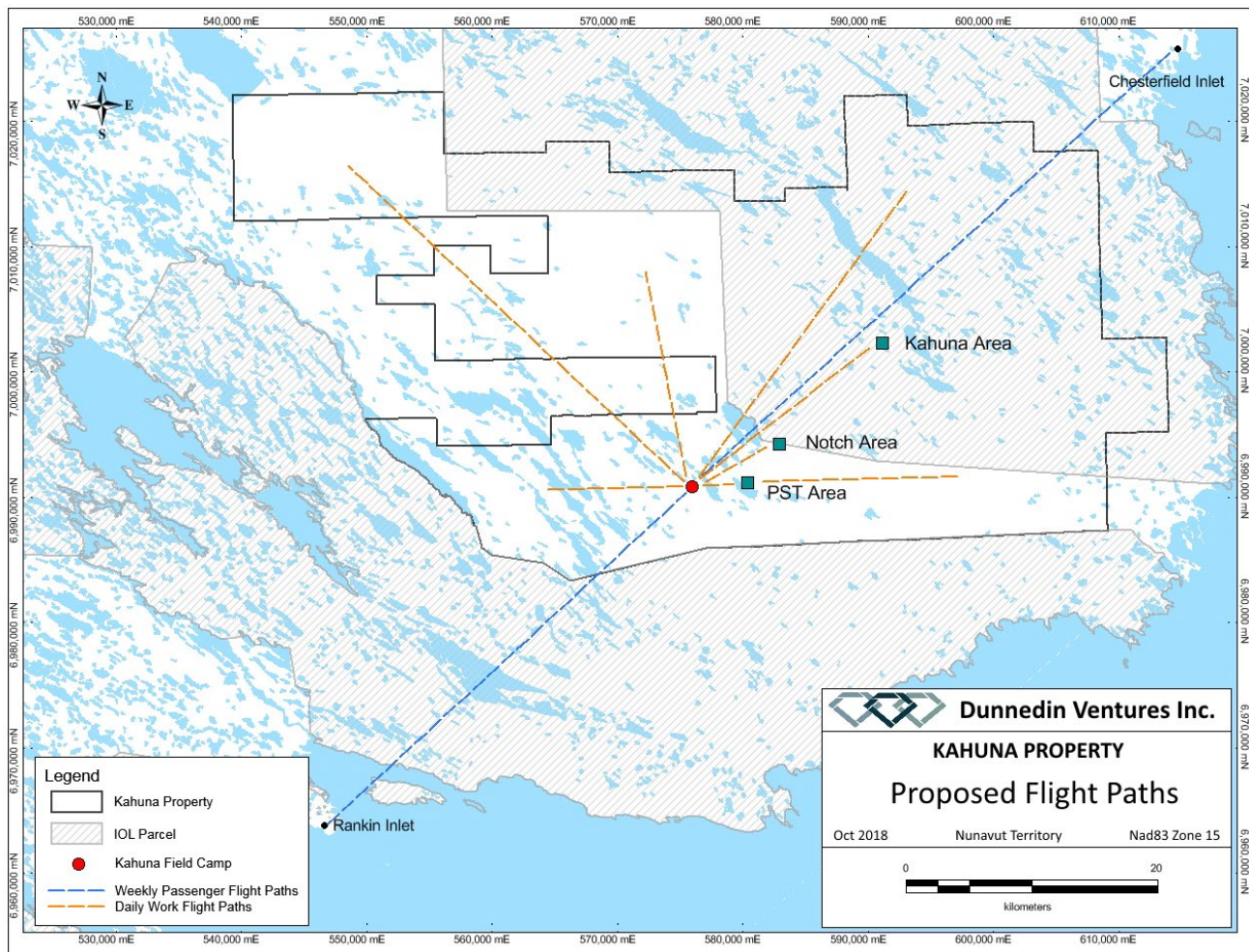
**FIGURE 4: 2019 PROPOSED WORK AREAS**

## 7.1 Exploration Program

Mineral exploration and camp activities on the Kahuna Property are authorized by CIRNAC Land Use Permit N2015C0019, KIA Land Use License KVL315B01, KIA Land Use Licence KVR16F01 and NWB Water Licence 2BE-KDP1722 and include: prospecting and staking, rock, till and soil sampling, geological mapping, ground geophysical surveying, diamond drilling, reverse circulation drilling and bulk sampling. A permitted overland winter trail to the property follows a pre-existing right of way between Rankin Inlet and Chesterfield Inlet.

Proposed flight paths to priority targets areas for the 2019 exploration program are shown in Figure 5. Daily flight paths to work sites will vary depending on exploration results, project priorities, weather conditions, possible wildlife concerns and air traffic considerations. Individual flight paths for certain activities such as prospecting, mapping and sampling across general property areas cannot be predicted and will be dependent on exploration results as they are generated. All helicopter traffic is tracked real time by a satellite tracking device and recorded digitally to be reviewed at a later date if required.

The following sections elaborate on the company's plans for exploration activities to be undertaken as part of Dunnedin's 2019 exploration program.



**FIGURE 5: 2019 PROPOSED FLIGHT PATHS**

### 7.1.1 Prospecting, Rock Sampling and Geological Mapping

Proposed as part of the 2019 exploration program is a prospecting and geological mapping initiative that will include the collection of up to 2,000 rock samples. Crews will be based out of the Kahuna Camp and will be transported to various prospecting areas daily via helicopter. Prospecting will include mapping and sampling of geological outcrops and glacial float for economic mineralization including kimberlite rocks and rocks bearing gold or other metals. In areas of kimberlite occurrences shallow pits or excavations using hand tools may be required to determine the provenience or nature of the kimberlite exposure. Rock samples of interest are collected in plastic bags, assigned a unique sample number, their GPS coordinates recorded and notes are taken to describe the general characteristics of the rock. Prospecting, rock sampling and geological mapping will be undertaken variously across the entire property as shown on Figure 5 as ongoing results from work warrant.

