



لـسـنـوـسـدـاـءـ اـمـرـمـلـسـ 12, اـمـرـمـلـسـ 12.2.5 اـمـرـمـلـسـ 23 اـمـرـمـلـسـ 12.4.1 اـمـرـمـلـسـ 88 اـمـرـمـلـسـ 12.4.2(a) اـمـرـمـلـسـ 89(1)

اـمـرـمـلـسـ 12.2.5: لـسـنـوـسـدـاـءـ اـمـرـمـلـسـ 12.4.1 اـمـرـمـلـسـ 88 اـمـرـمـلـسـ 12.4.2(a) اـمـرـمـلـسـ 89(1)

اـمـرـمـلـسـ 12.4.1 اـمـرـمـلـسـ 88 اـمـرـمـلـسـ 12.4.2(a) اـمـرـمـلـسـ 89(1)

اـمـرـمـلـسـ 12.4.2(a) اـمـرـمـلـسـ 89(1)

اـمـرـمـلـسـ 12.4.2(a) اـمـرـمـلـسـ 89(1)

اـمـرـمـلـسـ 12.4.2(a) اـمـرـمـلـسـ 89(1)

(a) اـمـرـمـلـسـ 12.4.2(a) اـمـرـمـلـسـ 89(1)

- i. اـمـرـمـلـسـ 12.4.2(a) اـمـرـمـلـسـ 89(1)
- ii. اـمـرـمـلـسـ 12.4.2(a) اـمـرـمـلـسـ 89(1)
- iii. اـمـرـمـلـسـ 12.4.2(a) اـمـرـمـلـسـ 89(1)

(b) اـمـرـمـلـسـ 12.4.2(a) اـمـرـمـلـسـ 89(1)

- i. اـمـرـمـلـسـ 12.4.2(a) اـمـرـمـلـسـ 89(1)
- ii. اـمـرـمـلـسـ 12.4.2(a) اـمـرـمـلـسـ 89(1)



## አርብና ስራ አገልግሎት የሚመለከት ብቻ መረጃዎች

### 1. የኩክር ደንብ የሚመለከት መረጃዎች

የዚህ የኩክር ደንብ ለማስታወሻ ለማቅረብ ለማስታወሻ ለማቅረብ ይመለከታል:

ደንብ	መጀመሪያ
ጥቅምት 28, 2021	አዲስ ማስታወሻ የሚመለከት የኩክር ደንብ የሚመለከት መረጃዎች የኩክር ደንብ የሚመለከት መረጃዎች ለማቅረብ ይመለከታል
ጥቅምት 28, 2021	የኩክር ደንብ የሚመለከት መረጃዎች ለማቅረብ ይመለከታል የኩክር ደንብ የሚመለከት መረጃዎች ለማቅረብ ይመለከታል
ጥቅምት 15, 2021	የኩክር ደንብ የሚመለከት መረጃዎች ለማቅረብ ይመለከታል የኩክር ደንብ የሚመለከት መረጃዎች ለማቅረብ ይመለከታል
ጥቅምት 19, 2021	የኩክር ደንብ የሚመለከት መረጃዎች ለማቅረብ ይመለከታል የኩክር ደንብ የሚመለከት መረጃዎች ለማቅረብ ይመለከታል
ጥቅምት 19, 2021	የኩክር ደንብ የሚመለከት መረጃዎች ለማቅረብ ይመለከታል የኩክር ደንብ የሚመለከት መረጃዎች ለማቅረብ ይመለከታል
ጥቅምት 29, 2021	የኩክር ደንብ የሚመለከት መረጃዎች ለማቅረብ ይመለከታል
ጥቅምት 19, 2021	የኩክር ደንብ የሚመለከት መረጃዎች ለማቅረብ ይመለከታል
ጥቅምት 8, 2021	የኩክር ደንብ የሚመለከት መረጃዎች ለማቅረብ ይመለከታል

### 2. ለማቅረብ የሚመለከት መረጃዎች

ይህ የኩክር ደንብ የሚመለከት መረጃዎች ለማቅረብ ይመለከታል  
የኩክር ደንብ የሚመለከት መረጃዎች ለማቅረብ ይመለከታል  
[www.nirb.ca/project/125628](http://www.nirb.ca/project/125628).

