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CANADIAN WILDLIFE SERVICE – NORTHERN REGION

APPLICATION FOR A NATIONAL WILDLIFE AREA PERMIT OR A MIGRATORY BIRD SANCTUARY PERMIT

Personal information collected as part of the permitting process is protected under the Privacy Act.

IMPORTANT: Please consult the document "Instruction Sheet: Applying for a National Wildlife Area Permit or Migratory Bird Sanctuary Permit in Nunavut, Northwest Territories, or Yukon" when filling out this application. Incomplete, illegible, or unsigned application forms will be returned and will result in a delay in the review of a permit application. If a section is not applicable, please write or select N/A. Attach additional pages if necessary.

PART 1: APPLICANT INFORMATION			
SECTION 1.1: Permit Request Information			
1.1.1 Type of request			
☐ Continuing project/activity for while	<u>ich a permit has e</u>	<u>xpired</u>	
Expired NWA and/or MBS Permit nur	nber(s):		
☐ Amendment to an existing permit			
Existing NWA and/or MBS Permit nur			
☐ Extension (contact CWS office price		olication)	
Existing NWA and/or MBS Permit nur	nber(s):		
1.1.2 Type of permit	1.1.3 Territory		1.1.4 Period of Permit Requested
□ National Wildlife Area Permit	☐ Northwest Te	erritories	□ 1 year
	Nunavut		☐ 2 year
	☐ Yukon		☐ 3 year
			□ N/A (amendment)
SECTION 1.2: Applicant contact infor	mation		
Applicant surname:		Applicant	given name:
Chevallier	Chevallier Clément		
Position/title:			
Acting Protected Areas Head Northern Region (Eastern)			
Name of the organization that the applicant is from :			
ECCC - CWS			
Authorized secondary contact:			
Charlie Nakashuk, Jessica Kassar			
Mailing address of applicant			
Street or P.O. Box:			
301-933 Mivvik Street			



City:	Province/Territory, Country:	Postal Code:
Iqaluit	NU	X0A 0H0
Telephone:	Email:	Fax:
867-975-2933	clement.chevallier@ec.gc.ca	
Mailing address of organization (if different from above)		
Street or P.O. Box:		
City:	Province/Territory, Country:	Postal Code:

PART 2: PROJECT SCOPE AND DESCRIPTION

SECTION 2.1: Project Information

2.1.1 Project title

Northern Fulmar Colony Surveys and NWA Management

2.1.2 Project duration (anticipated)

Start (yyyy/mm/dd): End (yyyy/mm/dd): 2024/07/01 2024/08/31

2.1.3 Project description

Surveying: The northern fulmar is a ubiquitous seabird found throughout the eastern Canadian Arctic. Evidence suggests that colonies along eastern Baffin Island have declined in size by 75% over 4 decades. We need to assess whether the same trends are happening with colonies in the high Arctic. We will survey two northern Fulmar colonies in Hobhouse Inlet and Cape Vera by helicopter and drone.

Management and monitoring: To better manage the Nanuit Itillinga National Wildlife Area, we would like to install remote cameras and automatic recording unit to monitor the biodiversity present in the area and more precisely estimate the specific area used by the caribou herd when crossing the pass. Additionally, Naujavaat (Seymour Island) Migratory Bird Sanctuary has been created to protect one of the largest known colonies of Ivory Gull. Nevertheless, no recent record of presence exists on the island. We would like to install remote cameras and automatic recording units in Naujavaat to improve our capacity to detect the presence of nesting Ivory Gull on the island.

We will have a base in Resolute Bay and travel to each location on day trips. The whole project should not take more than 6-7 days but it will depend on weather.

2.1.4 Methods

1) Northern Fulmar Colonies – Two one day trip by helicopter. As in 2022 and 2023, we will fly to a colony, and follow alongside of the cliffs via helicopter moving a speed of -30Km/h with a horizontal distance of 250 m at a height just below the top of each cliff. The passengers will take overlapping photographs using digital cameras that will be stitched together afterwards, and the birds will be counted using imagery software. Depending on weather conditions, the helicopter will make up to 2-4 passes to ensure we have a full data set. Additional passes will be made to video the entire cliff using a high-resolution video camera. This method will be assessed afterwards to determine suitability and whether it is a suitable option. The drone will be operated from multiple locations on the ground.

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Imagery will then be assessed to determine whether it is a suitable replacement or supplement to the photo survey which may have limitations in areas of dark shadows such as the ravines where the birds are often also nesting.