As part of the 2017 and 2018 program, low level, high resolution airphotos were collected concurrently with the prospecting program using a light weight hand operated drone. The collection of these airphotos will be continued in 2019 to help guide the prospecting program.

As geological mapping generates greater understanding on the controls for kimberlite occurrences and/or gold occurrences on the Kahuana Property, the acquisition of additional mineral title may be warranted. In the event that such information is generated additional claim staking may be undertaken in 2019.

### 7.1.2 Till Sampling

The 2019 till sampling program will be undertaken during the summer months and will include the collection of approximately 2,000 samples. Crews will be based out of the Kahuna Camp and will be transported to the sampling area daily via helicopter. Where and when possible samples will be oriented on sample lines and crews will walk between individual sample sites. Till sampling will be undertaken at various sample density across the entire property as shown on Figure 5 as on going results from work warrant.

Four-man crews will sample pre-determined sites based on proximity to known mineralization, geophysical signatures and geology. Approximately 20 kilograms of glacial till comprised of sand, silt, gravel and clay will be collected at each site. The till sample material is either pre-screened or placed directly into a sample bag. Notes and sample location are recorded and a unique sample number is assigned to the sample site. The hole created from the collection of sample material is refilled and recontoured.

### 7.1.3 Ground Geophysical Surveys

Dunnedin plans to conduct detailed ground geophysical surveying in 2019 to assist in the delineation of high priority geological targets. Possible survey methods to be utilized include ground magnetic, ground electromagnetic and ground gravity surveying. Up to 1,000 line kilometers of surveying is proposed. Ground geophysical surveys are generally conducted on foot by walking along predetermined grid lines but can also be conducted by crews utilizing snowmobiles during winter months. Geophysical surveying personnel will be based out of the Kahuna Camp. During the winter months and when possible surveyors will utilize snowmobiles to access survey grids. During the summer months surveyors will access survey grids via helicopter.

Ground geophysical surveys are passive, low impact and non-invasive and no disturbance to the land surface is anticipated.

### 7.1.4 Diamond Drilling

Diamond drilling on the Kahuna Property is permitted under the authorizations of CIRNAC Land Use Permit N2015C0019, KIA Land Use Licence KVL315B01 and NWB Water Licence 2BE-KDP1722.

The 2019 diamond drill program will investigate geological anomaly's that are characteristic of undiscovered kimberlite pipes or kimberlite dykes, extensions to known kimberlite pipes or kimberlite dykes or other structures including gold bearing structures. The proposed 2019 exploration program will include up to 5,000 metres of diamond drilling.

Drilling equipment and supplies will be mobilized to site on Dunnedin's permitted overland winter trail from Rankin Inlet to the property using Bombardiers and cargo sleds. One heli-portable diamond drill rig will be used for the program. The drill will be configured such that it can be mounted on skids and when snow conditions allow, can be moved from drill site to drill site via overland haul. The program will commence in early March 2019 and will continue to about May 15. As results warrant, and in compliance with Caribou Protection measures included in Dunnedin's work permits and licences, a helicopter supported summer drilling program may also be undertaken.

Drill crews will be based at the Kahuna Camp. As conditions allow, winter drilling activities will be supported by ground access using Caterpillar Challengers or equivalent to move the drill rig, by snowmobile and by Bombardier tracked vehicles to facilitate daily crew changes and service runs. For safety, a helicopter will be based on site and will be utilized to service the rig and drill crews when ground access to the rig or overland moves are not feasible. The rig will operate 24 hours per day using two 2-man crews working a 12 hour day

shift and a 12 hour night shift respectively. Local water sources, proximal to drill sites, will be used to support drilling operations. When conditions allow, water will be pumped to the drill site via hose line. If and when the distance to the nearest water source is too far to pump water reliably via hose line, then water will be hauled to the drill site via Challenger with water tanks on a cargo sled. Drill target areas for the 2019 program are shown on Figure 5.

Individual drill holes will range in depth from less than 50 metres to a maximum 300 metres. Holes will be drilled at angles ranging from -45 degrees to -90 degrees. The azimuth of each drill hole will be dependant upon the anomaly targeted. Depending on the geological results or the geological intercepts recovered by the drilling, up to three holes drilled may be drilled from an individual drill site to test the drill target at varying depths for both geological continuity and spatial extent.

A typical drill site occupies less than 0.07 hectares of surface area and comprises a diamond drilling rig in a plywood shack on skids or a timbered floor, with drill rods, supplies and a survival shelter staged adjacent to the drilling rig. Water to support the operation is sourced from the nearest suitable water body using an electric water pump. A coil heater and generator providing power to the pump are staged on a containment platform placed a minimum 31 metres from the high water mark. A hose line from the water pump connects the water source to the drill rig. The water pump operates at flow rate of 97 cubic metres per day.

During drilling operations, drill cuttings or effluents are flushed from the hole by the circulating water. Occasionally additives to water are used to assist with the operation. Any and all additives used will be biodegradable and have been approved for use under the existing permits and licences. To capture drill cuttings, drill effluents will be pumped from the drill hole to a naturally occurring depression near the drill site, or to a sump excavated for that purpose, or to settling tanks that will allow the cuttings to settle and be contained in bulk bags that can then be transported to a suitable naturally occurring depression. All effluents will be controlled. No effluents or cuttings will be allowed to enter nearby water bodies or drainage courses.

All drilling equipment used during the drilling operation will be removed from the drill site upon completion of drilling at that drill site. The drill hole will be plugged and drill casing will be removed or cut off below ground level. The project manager or designate will inspect each drill site to ensure that it is properly cleaned and restored. Upon completion and after the drill and support equipment have been removed photographs will be taken of the each drill site to document the condition. The GPS location of the drill hole will be recorded and the drill hole collar will be marked and identified by its hole number and year of completion.

During winter months, when the ground is frozen with sufficient snow cover to protect the underlying vegetated ground cover and as conditions allow, drilling equipment will be moved from drill site to drill site overland using Challengers or equivalent and cargo sleds. If overland conditions do not permit ground travel or when drilling operations are conducted during the summer months, the drill rig and ancillary equipment and supplies will be dismantled into individual components and will be transported by helicopter.