ለማቅረብ:	Igloolik New Power Plant				
የአገልግሎት:	የኩክር ደንብ				
የተሰጠው:	አዲስ ማስታወሻ				
የመሆኑ:	አዲስ ማስታወሻ	የሚመለከት መረጃዎች (ማመልከት)	የሚመለከት መረጃዎች	የሚመለከት መረጃዎች	የሚመለከት መረጃዎች
የሚመለከት መረጃዎች:	የሚመለከት መረጃዎች	የሚመለከት መረጃዎች	የሚመለከት መረጃዎች	የሚመለከት መረጃዎች	የሚመለከት መረጃዎች











## ਕੁਝ ਮਹੱਤਵਪੂਰਨ ਵਿਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਪੰਨੇ:

ਅਤੇ ਜਲਦੀ ਵਿਖੇ ਆਉਣ ਵਾਲੇ ਸਾਡੇ ਮਹੱਤਵਪੂਰਨ ਵਿਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ	ਪੇਸ਼ੀਆਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਯੋਗਦਾਨਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਪੇਸ਼ੀਆਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਗਤੀਵਿਧੀਆਂ ਦੀ ਵਰਤੋਂ।
ਭੌਗੋਲਿਕ ਵਿਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ	ਪੇਸ਼ੀਆਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਯੋਗਦਾਨਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਪੇਸ਼ੀਆਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਗਤੀਵਿਧੀਆਂ ਦੀ ਵਰਤੋਂ।
ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹਾ ਅਤੇ ਕਾਊਂਟੀਨ ਸੁਖਦਾਨ ਸਾਡੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ	ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹਾ ਅਤੇ ਕਾਊਂਟੀਨ ਸੁਖਦਾਨ ਸਾਡੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਆਉਣ ਵਾਲੇ ਸਾਡੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਗਤੀਵਿਧੀਆਂ ਦੀ ਵਰਤੋਂ।
ਸੁਖਦਾਨ ਸਾਡੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ	ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹਾ ਅਤੇ ਕਾਊਂਟੀਨ ਸੁਖਦਾਨ ਸਾਡੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਆਉਣ ਵਾਲੇ ਸਾਡੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਗਤੀਵਿਧੀਆਂ ਦੀ ਵਰਤੋਂ।
ਕੁਝ ਮਹੱਤਵਪੂਰਨ ਵਿਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਪੰਨੇ	<p>ਕੁਝ ਮਹੱਤਵਪੂਰਨ ਵਿਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਪੰਨੇ ਹਨ:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <a href="http://laws-lois.justice.gc.ca/eng/acts/M-7.01/">ਲੋਕ ਸਾਮਾਜਿਕ ਸੁਖਦਾਨ ਅਤੇ ਵਿਕਾਸ ਕਾਨੂੰਨ</a> – 7 through 16</li> <li>2. <a href="https://laws-lois.justice.gc.ca/eng/regulations/C.R.C.,_c._1035/index.html">ਲੋਕ ਸਾਮਾਜਿਕ ਸੁਖਦਾਨ ਅਤੇ ਵਿਕਾਸ ਕਾਨੂੰਨ</a> – 17 through 19</li> <li>3. <a href="https://laws-lois.justice.gc.ca/eng/regulations/C.R.C.,_c._1036/index.html">ਲੋਕ ਸਾਮਾਜਿਕ ਸੁਖਦਾਨ ਅਤੇ ਵਿਕਾਸ ਕਾਨੂੰਨ</a> – 20, 21</li> </ol>
ਅਤੇ ਜਲਦੀ ਵਿਖੇ ਆਉਣ ਵਾਲੇ ਸਾਡੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <a href="http://laws-lois.justice.gc.ca/eng/acts/M-7.01/">ਲੋਕ ਸਾਮਾਜਿਕ ਸੁਖਦਾਨ ਅਤੇ ਵਿਕਾਸ ਕਾਨੂੰਨ</a> – 7 through 16</li> <li>2. <a href="https://laws-lois.justice.gc.ca/eng/regulations/C.R.C.,_c._1035/index.html">ਲੋਕ ਸਾਮਾਜਿਕ ਸੁਖਦਾਨ ਅਤੇ ਵਿਕਾਸ ਕਾਨੂੰਨ</a> – 17 through 19</li> <li>3. <a href="https://laws-lois.justice.gc.ca/eng/regulations/C.R.C.,_c._1036/index.html">ਲੋਕ ਸਾਮਾਜਿਕ ਸੁਖਦਾਨ ਅਤੇ ਵਿਕਾਸ ਕਾਨੂੰਨ</a> – 20, 21</li> </ol>

