











































1. **ዲፍፎርሜሽን ጋራ ገደብ ለማሳደግ ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ**
  - a. ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ
  - b. ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ
2. **ዲፍፎርሜሽን ጋራ ገደብ ለማሳደግ ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ**

**ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ**

3. **ዲፍፎርሜሽን ጋራ ገደብ ለማሳደግ ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ**

**የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ**

4. **ዲፍፎርሜሽን ጋራ ገደብ ለማሳደግ ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ**

**የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ**

5. **ዲፍፎርሜሽን ጋራ ገደብ ለማሳደግ ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ**
  - a. የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ
  - b. የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ
  - c. የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ

**የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ ወይም ለመቀነስ የሚያስፈልገውን ማሳደግ**











ᓄᓂᓂᓄᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᐅᓂᓂᓐ ᓐᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ <sup>2</sup>	ᓂᓂᓂᓐ ᓐᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ	ᓐᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᐅᓂᓂᓐ ᓐᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ (SARA)	ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ <sup>3</sup>
ᓂᓂᓂᓐ (Ivory Gull)	ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ	ᓂᓂᓂᓐ 1	ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐ
ᓂᓂᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ (Olive-sided Flycatcher)	ᓐᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ	ᓂᓂᓂᓐ 1	ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐ
ᓂᓂᓂᓐ (Peregrine Falcon)	ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ	ᓂᓂᓂᓐ 1	ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐ
ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ (Red Knot Islandica Subspecies)	ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ	ᓂᓂᓂᓐ 1	ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐ
ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ (Red-necked Phalarope)	ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ	ᓂᓂᓂᓐ 1	ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐ
ᓂᓂᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐ (Ross's Gull)	ᓐᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ	ᓂᓂᓂᓐ 1	ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐ
ᓂᓂᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ (Rusty Blackbird)	ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ	ᓂᓂᓂᓐ 1	ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐ
ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ (Short-eared Owl)	ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ	ᓂᓂᓂᓐ 1	ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᓂᓂᓂᓐ
ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ			
ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ (Porsild's Bryum)	ᓐᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ	ᓂᓂᓂᓐ 1	ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ
ᓐᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ			
ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ (Transverse Lady Beetle)	ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ	ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ	ᓂᓂᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐᓂᓐ

መልዕክተኛ ስራ የሰራተኛው ስራ	ከሰራተኛው ስራ የሰራተኛው ስራ የሰራተኛው ስራ	የሰራተኛው ስራ የሰራተኛው ስራ የሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ ሰራተኛው ስራ ሰራተኛው ስራ
መጠን ስራ			
ገንዘብ (ገንዘብ ስራ)	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ
ገንዘብ (ሰራተኛው ስራ)	የሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ
ገንዘብ (ሰራተኛው ስራ)	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ
ሰራተኛው ስራ (ሰራተኛው ስራ)	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ
ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ
ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ
ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ
ሰራተኛው ስራ			
ሰራተኛው ስራ (ሰራተኛው ስራ)	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ
ሰራተኛው ስራ (ሰራተኛው ስራ)	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ
ሰራተኛው ስራ (ሰራተኛው ስራ)	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ
ሰራተኛው ስራ (ሰራተኛው ስራ)	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ
ሰራተኛው ስራ (ሰራተኛው ስራ)	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ
ሰራተኛው ስራ			
ሰራተኛው ስራ (ሰራተኛው ስራ)	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ	ሰራተኛው ስራ



ᐃᑕᑕᐅᐱᐅᐱᐱᑦ B: ᐃᓂᐃᑦ ᐱᑦᐅᐅᐱᐱᑦ ᐃᐱ ᐱᐱᐃᑕᐅᑦᐱᐱᑦ ᑦᐅᐱᐱᑦ ᐅᑦᐅᐱᑦ  
ᐱᑕᑕᑦᐅ ᓂᓂᐱᑦ ᐃᑕᑕᐅᐱᐱᑦ ᑕᐃᑦᐅᑦᐅᐱᑦ



INTRODUCTION

The Department of Culture and Heritage (CH) routinely reviews land use applications sent to the Nunavut Water Board, Nunavut Impact Review Board and the Indigenous and Northern Affairs Canada. These terms and conditions provide general direction to the permittee/proponent regarding the appropriate actions to be taken to ensure the permittee/proponent carries out its role in the protection of Nunavut’s archaeological and palaeontological resources.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- 1) The permittee/proponent shall have a professional archaeologist and/or palaeontologist perform the following **Functions** associated with the **Types of Development** listed below or similar development activities:

	<b>Types of Development</b> (See Guidelines below)	<b>Function</b> (See Guidelines below)
a)	Large scale prospecting	Archaeological/Palaeontological Overview Assessment
b)	Diamond drilling for exploration or geotechnical purpose or planning of linear disturbances	Archaeological/Palaeontological Overview Assessment and/or Inventory and Documentation and/or Mitigation
c)	Construction of linear disturbances, Extractive disturbances, Impounding disturbances and other land disturbance activities	Archaeological/Palaeontological Overview Assessment and/or Inventory and Documentation and/or Mitigation