For any lake based drilling, guidelines for drilling on ice will be followed. All on-ice drill holes will be plugged and cemented in bedrock below the lake bottom and the drill casing will be removed. No material or residue will be allowed to accumulate on the lake ice surface. Any material that may become frozen into the ice during the drill operations will be chipped out and removed for proper disposal.

The drill rig survival shelter is to be used by the drill crew in the event of unsafe weather conditions, when overland access or helicopter access to the drill rig is not possible. It will contain cots and bedding, food rations, a VHF radio, a satellite phone and first aid supplies.

A core logging tent facility at the Kahuna Camp will support the program. Drill core storage racks will be located adjacent to the Kahuna Camp at 576,000mE and 6,990,900mN Zone 15, UTM NAD83. To date, no diamond drilling has been conducted by Dunnedin.

### 7.1.5 Reverse Circulation / Rotary Air Blast (RC/RAB) Drilling

Reverse Circulation (RC) or Rotary Air Blast (RAB) drilling using a single pneumatic drill rig has been proposed as part of the Dunnedin's 2019 exploration program. Up to 1,000 metres of RC or RAB drilling is contemplated. The drill will be used in the same target areas as proposed for the diamond drilling program. The RC/RAB rig will be utilized where diamond drilling does not represent the optimum drilling technique for the target being tested.

RC or RAB drill rigs are lightweight and modular in design making them ideal for moving by helicopter in early stage exploration programs. They are relatively insensitive to adverse ground conditions and at down hole depths of less than 200 metres vertically they have high rate of penetration. Additionally RC/RAB drilling rigs operate on air pressure only. They do not require water to operate and therefore RC and RAB drilling operations do not produce any water borne effluents.

RC or RAB drilling is widely utilized to collect representative samples from kimberlite bodies during initial test phases. The drilling technique produces rock chips as opposed to rock cores. These rock chips are then logged by geologists using microscopes to record the geological units intersected by the drill hole. The technique represents a fast and cost effective alternative to coring operations using a diamond drilling.

### 7.1.6 Bulk Sampling

Dunnedin Ventures Inc. is permitted to undertake bulk sampling at the Notch, PST and Kahuna kimberlite showings. The collection of an aggregated 1,500 tonnes of bulk kimberlite (500 tonnes from each occurrence) has been authorized. The scope of the bulk sampling was detailed in the 2017 Project Description and Work Plan submitted to NPC and NIRB in late 2016 and permitted and licenced by CIRNAC, NWB and KIA in 2017.

The bulk sampling program was designed to further assess the diamond grade potential of the diamond bearing kimberlite discoveries made on the property to date and to obtain a preliminary assessment of diamond quality and diamond value, key components in evaluating any diamond deposit.

In the 2017 Project Description and Work Plan, Dunnedin proposed to undertake the bulk sampling program during the winter/spring of 2017 while the ground was frozen and covered by snow so as to mitigate any disturbance of surface vegetation and soils. The proposed bulk samples ranged in size from 50 tonnes to 500 tonnes each. Permits and licences were not received with sufficient time to undertake the program as proposed in 2017. The program was deferred until a later date. The proposed Bulk Sampling program is not contemplated as part of the 2019 winter program. A revised commencement date has not been determined.

The program proposed the use of a Caterpillar 314C excavator (or comparable piece of equipment) to strip the overburden cover and access the underlying kimberlite. Due to anticipated permafrost or frozen conditions in both the overburden and the kimberlite bodies themselves, the use of an RC / blasthole rig and drilling and blasting was also authorized.

To mitigate disturbance of surface vegetation and soils, the transportation of bulk sampling equipment and fuel from Rankin Inlet to the bulk sample sites, transportation from site to site, transportation of the bulk samples to Rankin Inlet and demobilization of the equipment will be undertaken using Caterpillar Challengers or equivalent hauling cargo sleds on Dunnedin's permitted overland winter trail. Should it be required, several of

the kimberlite sites selected for bulk sampling are removed and distal from any water bodies or drainage courses and could be accessed and sampled during summer months.

Please refer to Dunnedin's 2017 Project Description and Work Plan dated October 22, 2016 submitted to NPC and NIRB and distributed to CIRNAC, NWB and KIA for a detailed description of Dunnedins proposed kimberlite bulk sampling program.

## 7.2 Camp Activities

Permit and Licence amendment applications to authorize a temporary field camp on Kahuna Property were submitted to CIRNAC and the NWB in late 2017. Approval and authorization of the camp amendment was received from CIRNAC on March 8, 2018 and from NWB on April 23, 2018. Activities at Kahuna Camp are permitted under CIRNAC Land Use Permit N2015C0019 and NWB Water Licence 2BE-KDP1722. Operations at the Kahuna Camp commenced on May 1, 2018 following receipt of all camp authorizations.

Permitting includes a fuel cache (up to 150 jet fuel, 150 diesel drums, 10 gasoline and 20 cylinders of propane) at the Kahuna Camp. Temporary supply caches of less than nine drums will be located at drill sites and bulk sampling sites to maintain operations of diamond drilling equipment and bulk sampling equipment, respectively. The use of fuel and equipment at work sites on IOL is authorized by KIA Land Use Licence KVL315B01.

### 7.2.1 Kahuna Field Camp

Dunnedin's Kahuna Field Camp was built during the month of April 2018 and commenced operations on May 1, 2018. The camp is located on Crown Lands approximately 40 kilometres northeast from Rankin Inlet and 50 kilometres southwest from Chesterfield Inlet at 575,940mE and 6,990,898mN in Zone 15, UTM NAD83 (Figure 6). The camp will operate seasonally from early-March through late-September.

The Kahuna Camp is located on Crown Land on mineral claim K90309 (KH 46). Dunnedin transferred ownership of this claim to Solstice Gold Corp. on August 31, 2018. The camp is co-owned by both Dunnedin and Solstice and is used as a base of operations for both companies.