ਅਤੇ ਜਲਦੀ ਵਿਖੇ ਆਉਣ ਵਾਲੇ ਸਾਡੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ	ਪੰਨੇ, ਅਤੇ ਜਲਦੀ ਵਿਖੇ ਆਉਣ ਵਾਲੇ ਸਾਡੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ
ਭੌਗੋਲਿਕ ਵਿਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ	ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹਾ ਅਤੇ ਕਾਊਂਟੀਨ ਸੁਖਦਾਨ ਸਾਡੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਆਉਣ ਵਾਲੇ ਸਾਡੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਗਤੀਵਿਧੀਆਂ ਦੀ ਵਰਤੋਂ।



	ດົກລະນະ ຂອງລັດຖາມ ລົມໄສເຊີ້ມ ແລ້ວ ເພື່ອດັບຍຸດຕະຫຼາດ ດູວັດ ບໍລິສັດ ເພື່ອ ດັບຍຸດຕະຫຼາດ ແລ້ວ ມີຄວາມ ອະນຸຍາວ ມີຄວາມ ອຳນັດໃຫຍ້ ໃຫ້ແລ້ວ ເພື່ອມີຄວາມ ອຳນັດໃຫຍ້ ໃຫ້ແລ້ວ.
ໝໍ່ມັດຕະກຳ	ຮັດງານທີ່ສະເໜີ ເພື່ອຮັດງານທີ່ສະເໜີ ຢັດງານທີ່ສະເໜີ
ເພື່ອຮັດງານທີ່ສະເໜີ	ຮັດງານທີ່ສະເໜີ ເພື່ອຮັດງານທີ່ສະເໜີ ຢັດງານທີ່ສະເໜີ
ເພື່ອຮັດງານທີ່ສະເໜີ	ຮັດງານທີ່ສະເໜີ ເພື່ອຮັດງານທີ່ສະເໜີ ຢັດງານທີ່ສະເໜີ
ໝໍ່ມັດຕະກຳ	ໝໍ່ມັດຕະກຳ

#### ໜຳຕົວສະໜັບປະຊຸມ:

ລົມໄສເຊີ້ມ	ລົມໄສເຊີ້ມ
ເພື່ອຮັດງານທີ່ສະເໜີ	ເພື່ອຮັດງານທີ່ສະເໜີ
ເພື່ອຮັດງານທີ່ສະເໜີ	ເພື່ອຮັດງານທີ່ສະເໜີ
ເພື່ອຮັດງານທີ່ສະເໜີ	ເພື່ອຮັດງານທີ່ສະເໜີ
ໝໍ່ມັດຕະກຳ	ໝໍ່ມັດຕະກຳ
ເພື່ອຮັດງານທີ່ສະເໜີ	ເພື່ອຮັດງານທີ່ສະເໜີ
ເພື່ອຮັດງານທີ່ສະເໜີ	ເພື່ອຮັດງານທີ່ສະເໜີ
ໝໍ່ມັດຕະກຳ	ໝໍ່ມັດຕະກຳ

CL <sup>6</sup> പ്ര <sup>6</sup> സ  ചർച്ചേക്സ് ലൈബ്രറി ഏജന്റ് ഓഫീസ് എൻഡ്/ഡ്രൈവ് ഓഫീസ് ലൈബ്രറി	1. മൂന്നാർത്ഥി അഫീസ് (http://laws-lois.justice.gc.ca/eng/acts/N-28.6/). ലൈബ്രറിയുടെ ലൈബ്രറി ഓഫീസ് എന്നതിൽനിന്ന് അവരുടെ പ്രവർത്തനം ഉള്ളിട്ടുണ്ട്. അതിനുശ്വരമായി ലൈബ്രറിയുടെ പ്രവർത്തനം കാണാം.
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അനുഭവാർത്ഥി ഓഫീസ് ഏജന്റ് ഓഫീസ് എൻഡ്/ഡ്രൈവ് ഓഫീസ് ലൈബ്രറി	അനുഭവാർത്ഥി ഓഫീസ് എന്നതിൽനിന്ന് അവരുടെ പ്രവർത്തനം കാണാം.
ബഹുമാനിക്കപ്പെട്ട ഓഫീസ് ഏജന്റ് ഓഫീസ് എൻഡ്/ഡ്രൈവ് ഓഫീസ് ലൈബ്രറി	ബഹുമാനിക്കപ്പെട്ട ഓഫീസ് എന്നതിൽനിന്ന് അവരുടെ പ്രവർത്തനം കാണാം.
ബഹുമാനിക്കപ്പെട്ട ഓഫീസ് ഏജന്റ് ഓഫീസ് എൻഡ്/ഡ്രൈവ് ഓഫീസ് ലൈബ്രറി	ബഹുമാനിക്കപ്പെട്ട ഓഫീസ് എന്നതിൽനിന്ന് അവരുടെ പ്രവർത്തനം കാണാം.
അനുഭവാർത്ഥി ഓഫീസ് ഏജന്റ് ഓഫീസ് എൻഡ്/ഡ്രൈവ് ഓഫീസ് ലൈബ്രറി	അനുഭവാർത്ഥി ഓഫീസ് എന്നതിൽനിന്ന് അവരുടെ പ്രവർത്തനം കാണാം.
അനുഭവാർത്ഥി ഓഫീസ് ഏജന്റ് ഓഫീസ് എൻഡ്/ഡ്രൈവ് ഓഫീസ് ലൈബ്രറി	അനുഭവാർത്ഥി ഓഫീസ് – 25 and 26
CL <sup>6</sup> പ്ര <sup>6</sup> സ  ചർച്ചേക്സ് ലൈബ്രറി ഏജന്റ് ഓഫീസ് എൻഡ്/ഡ്രൈവ് ഓഫീസ് ലൈബ്രറി	N/A