2) Protected areas management activities – Two one day trip by helicopter To better manage the Nanuit Itillinga National Wildlife Area, we would like to install remote cameras and automatic recording unit to monitor the biodiversity present in the area and more precisely estimate the abundance of caribou and the specific area used by the herd when crossing the pass. Installed in a line with motion detection and time-lapse setting picture will help collect important data for the protected area management plan. The automatic recording unit will also help investigate insects' abundance, anthropogenic disturbance, as well as bird song. We would install 4 to 6 camera/ARUs along the north side of the valley by helicopter. It should take 30 minutes per stop to install them. Finally, eDNA (water samples) will be collected to study species richness of the area. Naujavaat (Seymour Island) Migratory Bird Sanctuary has been created to protect one of the largest know colony of the rare and elusive Ivory Gull. Nevertheless, no recent record of presence of sign of reproduction of the island exist. We would like to install remote cameras and automatic recording unit to improve our capacity to detect the presence of nesting Ivory Gull on the island. Cameras combined to the recording unit will allow us to identify species use of the area. Finally, eDNA (water samples) will be collected to study species richness of the area.

We expect all work to be completed in 4-6 days depending on weather. If the colony surveys are successful and the data is adequate, we do not anticipate returning to these sites for another 5 years.

2.1.5 Activities within the protected area related to project proposal:			
 Scientific research □ Tourism, non-commercial □ Tourism, commercial ☑ Use of boats ☑ Use of aircraft □ Use of off-road vehicles □ Specimen collection □ Agricultural activities 	 □ Ground surveys ☑ Aerial surveys □ Winter road □ Commercial harvest □ Cruise ship □ Drilling activities ☑ Research equipment installation 	 ☐ Storage of fuel ☐ Camp construction ☑ Use of firearms ☐ Use of explosives ☐ Seismic exploration ☐ Mining activities ☐ Other (please specify): 	
2.1.6 Are you applying to take, kill, capture or disturb migratory birds, their parts, nests or eggs? ☑ No ☐ Yes			
If yes, you also have to complete and submit an <i>Application for a Migratory Bird Scientific Permit</i> . Refer to the Instruction Sheet for further information.			
SECTION 2.2: Project Location and Duration			
2.2.1 Protected areas visited			
Protected Area Name	Geographic Coordinates	Proposed Visitation Dates (start date – end date)	
Cape Vera	76 15'N 89 45'W	July 1, 2024 to August 31, 2024	
Hobhouse Inlet	74 28'N 86 50'W	July 1, 2024 to August 31, 2024	
Nanuit Itillinga NWA	75 44'N, 98 39'W	July 1, 2024 to August 31, 2024	
Naujavaat (Seymour Island) MBS	76 49'N, 101 16'W	July 1, 2024 to August 31, 2024	

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2.2.2. Status of land ☐ Federal Crown ☐ Territorial Crown ☐ Inuit Owned Lands ☐ Other Indigenous Private Lands			
RIA/Indigenous Organization authorization attached? ☐ No ☐ Yes ☒ N/A If required but not attached, please provide an explanation.			
SECTION 2.3: Operational and En	vironmental Considerations		
2.3.1 Environmental impacts and mitigation measures Environmental impacts of this project should be minimal. We plan to complete surveys of the colonies in 5-6 days, weather permitting, by helicopter from Resolute. Fuel caches will be located outside of protected areas. The survey will be carried out by two to three persons, who will arrive in Resolute by aircraft, fly to the colonies by helicopter, conduct surveys (less than 2 hours per colony), and then return to Resolute. Weather permitting drone use. Visiting Nanuit Itillinga from Resolute should have minimal impact on wildlife as it will likely be a day trip to install cameras and ARUs. 2.3.2 Will you be storing fuel in the NWA or MBS? No ⋈ Yes Details on fuel storage:			
There will be a fuel cache at the N	Ianuit Itillinga cabin of 4 jet fuel dru	ıms (205L each) and another fuel	
cacheof the same quantity at Cap	e Vera.		
2.3.3 List of equipment to be use	d		
Equipment	Size/Amount	Proposed Use	
Twin Otter	1	Set up fuel caches at cape vera and nanuit itillinga	
Helicopter (Bell 206L or similar)	1	Aerial surveys of North Fulmar colonies	
DJI Mavic Drones	2	Opportunistic aerial surveys of NOFU	
2.3.4 Waste Disposal			
Type of Waste	Approximate amount produced	Proposed Disposal Method	