The Kahuna Camp can currently accommodate 20 people and is comprised of:

- 1 - Kitchen Tent
- 1 - Office Tent
- 1 - Dry Tent
- 1 - Core Logging Tent
- 1 - Utility Tent
- 1 - Toilet Facility (Pactos)
- 7 - Crew Accommodations (1 tent houses the First Aid Attendant and First Aid Equipment)
- 1 - Generator Shack
- 1 - Portable Fuel-Fired Incinerator
- 2 – 5m x 20m Arctic Grade Containment Berms

Figure 7 below, shows the Kahuna Camp layout. Structures consist of a combination of WeatherPort vinyl tents, canvas prospectors' tents and small plywood structures. All fuel storage and usage areas are located at least 31 metres from any water body or drainage course.

At the end of the 2018 field season, plywood structures were left standing and ready for use for Dunnedin's 2019 field program. All WeatherPort vinyl tents and canvas tent covers were removed from camp for the fall and winter shut down period and will be erected during camp re-establishment in early-March 2019. The camp will be fully closed and dismantled upon completion of all exploration activities. The site will then be reclaimed and restored to its original state.

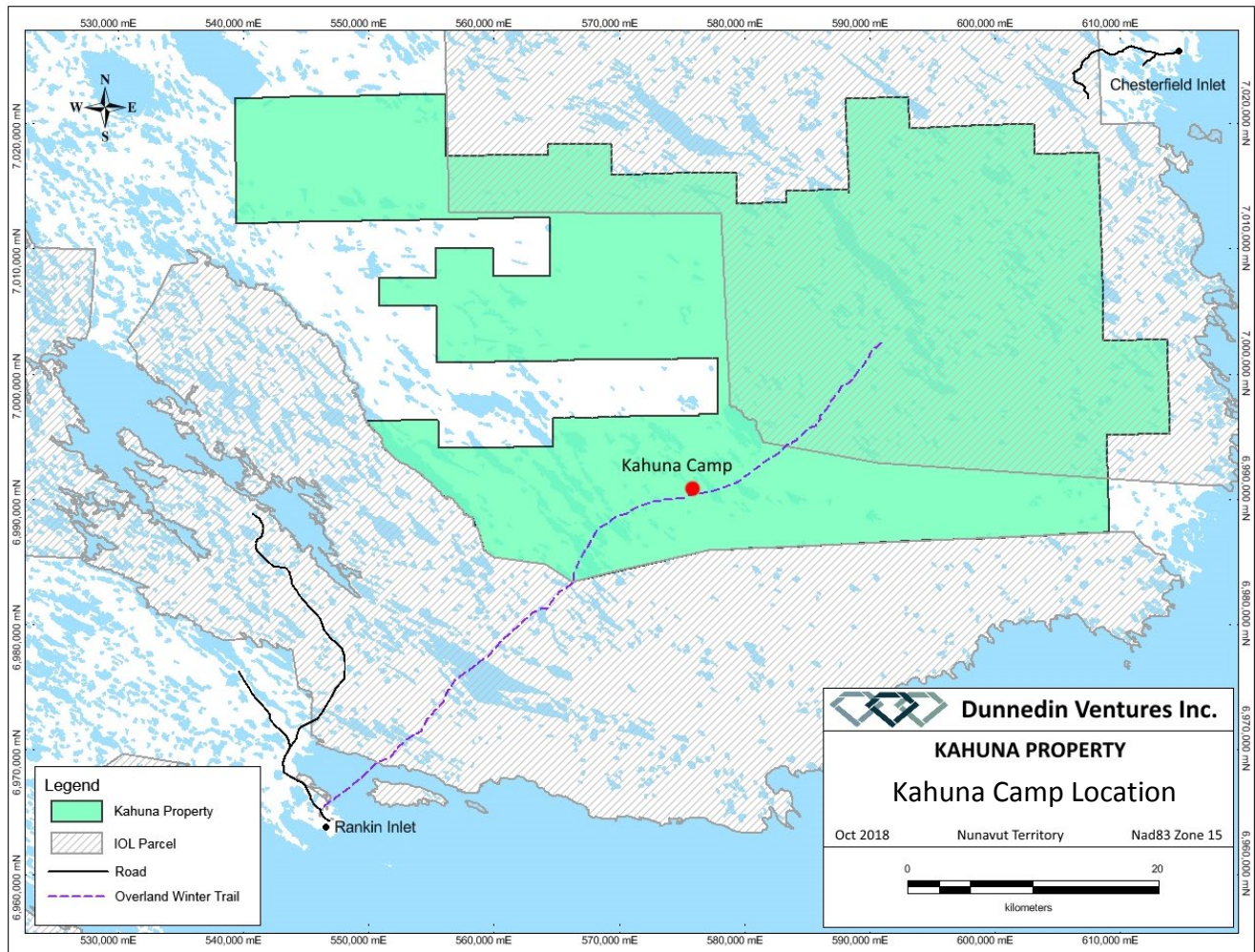


FIGURE 6: KAHUNA CAMP LOCATION



**FIGURE 7: KAHUNA CAMP LAYOUT**



**FIGURE 8: KAHUNA CAMP - SUMMER 2018**

#### 7.2.1.1 Camp Water and Grey Water Sump

Under Dunnedin's existing NWB Type "B" Water Licence 2BE-KDP1722, the combined camp and diamond drilling water shall not exceed 100 cubic metres per day. Specifically domestic water use for the camp will not exceed three (3) cubic metres per day and industrial water use for diamond drilling purposes will not exceed ninety seven (97) cubic metres per day. Daily water use is recorded for domestic camp water and drill water usage. No changes to water use are proposed.

A sufficiently deep lake measuring 450 metres by 300 metres wide supplies the Kahuna Camp with domestic water (<3 cubic metres / day). It is located approximately 400 metres north of the camp location at 576,125mE and 6,991,300mN Zone 15, UTM NAD83.