### ഡ്രൈവ് ഓഫീസ് അനുഭവാർത്ഥി:

അനുഭവാർത്ഥി ഓഫീസ് ഏജന്റ് ഓഫീസ് എൻഡ്/ഡ്രൈവ് ഓഫീസ് ലൈബ്രറി	ഡ്രൈവ് ഓഫീസ് അനുഭവാർത്ഥി
ബഹുമാനിക്കപ്പെട്ട ഓഫീസ് ഏജന്റ് ഓഫീസ് എൻഡ്/ഡ്രൈവ് ഓഫീസ് ലൈബ്രറി	ബഹുമാനിക്കപ്പെട്ട ഓഫീസ് എന്നതിൽനിന്ന് അവരുടെ പ്രവർത്തനം കാണാം. ബഹുമാനിക്കപ്പെട്ട ഓഫീസ് എന്നതിൽനിന്ന് അവരുടെ പ്രവർത്തനം കാണാം. ബഹുമാനിക്കപ്പെട്ട ഓഫീസ് എന്നതിൽനിന്ന് അവരുടെ പ്രവർത്തനം കാണാം.
ബഹുമാനിക്കപ്പെട്ട ഓഫീസ് ഏജന്റ് ഓഫീസ് എൻഡ്/ഡ്രൈവ് ഓഫീസ് ലൈബ്രറി	ബഹുമാനിക്കപ്പെട്ട ഓഫീസ് എന്നതിൽനിന്ന് അവരുടെ പ്രവർത്തനം കാണാം.



4. ዘመኑውን ማስረጃዎችን በስጂነው የሚሆበት ነው ፖለቲካዊ ጥናኩር ሁኔታ እና መሠረት የሚከተሉ ድምር እና የሰው አገልግሎት ይቻላል፡፡
5. ዘመኑውን ማስረጃዎችን በስጂነው የሚሆበት ነው ፖለቲካዊ ጥናኩር ሁኔታ እና መሠረት የሚከተሉ ድምር እና የሰው አገልግሎት ይቻላል፡፡