*Guidelines for Developers for the Protection of Archaeological Resources in the Nunavut Territory*

(Note: Partial document only, complete document at: [www.ch.gov.nu.ca/en/Archaeology.aspx](http://www.ch.gov.nu.ca/en/Archaeology.aspx))

## Introduction

The following guidelines have been formulated to ensure that the impacts of proposed developments upon heritage resources are assessed and mitigated before ground surface altering activities occur. Heritage resources are defined as, but not limited to, archaeological and historical sites, burial grounds, palaeontological sites, historic buildings and cairns. Effective collaboration between the developer, the Department of Culture, and Heritage (CH), and the contract archaeologist(s) will ensure proper preservation of heritage resources in the Nunavut Territory. The roles of each are briefly described.

CH is the Nunavut Government agency which oversees the protection and management of heritage resources in Nunavut, in partnership with land claim authorities, regulatory agencies, and the federal government. Its role in mitigating impacts of developments on heritage resources is as follows: to identify the need for an impact assessment and make recommendations to the appropriate regulatory agency; set the terms of reference for the study depending upon the scope of the development; suggest the names of qualified individuals prepared to undertake the study to the developer; issue an archaeologist or palaeontologist permit authorizing field work; assess the completeness of the study and its recommendations; and ensure that the developer complies with the recommendations.

The primary regulatory agencies that CH provides information and assistance to are the Nunavut Impact Review Board, for development activities proposed for Inuit Owned Lands (as defined in Section 1.1.1 of the *Agreement between the Inuit of the Nunavut Settlement Area and Her Majesty the Queen in right of Canada (Nunavut Agreement)*), and the Indigenous and Northern Affairs Canada, for development activities proposed for federal Crown Lands.

A developer is the initiator of a land use activity. It is the obligation of the developer to ensure that a qualified archaeologist or palaeontologist is hired to perform the required study and that provisions of the contract with the archaeologist or palaeontologist allow permit requirements to be met; i.e. fieldwork, collections management, artifact and specimen conservation, and report preparation. On the recommendation of the contract archaeologist or palaeontologist in the field and the Government of Nunavut, the developer shall implement avoidance or mitigative measures to protect heritage resources or to salvage the information they contain through excavation, analysis, and report writing. The developer assumes all costs associated with the study in its entirety.

Through his or her active participation and supervision of the study, the contract archaeologist or palaeontologist is accountable for the quality of work undertaken and

the quality of the report produced. Facilities to conduct fieldwork, analysis, and report preparation should be available to this individual through institutional, agency, or company affiliations. Responsibility for the curation of objects recovered during field work while under study and for documents generated in the course of the study as well as remittance of artifacts, specimens and documents to the repository specified on the permit accrue to the contract archaeologist or palaeontologist. This individual is also bound by the legal requirements of the *Nunavut Archaeological and Palaeontological Sites Regulations*.

## Types of Development

In general, those developments that cause concern for the safety of heritage resources will include one or more of the following kinds of surface disturbances. These categories, in combination, are comprehensive of the major kinds of developments commonly proposed in Nunavut. For any single development proposal, several kinds of these disturbances may be involved

- *Linear disturbances: including the construction of highways, roads, winter roads, transmission lines, and pipelines;*
- *Extractive disturbances: including mining, gravel removal, quarrying, and land filling;*
- *Impoundment disturbances: including dams, reservoirs, and tailings ponds;*
- *Intensive land use disturbances: including industrial, residential, commercial, recreational, and land reclamation work, and use of heritage resources as tourist developments.*
- *Mineral, oil and gas exploration: establishment of camps, temporary airstrips, access routes, well sites, or quarries all have potential for impacting heritage resources.*

## Types of Studies Undertaken to Preserve Heritage Resources

**Overview:** An overview study of heritage resources should be conducted at the same time as the development project is being designed or its feasibility addressed. They usually lack specificity with regard to the exact location(s) and form(s) of impact and involve limited, if any, field surveys. Their main aim is to accumulate, evaluate, and synthesize the existing knowledge of the heritage of the known area of impact. The overview study provides managers with baseline data from which recommendations for future research and forecasts of potential impacts can be made. A Class I Permit is required for this type of study if field surveys are undertaken.

**Reconnaissance:** This is done to provide a judgmental appraisal of a region sufficient to provide the developer, the consultant, and government managers with recommendations for further development planning. This study may be implemented as a preliminary step to inventory and assessment investigations except in cases where a reconnaissance may



**Surveillance and monitoring:** These may be required as part of the mitigation program.

*Surveillance* may be conducted during the construction phase of a project to ensure that the developer has complied with the recommendations.

*Monitoring* involves identification and inspection of residual and long-term impacts of a development (i.e. shoreline stability of a reservoir); or the use of impacts to disclose the presence of heritage resources, for example, the uncovering of buried sites during the construction of a pipeline.