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Lisa Pirie

NA			
2.3.5 Do you plan to carry fir	earms?	<u></u>	
□ No ⊠ Yes			
Explanation:			
If travelling on foot, staff will	carry a shotgun for protection	n from pola	ar bears.
SECTION 2.4: Potential Adve	rse Effects on Wildlife		
2.4.1 Species at risk			
•	ay be necountered but we do	not expect	to adversely impact them in any
Way.	eymour Island (Naujavaat) but	they will n	not he handled
TVOLY guils may be seen on se	cymodi isiana (waajavaat) bat	they will h	iot be nandied.
2.4.2 Disturbance and/or po	tential adverse effects on wile	dlife	
There may be some disturba	nce by the helicopter or drone	however	it will be very short-term.
2.4.3 Mitigation measures a	nd risk management		
During colony surveys, we will maintain distances that have been demonstrated to minimize			
disturbance while still allowing accurate counts to be obtained. The flight path will be planned to			
minimize the amount of time spent in the protected areas while enabling a complete survey of the			
	will be completed by helicopt		• • •
			re that no bears, caribou, etc are
= -			
in the immediate vicinty and the helicopter will land away from nesting areas, to the extent that is feasible. Drone surveys will be weather dependent and conducted at distances that will minimize			
wildlife disturbance.			
2.4.4 Management a sysid one	الدانين ويرومومول طغنين ويوغون	:fo	
2.4.4 Measures to avoid encounters with dangerous wildlife We do not anticipate any encounters with dangerous wildlife, as surveys will be conducted from a			
helicopter. If landing is required for some reason, we will first assess the area to for the presence of			
dangerous wildlife, and crew will have a marine magnum shotgun.			
SECTION 2.5: Nominees	o application to be included a	norm:	aminos (individuals wha will
List individuals covered by the application to be included as permit nominees (individuals who will carry out the activities authorized under the permit).			
Name	Organization		Position/Title
Charlie Nakashuk	ECCC-CWS		-

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ECCC-CWS

Clement Chevallier	ECCC-CWS	
Jessica Kassar	ECCC-CWS	
Twin otter pilot	TBD	
Helicopter pilot	TBD	

PART 3: CONSULTATION AND COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT
Representative name:
Name of group represented:
Address:
Phone/Fax:
How contacted, and date:
Response received? ☐ Yes ☐ No (If yes, attach response letter or email)
Participating? ☐ Yes ☐ No
If yes, how?
List relevant attachments (please include all mailed out consultation packages and responses):
Representative name:
Name of group represented:
Address:
Phone/Fax:
How contacted, and date:
Response received? ☐ Yes ☐ No (If yes, attach response letter or email)
Participating? ☐ Yes ☐ No
If yes, how?
List relevant attachments (please include all mailed out consultation packages and responses):

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Representative name:
Name of group represented:
Address:
Phone/Fax:
How contacted, and date:
Response received? ☐ Yes ☐ No (If yes, attach response letter or email)
Participating? ☐ Yes ☐ No
If yes, how?
List relevant attachments (please include all mailed out consultation packages and responses):
Representative name:
Name of group represented:
Address:
Phone/Fax:
How contacted, and date:
Response received? ☐ Yes ☐ No (If yes, attach response letter or email)
Participating? ☐ Yes ☐ No
If yes, how?
List relevant attachments (please include all mailed out consultation packages and responses):

IMPORTATION NOTE

Incomplete applications will not be considered. Attach with the duly completed form any documents deemed relevant to the application (screening decision reports from territorial review boards, site maps, photographs, copy of other relevant permits issued by another authority, consultation records and materials, detailed description of the project methods, etc.).

Environment and Climate Change Canada may request additional information or seek clarification before issuing or denying a permit.

PART 4: ATTESTATION AND SIGNATURE

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I, (print name) attest that I have the ability and knowl activities and certify that:	edge to conduct the permitted	
 I am 18 years of age or older; 		
 all information submitted in this application is accurate a of my knowledge; 	and has been completed to the best	
 I may not commence any activities that are the subject n valid permit is in my possession; 	natter of this application before a	
• I, and the nominees, have the ability and knowledge to safely conduct the permitted activities and agree to abide by the terms and conditions of the permit; and		
 I understand that, in order to legally conduct the activities authorized by my permit, I may need to obtain in advance additional federal, provincial, territorial, municipal, or Indigenous permits or authorizations. 		
SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT:	_ DATE:	
	(yyyy/mm/dd)	

Submit complete application form to:

Canadian Wildlife Service - Northern Region

Email: <u>CWSPermitNorth-PermisNordSCF@ec.gc.ca</u>

Fax 1-867-975-4645

Mailing Address : Canadian Wildlife Service P.O. Box 1870 Iqaluit, NU XOA 0H0

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