#### አገልግሎት የሚከተሉ ስም

6. ዘመኑውን ማስረጃዎችን የሚሆበት ነው ፖለቲካዊ ጥናኩር ሁኔታ እና መሠረት የሚከተሉ ድምር እና የሰው አገልግሎት ይቻላል፡፡

#### አገልግሎት የሚከተሉ ስም የሚከተሉ ስም አገልግሎት

7. ዘመኑውን ማስረጃዎችን የሚሆበት ነው ፖለቲካዊ ጥናኩር ሁኔታ እና መሠረት የሚከተሉ ድምር እና የሰው አገልግሎት ይቻላል፡፡

8. ዘመኑውን ማስረጃዎችን የሚሆበት ነው ፖለቲካዊ ጥናኩር ሁኔታ እና መሠረት የሚከተሉ ድምር እና የሰው አገልግሎት ይቻላል፡፡

9. ዘመኑውን ማስረጃዎችን የሚሆበት ነው ፖለቲካዊ ጥናኩር ሁኔታ እና መሠረት የሚከተሉ ድምር እና የሰው አገልግሎት ይቻላል፡፡

10. ዘመኑውን ማስረጃዎችን የሚሆበት ነው ፖለቲካዊ ጥናኩር ሁኔታ እና መሠረት የሚከተሉ ድምር እና የሰው አገልግሎት ይቻላል፡፡

11. ዘመኑውን ማስረጃዎችን የሚሆበት ነው ፖለቲካዊ ጥናኩር ሁኔታ እና መሠረት የሚከተሉ ድምር እና የሰው አገልግሎት ይቻላል፡፡

12. ዘመኑውን ማስረጃዎችን የሚሆበት ነው ፖለቲካዊ ጥናኩር ሁኔታ እና መሠረት የሚከተሉ ድምር እና የሰው አገልግሎት ይቻላል፡፡

13. ዘመኑውን ማስረጃዎችን የሚሆበት ነው ፖለቲካዊ ጥናኩር ሁኔታ እና መሠረት የሚከተሉ ድምር እና የሰው አገልግሎት ይቻላል፡፡



22. የፌዴራል የፌዴራል ማስረጃ አገልግሎት የሚከተሉ ተወካይ እና የፌዴራል የፌዴራል የሚከተሉ ተወካይ ይችላል.

23. የፌዴራል የፌዴራል ማስረጃ አገልግሎት የሚከተሉ ተወካይ እና የፌዴራል የፌዴራል የሚከተሉ ተወካይ ይችላል.

#### የፌዴራል የፌዴራል የሚከተሉ ተወካይ

24. የፌዴራል የፌዴራል ማስረጃ አገልግሎት የሚከተሉ ተወካይ እና የፌዴራል የፌዴራል የሚከተሉ ተወካይ ይችላል.

25. የፌዴራል የፌዴራል ማስረጃ አገልግሎት የሚከተሉ ተወካይ እና የፌዴራል የፌዴራል የሚከተሉ ተወካይ ይችላል.

26. የፌዴራል የፌዴራል ማስረጃ አገልግሎት (50 የፌዴራል የፌዴራል የሚከተሉ ተወካይ ይችላል)

#### የፌዴራል የፌዴራል የሚከተሉ ተወካይ

27. የፌዴራል የፌዴራል ማስረጃ አገልግሎት የሚከተሉ ተወካይ ይችላል.

28. የፌዴራል የፌዴራል ማስረጃ አገልግሎት የሚከተሉ ተወካይ ይችላል.

የፌዴራል የፌዴራል የሚከተሉ ተወካይ ይችላል

የፌዴራል የፌዴራል ማስረጃ አገልግሎት የሚከተሉ ተወካይ ይችላል.

#### የፌዴራል የፌዴራል የሚከተሉ ተወካይ

1. የፌዴራል የፌዴራል ማስረጃ አገልግሎት የሚከተሉ ተወካይ ይችላል.











መልዕክታዊ የጊዜ ስርዓት በኋላ	በብለና እውቅና መሬዳን ጥሩ ማስተካከል በዚህ በርሃን በረከት ሰነድ ስርዓት በኋላ	የመልዕክታዊ የጊዜ ስርዓት በኋላ እውቅና መሬዳን ጥሩ ማስተካከል በዚህ ለማሳደግ (SARA)	ሸፍነዕ዗ር ከሚያስቀር ሲሆን የሚያስፈልግ የሚያስፈልግ የሚያስፈልግ የሚያስፈልግ
ሻኞ የጥናር ስርዓት በኋላ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ 1	ሻኞ የጥናር ስርዓት በኋላ ሰነድ
ሻቦርግ ስርዓት በኋላ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ 1	ሻቦርግ ስርዓት በኋላ ሰነድ
ለፖኑራል			
>አ/የር >ኋልሳለ (Porsild's Bryum)	እውቅና መሬዳን	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ 1	ሙዕራን ስሞኑል
ሙዕራን ስሞኑል			
ታኅሳቂ ሁልጻ ለጊዜ (Transverse Lady Beetle)	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ሙዕራን ስሞኑል
ሙዕራን ስሞኑል			
ጊዜ (ጽሑፍ ውጤ የጊዜ)	ለርካም ስርዓት በኋላ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ 1	ሙዕራን ስሞኑል
ጊዜ (ሰላም ዘመን)	እውቅና መሬዳን	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ሙዕራን ስሞኑል
ጊዜ (ጥናር ምርመራ)	ለርካም ስርዓት በኋላ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ሙዕራን ስሞኑል
ሻቦርግ (ለሆነ የጥናር)	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ 1	ሻቦርግ ስርዓት በኋላ ሰነድ
ለሻቦርግ	ለርካም ስርዓት በኋላ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ 1	ሙዕራን ስሞኑል
ሙዕራን	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ 1	ሻቦርግ ስርዓት በኋላ ሰነድ
ኩል	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ 1	ሙዕራን ስሞኑል
ርቡርግ ስም			
ሻርሱ ስም	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ
ሻርሱ ስም (የሻርሱ ስም)	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ
ሻርሱ ስም (የሻርሱ ስም)	እውቅና መሬዳን	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ 1	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ
ሻርሱ ስም (ከሆነ ስም)	ለርካም ስርዓት በኋላ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ
ሻርሱ ስም (ከሆነ ስም የሻርሱ ስም)	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ
ሻርሱ ስም (ከሆነ ስም ለሆነ ስም)	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ
ልማት በኋላ			
ሻርሱ ስም (ሻርሱ ስም)	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ
ባዕድል (Fourhorn Sculpin) (ርቡርግ ስም)	በብለና ስም ተሸማ መሬዳን	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ 3	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ
ሁለፍ (Lumpfish)	እውቅና መሬዳን	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ
ባለቤት ስም	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ	ልማት በኋላ ሰነድ

