

Additional Information

SECTION A1: Project Info

SECTION A2: Allweather Road

SECTION A3: Winter Road

SECTION B1: Project Info

SECTION B2: Exploration Activity

SECTION B3: Geosciences

SECTION B4: Drilling

SECTION B5: Stripping

SECTION B6: Underground Activity

SECTION B7: Waste Rock

SECTION B8: Stockpiles

SECTION B9: Mine Development

SECTION B10: Geology

SECTION B11: Mine

SECTION B12: Mill

SECTION C1: Pits

•This quarry site will be used to extract sand and other fine quarry material. A CAT track excavator will be used to dig and loosen the soil for extraction. A CAT loader will be used to stockpile, and a CAT dump truck will be used to haul the aggregate to and from the quarry. •The sand pit contains natural sand eskers approximately 15 metres in height. Extraction of sand will be taken from these eskers. •The closest navigable waterbody is located 1.2 kilometres south-east of the quarry. •There will be no blasting or washing in this activity but there will be stockpiling of aggregate.

SECTION D1: Facility

SECTION D2: Facility Construction

SECTION D3: Facility Operation

SECTION D4: Vessel Use

SECTION E1: Offshore Survey

SECTION E2: Nearshore Survey

SECTION E3: Vessel Use

SECTION F1: Site Cleanup

SECTION G1: Well Authorization

SECTION G2: Onland Exploration

SECTION G3: Offshore Exploration

SECTION G4: Rig

SECTION H1: Vessel Use

SECTION H2: Disposal At Sea

SECTION I1: Municipal Development

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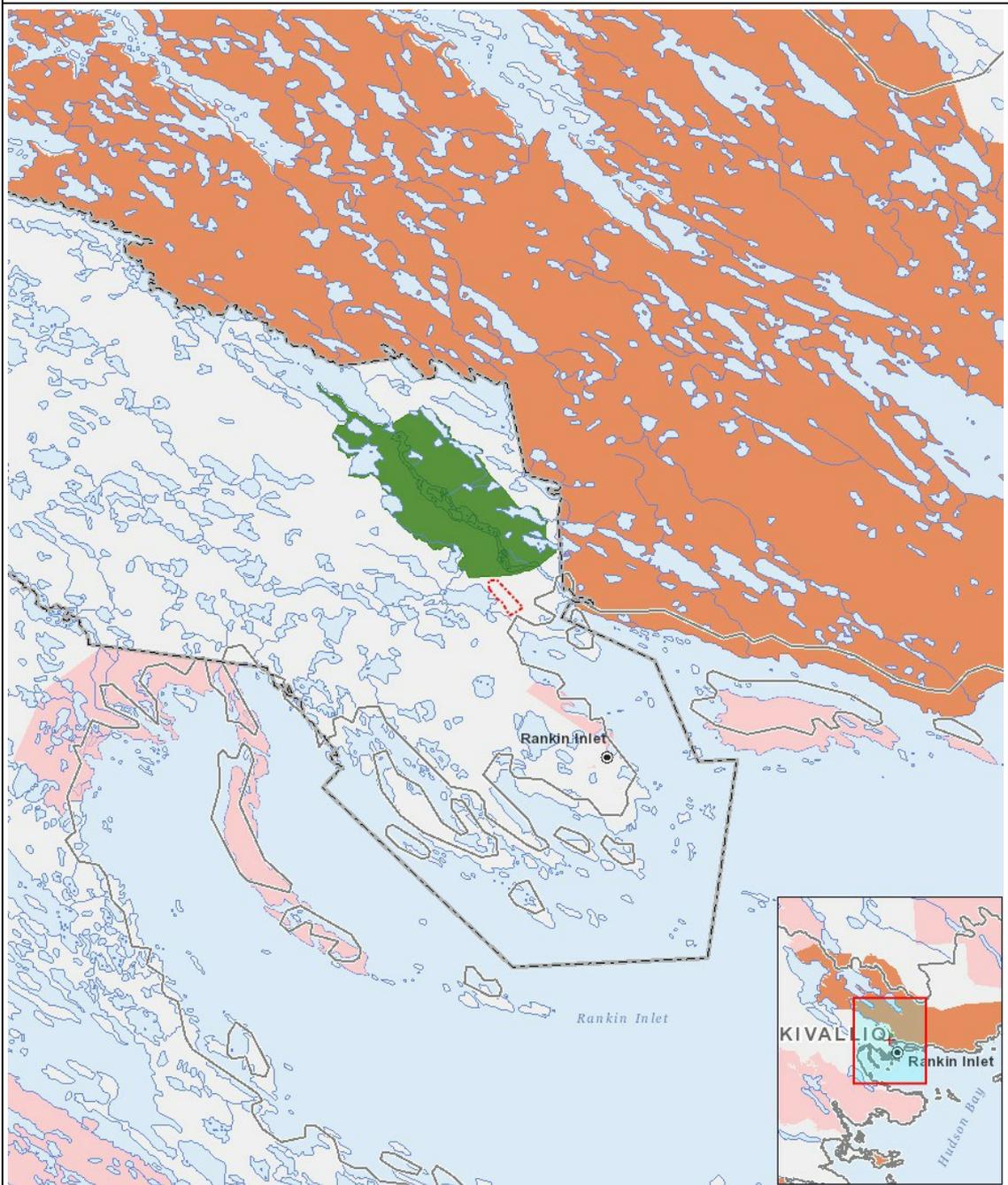
•The site is already being used for quarrying purposes. It was estimated this quarrying started in the early 1990's. Prior to quarrying there was no land use. •The quarry is approximately 200 metres east of a large lake. This waterbody is known locally as "first landing lake". The depth of this lake is not known but it has an approximate diameter of 744 metres. North-east of First Land Lake is an existing bridge named Char River Bridge that crosses over a drainage channel that drains water from First Landing Lake to Hudson Bay. It is located approximately one kilometre south of the Sand Pit. This bridge is used to access the quarry site. •The sand pit contains natural sand eskers. These eskers have an elevation of 15 metres from the highest peak of the esker to the bottom of the quarry. An image of the sand pit can be found attached to this NIRB application in Jpeg named "Rankin Inlet sand pit". •There is an existing road that connects the community to the Iqalugaarjuup Nunanga Territorial Park that passes by the Rankin Inlet sand pit. This road will be used to access the site. It is used frequently by both the Hamlet, community residents, and contractors. •There is no evidence of ice lensing, Therokarsts, ground or rock instability and seismicity. •There are no heritage sites, sport and commercial fishing areas, migration routes, protected wildlife areas or sites of cultural or historical significance, or areas of natural beauty within or around the quarry boundary. •Surface and bedrock geology, permafrost, and, sediment and soil quality are not known.

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•A portion within the sand pit boundary is already being used for quarrying purposes. This portion has been stripped of natural vegetation such as moss. The other portion has been untouched and contains typical vegetation found in Nunavut such as moss and other arctic plants. •There are no wildlife or bird migration routes nor is there any species of concern in this area.

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•The site is located 7.3 kilometres north of the community of Rankin Inlet and 222 metres south of the



List of Project Geometries

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|---|----------|-----------------|
| 1 | polyline | Quarry boundary |
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