A portable gasoline powered supply pump will be used for intake water. A 5 metre long source hose will be placed to minimize disturbance to the shoreline/riparian zones and substrate. Aquatic life will be protected. Waterlines will be screened in accordance with the "Freshwater Intake End-of-Pipe Screen Guideline" prepared by the Department of Fisheries and Oceans. Water will be stored in two 250 gallon water tanks in the camp dry facility. Plumbing from these tanks will be distributed to the kitchen in the dry tent for washing. During non freezing conditions, a hose line will run from the water pump to the camp. During freezing conditions water will be pumped to a water tank mounted on a qammitik and will be hauled to camp by snow mobile. The supply pump will be staged on secondary containment structure, of sufficient height and depth to contain at least 110 percent of the volume of the largest fuel reservoir.

The pump will be operational for periods of approximately 15 minutes on a once per day basis during the course of the exploration program to pump water to the camp water storage tanks. When not in use, the pump will be placed a minimum of 31 metres from the ordinary high water mark of the water body. The operating capacity of the pump is approximately 9480 gallons per hour.

Waste water from the camp will be discharged to a grey water sump. The grey water sump has been excavated into the underlying gravel substrate behind the camp kitchen and dry facilities. The waste water sump will be located at least 31 metres away from any water body or water drainage. A grease trap and screens will be installed on kitchen drains to ensure food grease and solids do not enter the waste water sump. The discharge pipe will be buried and inaccessible to wildlife. No contamination of the water supply is predicted.

Camp water consumption will be kept to the minimum required for domestic camp operations. Water will only be used for hygiene and food preparation purposes.

Neither of the water use or grey water disposal sumps at the field camp will affect water bodies or water courses.

#### 7.2.1.2 Camp Sewage

The camp toilet facility houses three Pacto toilets and is located at least 31 metres away from any water body or drainage course. Pacto wastes are incinerated as generated. Refer to the "Waste Management Plan" for additional information.

#### 7.2.1.3 Camp Incinerator

The Kahuna Camp utilizes a portable, dual chamber, forced-air incinerator for the disposal of combustible solid wastes. Incineration ash is stored in sealed 45 gallon metal drums and will be removed from site regularly to be shipped to an authorized waste disposal facility. Refer to the "Waste Management Plan" for additional information.

### 7.2.2 Fuel Cache

Dunnedin is permitted to store up to 310 drums of fuel at the Kahuna Camp fuel cache. The main cache site is located approximately 60 metres west of the Kahuna Camp at 575800mE 6990903mN UTM Zone 15, UTM NAD83. The site offers an ideal smooth, sand covered, flat surface with no hazardous rocks or vegetation to perforate the berm membrane.

The majority of fuel to be cached on the property will be transported via Challenger and/or Bombardier and cargo sled during winter months on the overland winter trail. Additional fuel may be delivered to site via helicopter during the summer months.

Fuel authorized to be cached at the Kahuna Camp includes:

- 150 – 205 L drums of diesel fuel
- 150 – 205 L drums of jet fuel
- 10 – 205 L drums of gasoline
- 20 – 100 lb cylinders of propane

All fuel drums are stored in Arctic grade secondary containment berms equipped with Spilfyter RailMat 3 ply hydrocarbon absorbent fabric and Rain Drain hydrocarbon filters for water drainage. All fuel storage berms, fuel drums, fuel transfer and fuel staging areas are located a minimum 31 metres from any water body or drainage course. All fuel storage berms, fuel drums, fuel transfer and fuel staging areas are inspected regularly during operations and are equipped with easily visible and readily available spill kits.

Empty drums are drained and stored in a designated area and will be removed from the property regularly to be transported south for recycling or disposal at an authorized facility. Dunnedin will endeavor to consume the majority of the cached fuel by the end of each season. Please refer to the “Fuel Management Plan” and “Spill Prevention and Response Plan” for more information.

Temporary supply caches of less than nine drums will be located at drill sites and bulk sampling sites to maintain operations of diamond drilling equipment and bulk sampling equipment, respectively.

Chemicals and hazardous materials that may be located on the Kahuna Property include limited volumes of motor oil and hydraulic oil, cleaners, batteries, electronics, fluorescent light bulbs/tubes and small quantities of hydrochloric acid. All such materials will be stored in their original containers. Refer to the “Waste Management Plan” for the types, quantities and method of storage.

### 7.2.3 Equipment

Equipment currently permitted for use on the Kahuna Property is included in Table 3 below.

**TABLE 3: EQUIPMENT LIST**

Type	Size	Purpose
Helicopter - 1	A Star, Long Ranger (or similar)	Transportation - crews & equipment
Core Drill heli-portable - 1	Boyles 17A or equivalent	Drill testing
Snow Machine - 4	Small to mid-size	Transportation
Water Pump - 2	Gasoline powered	Water supply for drill & field camp
Excavator - 1	Cat 314C Excavator or equivalent	Extract Bulk Sample
RC/RAB/Air Track Drill - 1	Scout or Hornet	Exploration/bulk sampling/blast holes

Type	Size	Purpose
Caterpillar Challenger 65s - 4 (alternatively Bombardiers B12s or Muskegs)	100 HP, with steel sleds	Mobilize/Demobilize drill, fuel, equipment & bulk sample, drill moves
Generators -2	20Kw and 12 Kw	Power generation

## 7.3 Environmental Considerations

All employees and contractors of Dunnedin will be trained in the company's internal policies, management plans, standard operating procedures and be made familiar with the Terms and Conditions of the project's licences and permits. Every person arriving at Dunnedin's Kahuna Property will undergo an orientation which includes information on health, safety, and environmental responsibilities and stewardship. In addition to operational licences and permits, all safety manuals, internal guidelines and plans are on file with the Project Supervisor, posted at the Kahuna Camp and include:

- 2019 Emergency Response Plan
- 2019 Spill Prevention and Response Plan
- 2019 Environmental and Wildlife Management Plan
- 2019 Field Safety Manual
- 2019 Fuel Management Plan
- 2019 Abandonment and Restoration Plan
- 2019 Waste Management Plan

These documents are updated on an annual basis and are available upon request.