ΔԱՀԾՇԽՆԴՐ/ԼՇԿՅ Բ: ՃՈՃԸ ԱԳՈՒԹԾՈՐ ՎԿԼ ԱՐՁԱՆԴՅԵՐ/ԼԾՈՐԸ ԿԵՋՎԼԵՌԵԿԿԸ ՇԳԵՐԸ  
ԼՇԵԿ ՄԱՂՅ ՀՇԵՌՎԵՐԸ ՀԱԿԵՑԵՐԸ



## INTRODUCTION

The Department of Culture and Heritage (CH) routinely reviews land use applications sent to the Nunavut Water Board, Nunavut Impact Review Board and the Indigenous and Northern Affairs Canada. These terms and conditions provide general direction to the permittee/proponent regarding the appropriate actions to be taken to ensure the permittee/proponent carries out its role in the protection of Nunavut's archaeological and palaeontological resources.

## TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- 1) The permittee/proponent shall have a professional archaeologist and/or palaeontologist perform the following **Functions** associated with the **Types of Development** listed below or similar development activities:

	<b>Types of Development</b> (See Guidelines below)	<b>Function</b> (See Guidelines below)
a)	Large scale prospecting	Archaeological/Palaeontological Overview Assessment
b)	Diamond drilling for exploration or geotechnical purpose or planning of linear disturbances	Archaeological/Palaeontological Overview Assessment and/or Inventory and Documentation and/or Mitigation
c)	Construction of linear disturbances, Extractive disturbances, Impounding disturbances and other land disturbance activities	Archaeological/Palaeontological Overview Assessment and/or Inventory and Documentation and/or Mitigation

Note that the above-mentioned functions require either a Nunavut Archaeologist Permit or a Nunavut Palaeontologist Permit. CH is authorized by way of the *Nunavut and Archaeological and Palaeontological Site Regulations*<sup>4</sup> to issue such permits.

- 2) The permittee/proponent shall not operate any vehicle over a known or suspected archaeological or palaeontological site.
- 3) The permittee/proponent shall not remove, disturb, or displace any archaeological artifact or site, or any fossil or palaeontological site.
- 4) The permittee/proponent shall immediately contact CH at (867) 934-2046 or (867) 975-5500 should an archaeological site or specimen, or a palaeontological site or fossil, be encountered or disturbed by any land use activity.
- 5) The permittee/proponent shall immediately cease any activity that disturbs an archaeological or palaeontological site encountered during the course of a land use operation until permitted to proceed with the authorization of CH.
- 6) The permittee/proponent shall follow the direction of CH in restoring disturbed archaeological or palaeontological sites to an acceptable condition. If these conditions are attached to either a Class A or B Permit under the Territorial Lands Act Indigenous and Northern Affairs Canada directions will also be followed.
- 7) The permittee/proponent shall provide all information requested by CH concerning all archaeological sites or artifacts and all palaeontological sites and fossils encountered in the course of any land use activity.
- 8) The permittee/proponent shall make best efforts to ensure that all persons working under its authority are aware of these conditions concerning archaeological sites and artifacts and palaeontological sites and fossils.
- 9) If a list of recorded archaeological and/or palaeontological sites is provided to the permittee/proponent by CH as part of the review of the land use application the permittee/proponent shall avoid the archaeological and/or palaeontological sites listed.
- 10) Should a list of recorded sites be provided to the permittee/proponent, the information is provided solely for the purpose of the proponent's land use activities as described in the land use application, and must otherwise be treated confidentially by the proponent.

## Legal Framework

As stated in Article 33 of the *Agreement between the Inuit of the Nunavut Settlement Area and Her Majesty the Queen in right of Canada (Nunavut Agreement)*:

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<sup>4</sup> P.C. 2001-1111 14 June, 2001

*Where an application is made for a land use permit in the Nunavut Settlement Area, and there are reasonable grounds to believe that there could be sites of archaeological importance on the lands affected, no land use permit shall be issued without written consent of the Designated Agency. Such consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.* [33.5.12]

*Each land use permit referred to in Section 33.5.12 shall specify the plans and methods of archeological site protection and restoration to be followed by the permit holder, and any other conditions the Designated Agency may deem fit.* [33.5.13]

### **Palaeontology and Archaeology**

Under the *Nunavut Act*<sup>5</sup>, the federal government can make regulations for the protection, care and preservation of palaeontological and archaeological sites and specimens in Nunavut. Under the *Nunavut Archaeological and Palaeontological Sites Regulations*,<sup>6</sup> it is illegal to alter or disturb any palaeontological or archaeological site in Nunavut unless permission is first granted through the permitting process.

### **Definitions**

As defined in the *Nunavut Archaeological and Palaeontological Sites Regulations*, the following definitions apply:

*“archaeological site” means a place where an archaeological artifact is found.*

*“archaeological artifact” means any tangible evidence of human activity that is more than 50 years old and in respect of which an unbroken chain of possession or regular pattern of usage cannot be demonstrated, and includes a Denesuline archaeological specimen referred to in section 40.4.9 of the Agreement between the Inuit of the Nunavut Settlement Area and Her Majesty the Queen in right of Canada (Nunavut Agreement).*

*“palaeontological site” means a site where a fossil is found.*

*“fossil” includes:*

*Fossil means the hardened or preserved remains or impression of previously living organisms or vegetation and includes:*

- (a) natural casts;*
- (b) preserved tracks, coprolites and plant remains; and*
- (c) the preserved shells and exoskeletons of invertebrates and the preserved eggs, teeth and bones of vertebrates.*

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<sup>5</sup> s. 51(1)

<sup>6</sup> P.C. 2001-1111 14 June, 2001

## *Guidelines for Developers for the Protection of Archaeological Resources in the Nunavut Territory*

(Note: Partial document only, complete document at:  
[www.ch.gov.nu.ca/en/Archaeology.aspx](http://www.ch.gov.nu.ca/en/Archaeology.aspx))

### **Introduction**

The following guidelines have been formulated to ensure that the impacts of proposed developments upon heritage resources are assessed and mitigated before ground surface altering activities occur. Heritage resources are defined as, but not limited to, archaeological and historical sites, burial grounds, palaeontological sites, historic buildings and cairns. Effective collaboration between the developer, the Department of Culture, and Heritage (CH), and the contract archaeologist(s) will ensure proper preservation of heritage resources in the Nunavut Territory. The roles of each are briefly described.

CH is the Nunavut Government agency which oversees the protection and management of heritage resources in Nunavut, in partnership with land claim authorities, regulatory agencies, and the federal government. Its role in mitigating impacts of developments on heritage resources is as follows: to identify the need for an impact assessment and make recommendations to the appropriate regulatory agency; set the terms of reference for the study depending upon the scope of the development; suggest the names of qualified individuals prepared to undertake the study to the developer; issue an archaeologist or palaeontologist permit authorizing field work; assess the completeness of the study and its recommendations; and ensure that the developer complies with the recommendations.

The primary regulatory agencies that CH provides information and assistance to are the Nunavut Impact Review Board, for development activities proposed for Inuit Owned Lands (as defined in Section 1.1.1 of the *Agreement between the Inuit of the Nunavut Settlement Area and Her Majesty the Queen in right of Canada (Nunavut Agreement)*), and the Indigenous and Northern Affairs Canada, for development activities proposed for federal Crown Lands.

A developer is the initiator of a land use activity. It is the obligation of the developer to ensure that a qualified archaeologist or palaeontologist is hired to perform the required study and that provisions of the contract with the archaeologist or palaeontologist allow permit requirements to be met; i.e. fieldwork, collections management, artifact and specimen conservation, and report preparation. On the recommendation of the contract archaeologist or palaeontologist in the field and the Government of Nunavut, the developer shall implement avoidance or mitigative measures to protect heritage resources or to salvage the information they contain through excavation, analysis, and report writing. The developer assumes all costs associated with the study in its entirety.