Archaeological sites identified during the course of exploration activities are handled with the utmost care. No work will occur in any area where a known archeological site has been located. If any employee or consultant finds an archeological site, work must cease immediately, the GPS coordinates are recorded and the finding is reported immediately to the Project Manager who will report its location to the Department of Culture and Heritage (Government of Nunavut), the Land Administration Division at CIRNAC and KIA. Handling of any archeological artifact is strictly prohibited. Dunnedin has contracted Golder and Associates to investigate and document archaeological sites in the vicinity of the Kahuna camp or priority exploration areas. Golder has secured permits for this work and reports annually to the Government of Nunavut Chief Archeologist

## 8 Community Consultation Summary

The following is a summary of comments related to Dunnedin after presenting the project and its components to communities, including work site visits. In addition, letters of support were received from Mayor Barney Aggark on behalf of the Hamlet of Chesterfield Inlet and the Board of Directors of the Aqigiq Hunters and Trappers Organization.

On April 12, 2016, Chris Taylor and Denise Lockett of Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (DVI) held a public meeting in Chesterfield Inlet to present the Kahuna Project and address community concerns. In attendance were members of the Hamlet Council, the Deputy Mayor, members of the Aqigiq HTO, the KIA and CEDO. DVI delivered a presentation that included company background, the Kahuna Project and the proposed EWMP. The

company took the opportunity to recognize community concerns about the abandoned Shear Minerals Sedna Camp at Josephine Lake. DVI explained that the company is independent from Shear Minerals, it has no history with the camp and it has no plans to use the camp. The company then informed the community of a proposed a site visit with members from the KIA and HTO to identify sites of historical significance within the project area.

On April 13, 2016, DVI held a public meeting in Rankin Inlet to present the Kahuna Project and address community concerns. In attendance were Mayor Bob Janes, MLA Tommy Sammurtok (Rankin Inlet North / Chesterfield Inlet), MLA Alex Sammurtok (Rankin Inlet South / Whale Cove), Robert Connolly with the GN ED&T and members of the community. DVI delivered a presentation that included a company and project background and the proposed EWMP.

Initial questions expressed concerns about the abandoned Shear Minerals camp at Josephine Lake. The company clarified that DVI has never been related to Shear Minerals, has no plans to use the Sedna Camp and has no mineral claims in the camp area. As a good corporate citizen the company offered KIA assistance with the cleanup. Robert Connolly GN ED&T provided information about the road from Chesterfield inlet to Josephine Lake being built with GN funding.

On April 27, 2016, DVI held a conference call with Barney Aggark, Mayor of Chesterfield Inlet and HTO President to discuss DVI's Wildlife and Environment Mitigation Plan. Barney was pleased with the favorable comments he heard from community members that attended the April 12 meeting.

On July 7, 2016 DVI met with Barney Aggark, Mayor of Chesterfield Inlet and Aqigiq HTO President and later in the day met with Peter Kattegatsiak, KIA Director, Wildlife Officer, Hamlet Councillor and HTO member for input and advice on the Wildlife and Environment Mitigation Plan. No concerns were raised. It was acknowledged that impact reduction is a project focus and that wildlife monitors from Chesterfield Inlet with valid firearms licences were required.

On August 8, 2016, Peter Kattegatsiak, KIA / HTO and Harry Aggark HTO accompanied by Chris Taylor of DVI flew a helicopter to proposed bulk sample and exploration sites on the property. Advice was sought on wildlife timing and interaction reduction methods. No issues were raised. At the bulk sample sites, methods to infill shallow depressions remaining from work conducted by Shear Minerals were also discussed.

On August 9, 2016 in Chesterfield Inlet, DVI met with members from the KIA CLARC, CLO, HTO, the Hamlet and Hamlet Elders. It was recommended that helicopter flight paths avoid caribou and geese and that wildlife monitors were needed. It was agreed that proposed activities to commence on August 26, 2016 were low impact and should proceed as planned.

On August 10, 2016 a public meeting was held in Chesterfield Inlet with members of the Hamlet to introduce DVI, present the Kahuna Project and address community concerns. Maps showing the property location with respect to the abandoned camp at Josephine Lake were shown and it was clarified that DVI is independent from and unrelated to Shear Minerals, the company responsible for the camp. The focus turned to DVI's proposed exploration program including bulk sampling at three sites, diamond drilling at individual targets and the till sampling. Access in 2017 would include an overland haul from Rankin Inlet using Challengers and cargo sleds via the winter trail route from Rankin Inlet to Chesterfield Inlet that has been used with previous programs. Equipment to be moved to site includes an excavator and a drilling rig. Bulk sampling and drilling activities are to be undertaken only when wildlife is not present. Marjorie asked about archeological sites. DVI confirmed that an archeological assessment would be undertaken in September 2016 and that DVI will not work where archeological sites have been identified.

On June 19, 2017 Bob Singh Dunnedin Exploration Manager took Simonie Sammortuk (Mayor of Chesterfield Inlet) and Jerome Misheralak (Aqigiq HTO) by helicopter to view exploration sites and visit the abandoned Josephine camp. Both individuals support advancement of the Kahuna Project.

On June 19, 2017 a public meeting was held in Chesterfield Inlet with members of the Hamlet, the KIA, and the Aqigiq HTO present. Wildlife monitoring and helicopter flight altitudes were discussed. Locals were concerned about helicopters and caribou. DVI informed them that the helicopter companies are aware of all rules and regulations and are not to fly over caribou below 610 metres. Eli stated he would like to see water testing at Josephine Lake. DVI reiterated that they had offered to assist with clean up at the Sedna Camp but that KIA did not accept the offer.

On August 15, 2017 Chris Taylor met with Simonie Sammortuk (Mayor of Chesterfield Inlet), Roy Mullins (SAO) and David Kattsegatsiak (CEDO) in Chesterfield Inlet to discuss the project.