Through his or her active participation and supervision of the study, the contract

archaeologist or palaeontologist is accountable for the quality of work undertaken and the quality of the report produced. Facilities to conduct fieldwork, analysis, and report preparation should be available to this individual through institutional, agency, or company affiliations. Responsibility for the curation of objects recovered during field work while under study and for documents generated in the course of the study as well as remittance of artifacts, specimens and documents to the repository specified on the permit accrue to the contract archaeologist or palaeontologist. This individual is also bound by the legal requirements of the *Nunavut Archaeological and Palaeontological Sites Regulations*.

### Types of Development

In general, those developments that cause concern for the safety of heritage resources will include one or more of the following kinds of surface disturbances. These categories, in combination, are comprehensive of the major kinds of developments commonly proposed in Nunavut. For any single development proposal, several kinds of these disturbances may be involved

- *Linear disturbances: including the construction of highways, roads, winter roads, transmission lines, and pipelines;*
- *Extractive disturbances: including mining, gravel removal, quarrying, and land filling;*
- *Impoundment disturbances: including dams, reservoirs, and tailings ponds;*
- *Intensive land use disturbances: including industrial, residential, commercial, recreational, and land reclamation work, and use of heritage resources as tourist developments.*
- *Mineral, oil and gas exploration: establishment of camps, temporary airstrips, access routes, well sites, or quarries all have potential for impacting heritage resources.*

### Types of Studies Undertaken to Preserve Heritage Resources

**Overview:** An overview study of heritage resources should be conducted at the same time as the development project is being designed or its feasibility addressed. They usually lack specificity with regard to the exact location(s) and form(s) of impact and involve limited, if any, field surveys. Their main aim is to accumulate, evaluate, and synthesize the existing knowledge of the heritage of the known area of impact. The overview study provides managers with baseline data from which recommendations for future research and forecasts of potential impacts can be made. A Class I Permit is required for this type of study if field surveys are undertaken.

**Reconnaissance:** This is done to provide a judgmental appraisal of a region sufficient to provide the developer, the consultant, and government managers with recommendations

for further development planning. This study may be implemented as a preliminary step to inventory and assessment investigations except in cases where a reconnaissance may indicate a very low or negligible heritage resource potential. Alternately, in the case of small-scale or linear developments, an inventory study may be recommended and obviate the need for a reconnaissance.

The main goal of a reconnaissance study is to provide baseline data for the verification of the presence of potential heritage resources, the determination of impacts to these resources, the generation of terms of reference for further studies and, if required, the advancement of preliminary mitigative and compensatory plans. The results of reconnaissance studies are primarily useful for the selection of alternatives and secondarily as a means of identifying impacts that must be mitigated after the final siting and design of the development project. Depending on the scope of the study, a Class 1 or Class 2 Permit is required for this type of investigation.

**Inventory:** A resource inventory is generally conducted at that stage in a project's development at which the geographical area(s) likely to sustain direct, indirect, and perceived impacts can be well defined. This requires systematic and intensive fieldwork to ascertain the effects of all possible and alternate construction components on heritage resources. All heritage sites must be recorded on Government of Nunavut Site Survey forms. Sufficient information must be amassed from field, library and archival components of the study to generate a predictive model of the heritage resource base that will:

- allow the identification of research and conservation opportunities;
- enable the developer to make planning decisions and recognize their likely effects on the known or predicted resources; and
- make the developer aware of the expenditures, which may be required for subsequent studies and mitigation. A Class 1 or 2 permit is required.

**Assessment:** At this stage, sufficient information concerning the numbers and locations of heritage resources will be available, as well as data to predict the forms and magnitude of impacts. Assessments provide information on the size, volume, complexity and content of a heritage resource, which is used to rank the values of different sites or site types given current archaeological knowledge. As this information will shape subsequent mitigation program(s), great care is necessary during this phase.

**Mitigation:** This refers to the amelioration of adverse impacts to heritage resources and involves the avoidance of impact through the redesign or relocation of a development or its components; the protection of the resource by constructing physical facilities; or, the scientific investigation and recovery of information from the resource by excavation or other method. The type(s) of appropriate mitigative measures are dictated by their viability in the context of the development project. Mitigation strategies must be developed

in consultation with, and approved by, the Department of Culture and Heritage. It is important to note that mitigation activities should be initiated as far in advance of the construction of the development as possible.

**Surveillance and monitoring:** These may be required as part of the mitigation program.

*Surveillance* may be conducted during the construction phase of a project to ensure that the developer has complied with the recommendations.

*Monitoring* involves identification and inspection of residual and long-term impacts of a development (i.e. shoreline stability of a reservoir); or the use of impacts to disclose the presence of heritage resources, for example, the uncovering of buried sites during the construction of a pipeline.