On August 15, 2017 a public meeting was held in Chesterfield Inlet with members of the hamlet and the Aqigiq HTO to present a project update and discuss upcoming plans. DVI required two more Wildlife Monitors and would be conducting interviews the following day. A future drill program was discussed. Solomon asked what DVI would do to ensure the protection of the environment from fuel spills. DVI's Spill Prevention and Response Plan is in place to ensure that, when fueling, spill pads are in place and that all spills are recorded and reported. DVI avoids sensitive areas. An environmental security deposit has been provided to the KIA to assure that funds will be available to remediate any exploration impacts. All fuel is stored in bermed containers.

On August 16, 2017 DVI held a public meeting in Chesterfield Inlet. Leo was concerned about impacts on wildlife and the environmental caused by mining. It was clarified that DVI and the Kahuna Project is at a very early stage and that it takes approximately 20 years from discovery to the development of a mine. There are communities and regulators involved in every step of the process to becoming a mine and if the community does not support the project then a mine will not go forward. It is too early to know if the Kahuna Property will ever become a mine. The mayor supports putting in a camp and discussed talking with the HTO about a site to make sure it's suitable.

On September 28, 2017 Harry Aggark (Deputy Mayor of Chesterfield Inlet) and Jerome Misheralak (Aqigiq HTO) flew with DVI geologists by helicopter to the Kahuna Property to inspect possible camp locations. More than 10 different sites were visited and several different criteria for camp placement were assessed. The visit resulted with a recommendation from Harry and Jerome for a location on a flat lying gravel deposit as the best site for Dunnedin's proposed camp. The recommended location is on INAC CIRNAC lands 40 km northeast of Rankin Inlet.

On September 29, 2017 DVI had a meeting with the Rankin Inlet KIA to discuss field operations. Topics discussed during the meeting included helicopter altitudes and best practices, caribou protection measures, prime hunting season, community consultation, environmental/wildlife specialists, communication.

On October 24, 2017 a public meeting was held in Chesterfield Inlet to discuss the proposed 2018 exploration program and a proposed new field camp on the property. Members of the Hamlet, CLARC, Aqigiq HTO, KIA and the community were present. DVI plans to use the permitted winter trail to service the camp and to cut down on the company's helicopter use. Leo suggested a different route out of Rankin Inlet for the overland winter trail due to climate change as it might be dangerous to cross over sea ice. Harry mentioned that the route has been used in the past and since it's approved by the KIA it should be good. Discussed local hires and the desire for Inuit Qaujimagatuqangit be a part of the exploration.

On October 26, 2017 DVI had a meeting in Rankin Inlet with members of the Kangiqliniq HTO, CLARC, KIA and the Hamlet. DVI recognized the concern community members had raised regarding helicopter flights out of Rankin Inlet. To mitigate this the company has proposed the establishment of a new field camp on the property. The camp would be established on INAC CIRNAC lands approximately 40km from Rankin Inlet and on the route of the permitted winter trail. Harry said the proposed camp site was good and the type of site that Inuit would look for. Jeff suggested the company contact the cabin holders in the area of the proposed camp. Comments received were supportive and there were no other concerns raised.

On November 9, 2017 DVI received a letter of support for the 2018 program and establishment of the new field camp from Simeonie Sammurtok, Mayor of Chesterfield Inlet on behalf of the Hamlet Council of Chesterfield Inlet. The Aqigiq HTO is also supportive of the field camp and 2018 program. A formal letter is pending.

On January 11, 2018 DVI had a meeting with members of the KIA in Rankin Inlet to discuss the Kahuna Property field camp proposal. Concerns raised included: the proposed camp location with respect to caribou migration south of the proposed camp during the summer and fall harvest; and, consultation with Tagak Curley and Piers Apilardguk, local cabin owners with cabins located approximately 20km and 15km northwest of Dunnedin's proposed camp site but not on Dunnedin claims. Dunnedin committed to: establish a temporary camp at proposed location for the winter months of 2018 then work with local cabin owners Tagak Curley, Piers Apilardguk and other knowledge holders from Rankin Inlet and Chesterfield Inlet. If needed, Dunnedin would investigate an alternate camp location further north to support operations during the summer and fall harvest period.

On January 11, 2018 DVI held a public meeting with the community of Rankin Inlet. Topics of concern included: frequency of helicopter flights from Rankin Inlet to the Property; security deposit for exploration; consultation with cabin owners; caribou migration south of proposed camp during summer and fall harvest; some community members want the camp location moved north closer to Chesterfield Inlet for summer operations. In response, DVI made the following comments and commitments: Purpose of camp proposal was to significantly reduce helicopter flights, flight time and flights over IOL RI-01 (south of Dunnedin's property), lands utilized by many community members to harvest caribou; Dunnedin has placed a \$40,000 security deposit with KIA and previously offered to assist KIA with remediation and costs for the Sedna Camp abandoned by Shear Minerals (letters to KIA dated June 10 and Aug 31, 2016 – KIA declined on Sept 29, 2016); Commitment to involve cabin owners Tagak and Piers and other knowledge holders to assess impact of winter field camp at proposed site and if needed, investigate an alternate site further north to support exploration during summer and fall harvest periods; Use of community wildlife monitors will continue during work programs, as per 2015 to 2017 programs. Commitment to adhere to wildlife monitoring and mitigation measures required in current and amended work permits and licences.

On January 12, 2018 DVI had a meeting with the Kangiqliniq HTO to discuss the Kahuna Property field camp proposal. Concerns raised at the meeting included: Consultation with Tagak Curley and Piers Apilardguk, local cabin owners with cabins located approximately 20 kilometres and 15 kilometres northwest of Dunnedin's proposed camp site but not on Dunnedin claims; Helicopter usage from Rankin Inlet over IOL RI-01 and disturbance of migrating caribou south of proposed camp location; Who identified the site as a suitable location for a temporary exploration camp. Commitments made by Dunnedin include: Dunnedin will work with cabin owners Tagak Curley, Piers Apilardguk and other knowledge holders from Rankin Inlet and Chesterfield Inlet. If needed, Dunnedin would investigate an alternate camp location further north to support operations during the summer and fall harvest period; Dunnedin is committed to reducing helicopter flights, flight time and flights

out of Rankin Inlet and over IOL RI-01 by establishing a temporary exploration camp to support operation near exploration work sites; Dunnedin confirmed that the Chesterfield HTO assisted with camp site selection by visiting numerous possible sites, but considered the proposed site to be the most suitable for an all season temporary camp facility.

On March 25, 2018 DVI offered the use of the company's helicopter to assist with a search and rescue out of Chesterfield Inlet. The helicopter identified the missing person's snowmobile and enabled ground teams to successfully locate and rescue the missing person.

On March 26, 2018 in three separate meetings, Chris Taylor introduced Marty Tunney President of Solstice Gold Corp to: the KIA, MLA Cathy Towtongie, and Tagak Curley (KIA).

On April 11, 2018 DVI was contacted by Rankin Inlet SAR to assist with a missing persons search between Baker Lake and Rankin Inlet. DVI coordinated further with HeliTransport (HTSC) aircraft working at Meliadine. The coordinated effort located the missing person and brought him home safely.

On May 15, 2018 DVI and Solstice had a public meeting with the community of Chesterfield Inlet. Topics discussed included: the Kahuna Camp, caribou migration, archaeological surveys, wildlife monitors from Chesterfield Inlet and local job opportunities. DVI/Solstice conducts all work in accordance with the Caribou Protection Measures and the KIA's Mobile Mitigation Measures; activities will be ceased when caribou herds pass in close proximity to work areas.

On July 10, 2018 DVI notified KIA, Aqigiq HTO, Kangiqliniq HTO, INAC and conservation officers with the government of Nunavut that Dunnedin had suspended operations due to caribou migration in the area. All activities were stopped to allow the herd to pass unhindered. All personnel were returned to camp, remained indoors and did not impact or impede the herd movement. Operations were suspended for approximately 3 days. Work only resumed once caribou had passed safely beyond the area.

On August 9, 2018 Harry Aggark (Aqigiq HTO), Roy Mullins (SAO, Chesterfield Inlet), Simeonie Sammurtok (Mayor of Chesterfield Inlet) and Peter Kattegatsiak (KIA Director, Chesterfield Inlet) were brought by helicopter to visit the Kahuna Camp. Visitors were given a walking tour of the camp. Harry and Roy both commented that the camp was in a good location. Roy said everyone's main concern is that the camp is not abandoned like the Josephine Camp. If it's kept clean and everything is removed when it's shut down then there will be no issues.

On August 9, 2018 several community members from Rankin Inlet were invited to inspect the Kahuna Camp. Noel Kaludjak (Kangiqliniq HTO) was brought by helicopter to visit the Kahuna Camp. All other invited community representatives declined. Noel commented that the camp is not impacting anything at its location and that the camp is much smaller than he thought it would be. Noel said camp is clean and well run. He said he would be providing a favourable report to the HTO and Tagak. No concerns were noted.

On August 15, 2018 Solstice had a meeting with Clayton Tartak (Kangiqliniq HTO) to follow up as Clayton was unable to attend the Kahuna Camp tour the week prior. Clayton said he'd speak with Noel about the camp tour. Topics discussed included: caribou and SGC proposed prospector training program.

On September 6, 2018 Solstice had a meeting with Cathy Towtongie (Rankin North MLA) to discuss future plans for the project. Discussed the DVI/Solstice relationship and plans for permitting moving forward. Cathy stated she is supportive of the project.

On September 6, 2018 Solstice had a meeting in Rankin Inlet with the KIA to discuss permitting on the Kahuna Property moving forward.

On September 6, 2018 Solstice had a public meeting in Rankin Inlet to discuss the history of the Kahuna Project, the Dunnedin-Solstice relationship and the 2019 program plans. Topics of concern included: caribou migration/wildlife habitat, local job opportunities. All work conducted on the Kahuna Property is done under an Environmental and Wildlife Monitoring Program which complies with Caribou Protection Measures and KIA's mobile caribou conservation measures.

On September 7, 2018 Solstice had a public meeting in Chesterfield Inlet. Topics discussed included: local hires, camp location and keeping a tent up in camp over the winter as an emergency shelter to assist Search and Rescue. Roy Mullins stated that the camp was exceptionally clean and tidy. All fuel was properly stored and that there wasn't even a cigarette butt to be found on the ground. Solstice told the meeting a plywood structure would be left open as an emergency shelter.

On September 25, 2018 Solstice received a letter of support from the hamlet of Chesterfield Inlet. They appreciate the follow through on the employment of a number of members of the community and for the tour of the field camp, which they found to be clean and respectful.

On September 25, 2018 at the end of the field season, leftover dry goods and food was donated to the Chesterfield Inlet food bank.

On September 26, 2018 Claudia Tornquist gave a presentation on the Kahuna Property at the Kivalliq Trade Show in Rankin Inlet. The presentation covered the new Kahuna Camp, exploration conducted in 2018, and approximate timelines moving forward. No concerns were noted.

On October 1, 2018 Martin Tunney had a phone conversation with Robert Connelly (GN). Robert gave a positive overview of the recent conference in Rankin Inlet. Robert noted that he met with Claudia Tornquist and she informed him that Solstice and Dunnedin are working closely together and he thought that was positive. Discussed the proposed road between Rankin Inlet and Chesterfield Inlet. Robert endorsed the exploration program as important for local socio-economic growth.

On October 10, 2018 Martin Tunney had a meeting with Clayton Tartak and Brian Sigurdson (Kangiqliniq HTO). The HTO reiterated previous concerns about camp location. Suggestions were made for an alternate location. Clayton recommended hiring wildlife monitors through the HTO rather than directly. HTO asked for continued communication during sensitive caribou periods and work programs.

On October 10, 2018 Martin Tunney met with Tommy Bruce (GN) to discuss the 2018 work program, the location of the Kahuna Project and the relationship with DVI. Discussed training staff in Chesterfield Inlet.

A detailed log of the Community Consultation record as summarized above is appended to Dunnedin's 2018 Annual Report.